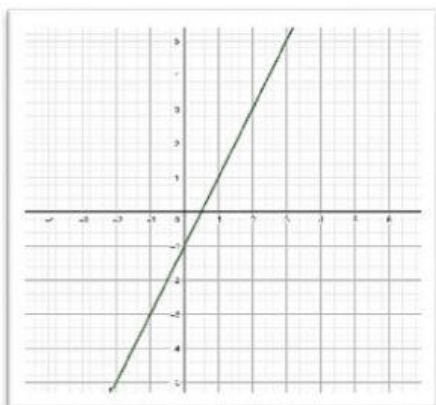


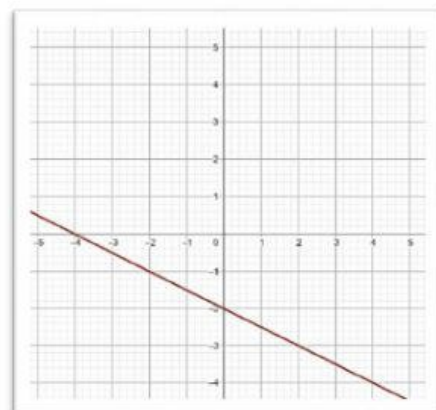
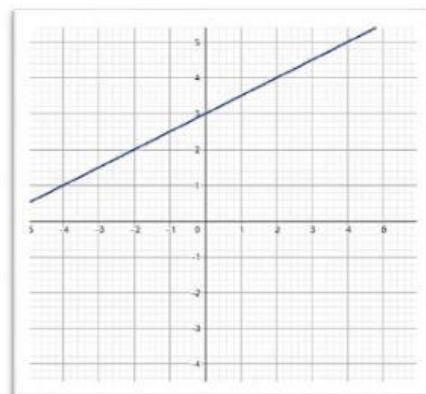
FUNCIÓN LINEAL. INTRODUCCIÓN

1- Unir con flechas el gráfico con su correspondiente función lineal.



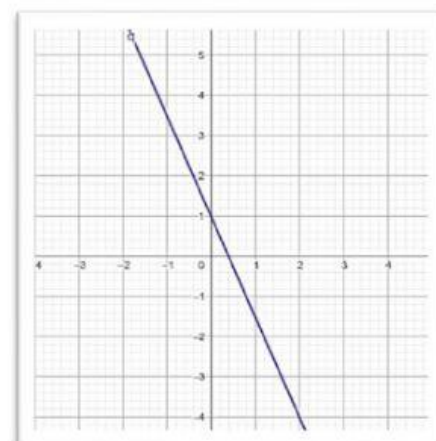
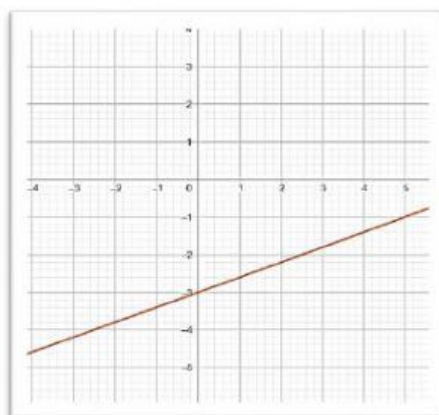
$$q(x) = -\frac{5}{2}x + 1$$

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{2}x + 3$$



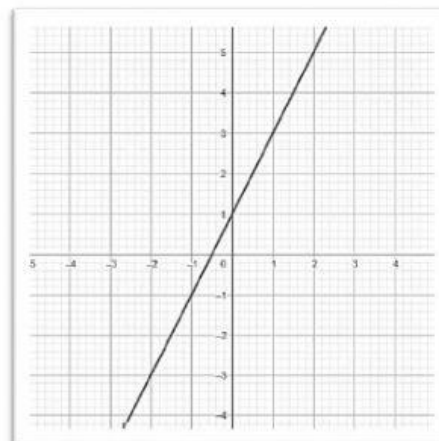
$$r(x) = 2x + 1$$

$$f(x) = 2x - 1$$



$$h(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x - 2$$

$$p(x) = \frac{2}{5}x - 3$$



2- Determina que tabla de valores le corresponde a cada función asignando: $f(x)$, $g(x)$, $h(x)$, $p(x)$, $q(x)$, $h(x)$.

x	$f(x)$
-2	-3
-1	-1
0	1
1	3
2	5
3	7

x	$f(x)$
-2	-5
-1	-3
0	-1
1	1
2	3
3	5

x	$f(x)$
-2	6
-1	3,5
0	1
1	-1,5
2	-4
3	-6,5

x	$f(x)$
-2	-1
-1	-1,5
0	-2
1	-2,5
2	-3
3	-3,5

x	$f(x)$
-2	-3,8
-1	-3,4
0	-3
1	-2,6
2	-2,2
3	-1,8

x	$f(x)$
-2	2
-1	2,5
0	3
1	3,5
2	4
3	4,5