

Vocabulary

A Write the missing word.

- 1 I don't wear a **u** _____ at my new school.
- 2 Bad weather makes me feel **d** _____.
- 3 The **r** _____ control requires two AA batteries.
- 4 Can you help me to put up the **d** _____ for the party, Jim?
- 5 Are you okay, Dave? You look like you've seen a **g** _____!
- 6 Can you get me some cough sweets, please? I've got a **s** _____ **t** _____.
- 7 Take your umbrella! There's going to be **h** _____ rain.
- 8 I don't have a **c** _____ **c** _____. I prefer to pay cash in.
- 9 Where is the **f** _____ room, please? I'd like to try this on.
- 10 It was very **f** _____ last night. I couldn't see the road.
- 11 What a **p** _____! The plot was really exiting and the dancers were great!
- 12 We should all **r** _____ our rubbish to help protect the Earth.
- 13 Let's **h** _____ a car and drive there ourselves.
- 14 Cornflakes were **i** _____ by William Kellogg.
- 15 It rained all week and **f** _____ the town.

(Marks: —)
15x1 15

B Circle the correct item.

- 1 Greg's new house has lovely bay **fences/windows**.
- 2 Eating a **fatty/balanced** diet is the best way to lose weight.
- 3 The volcano **erupted/spread** and sent ash flying into the air.
- 4 Put your coat and hat on. It's **boiling/freezing** today!
- 5 Can you please go to the **butcher's/baker's** and get me some bread?
- 6 Cats have got four paws, **wings/whiskers** and a tail.
- 7 At my house, everyone **makes/does** their own bed.
- 8 Can you **lend/borrow** me a pound please, Jenny? I haven't got any change.
- 9 I'm going to switch the computer off now. Did you **save/lose** your work?
- 10 Tom tripped over the cat and **grazed/twisted** his ankle.

(Marks: —)
10x1 10

Grammar

C Circle the correct item.

- 1 Anna isn't here. She the dog.
A 's walking B walks C walk
- 2 London is the expensive city I have ever been to.
A most B more C much
- 3 You worry about watering the plants. I'll water them tomorrow.
A mustn't B needn't C don't
- 4 He told me that he something strange.
A is seeing B saw C sees
- 5 Can you get some milk on your way home? We haven't got left.
A a little B much C some
- 6 We on a picnic last weekend. It was great!
A are going B went C have been
- 7 You will call me when you arrive,?
A will you B don't you C won't you
- 8 There are biscuits in the cupboard, Sandy. Have one if you are hungry!
A a little B many C a few
- 9 If you a painkiller, your headache will go away.
A are taking B will take C take
- 10 Tom! I haven't seen you ages!
A from B since C for
- 11 You talk in the library. People are trying to work.
A mustn't B don't have to C needn't
- 12 I can't wait you, Angie. I've got so much to tell you!
A to see B seeing C see
- 13 I like coffee, but now I do.
A didn't use to B used to C don't use to
- 14 That's the famous actor sister I met.
A who B whose C which
- 15 Sarah's to the bakery. I think she'll be back in a few minutes.
A been B gone C going

(Marks: —
15x1 15)

D Put the verbs in brackets into the correct tense.

- 1 Mum (go) shopping every Saturday morning.
- 2 I (visit) my grandparents in London this weekend. Would you like to come?
- 3 (find) your wallet yet, Sam? You lost it, didn't you?
- 4 It (snow) this morning when I left the house.
- 5 Matt (not play) football yesterday. He had a splitting headache.
- 6 I went back home again because I remembered I (not lock) the door.

Everyday English

E Complete the exchanges.

- | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| a Could I have something | d Would you like me to |
| b You really have to go | e Why don't you |
| c Can you please | |

- 1 A: buy a cat?
B: No way! I don't have enough time to take care of a pet.
- 2 A: for sunburn please?
B: Yes, try some of this cream.
- 3 A: help me to iron the clothes?
B: I'm afraid not. I'm helping Grandma to do her shopping this morning.
- 4 A: What did you think of the opera last night?
B: I loved it!
- 5 A: help you put up the decorations for the party?
B: Yes, please.

(Marks: —
5x3 15)

Reading

G Read the text and mark the sentences right (R), wrong (W) or doesn't say (DS).

ALL YOU EVER WANTED TO KNOW ABOUT ...

MOUNTAIN RESCUE SEARCH DOGS IN THE UK

How did it all begin?
SARDA (the Search and Rescue Dog Association) was founded about 40 years ago by the leader of a mountain rescue team.

What does SARDA use search dogs for?
Today, SARDA uses dogs to look for lost walkers and climbers, for missing children and for victims of disasters and crime. They manage to find 50-100 people every year. It's amazing!

Why do rescue teams use dogs for searches?
A dog's sense of smell can be a million times better than a human's! They know exactly where a smell is coming from, how old it is and many other things. Dogs can also work in the dark and in bad weather. One search dog is the same as about twenty human searchers!

What kind of dog makes a good search dog?
Good search dogs come in many shapes and sizes but they have to be intelligent, brave and strong. They also have to have very friendly personalities!

What about training?
It takes about 2 years to train a SARDA search dog. Their handlers have to develop a very close relationship with their dog and take training classes in first aid, helicopter safety and many other things.

- 0 SARDA is 40 years old. *R*
- 1 Search dogs don't find many people.
- 2 The dogs can work in difficult conditions.
- 3 Search dogs find more lost people than humans do.
- 4 All dogs make good search dogs.
- 5 Search dogs live with their handlers.

(Marks:
5x2 10)