

REVIEW UNIT 2

1. Who are they?

(Write name and number. Example: **Carlota I**)



Together they are known as the _____

2. Complete the text. There are 2 words you don't need to use.

Reconquista- 1429 – kingdoms - 1492 – married – Spain –
Granada – Guadalete

In 1469 Isabel and Fernando _____ and they unified their
_____. After this we can start calling the kingdom
_____. In _____, they conquered _____. This is the end
of the _____.

3. Answer to these questions.

a) How many journeys did Columbus make to America?

b) He wanted to explore a new alternative by going (one word)

c) He thought he arrived to (One word starting with A)

d) Where he was really at was (one word)

4. Read the sentences and write **Carlos I** or **Felipe II**

- a) He was the son of a King of Spain. _____
- b) He ruled most of Europe. _____
- c) He was the grandson of Isabel I and Fernando II. _____
- d) He was called Carlos V in other countries. _____
- e) He conquered Portugal and ruled at the height of the Spanish Empire. _____

5. Complete the text with these words.

<u>Columbus</u>	<u>Magallanes y Elcano</u>	<u>Hernán Cortés</u>	<u>Francisco Pizarro</u>
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Everybody knows that _____ were the first ones to sail around the world. There are many other explorers who wanted to discover new lands. _____ arrived at Central America and conquered the Aztec Empire. On the contrary, _____ arrived at South America and conquered the Inca Empire. All this could be done thanks to _____ arrival in 1492, which was essential to know that that land wasn't India but America.