

Họ, tên thí sinh:

Số báo danh:

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Câu 1: A. passed B. wished C. touched D. moved
Câu 2: A. search B. heart C. earth D. heard

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word which differs from the other three in the position of the main stress in each of the following questions.

Câu 3: A. complete B. access C. supply D. confirm
Câu 4: A. confidence B. computer C. document D. maximum

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Câu 5: He is a highly intelligent person, _____?
A. wasn't he B. isn't he C. has he D. was he

Câu 6: My mother bought a _____ lunch box for me yesterday.
A. blue new plastic B. new plastic blue C. new blue plastic D. blue new plastic

Câu 7: This expensive car _____ me lots of trouble ever since I got it.
A. has been given B. gave C. has given D. gives

Câu 8: _____ nutritious your breakfast is, the healthier you feel during the day.
A. Most of B. More C. Most D. The more

Câu 9: _____ poverty and faced problems in pursuing her career, Marry finally realized the importance of perseverance and bravery.
A. Have experienced B. Having experienced
C. To experience D. Having been experienced

Câu 10: The conventional dessert was topped _____ whipped cream and pieces of fruit.
A. by B. on C. for D. with

Câu 11: _____ young, she has become a success as a businesswoman.
A. Despite B. Due to C. Although D. Because

Câu 12: You must have a guarantor in order to get _____ visa to enter the country.
A. the B. an C. no article D. a

Câu 13: Before _____, we had gone home.
A. raining B. having rained C. rained D. it rained

Câu 14: According to a new research, The Air Force is the number one ranked _____ in this area.

A. employer B. employee C. employment D. employ

Câu 15: Marry was born in Korea but _____ in Los Angeles and quickly became Americanized.

A. grew up B. brought up C. turned up D. came up

Câu 16: Government has already _____ all reasonable precautions to limit the spread of coronavirus.

A. taken B. done C. made D. carried

Câu 17: I have to gather her information to make an important decision, so I need a copy of her CV on the _____.

A. level B. blink C. edge D. double

Câu 18: My vegetarian diet seems to be _____ because I've lost five pounds since I started this diet.

A. operating B. working C. performing D. driving

Câu 19: Ho Chi Minh president raised six urgent issues that government needed to solve immediately to ease the food _____ in 1945.

A. lack B. deficiencies C. inadequacies D. shortages

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Câu 20: Laura would like to be financially secure by age 50, so she is working hard to earn a lot of money.

A. safe B. stable C. confident D. protected

Câu 21: He didn't realize his ambition of becoming a dancer because he lost a leg in a motorcycle accident.

A. recognize B. achieve C. identify D. succeed

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Câu 22: I like modern art to a certain degree, but I don't like the really experimental stuff.

A. unsure B. unlimited C. unchanged D. uncertain

Câu 23: Some doctors in this hospital came under suspicion of unethical behavior towards their patients.

A. betrayed people's trust B. found not guilty
C. received people's approval D. considered to be dishonest

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Câu 24: Giang is showing his appreciation of Loan's new shirt.

Giang: "You look great in that new shirt."

Loan: "_____"

A. You like it, right? B. I appreciate it.
C. I don't think so. D. That's kind of you to say so.

Câu 25: Thanh and Hung are talking about a businesswoman.

Thanh: "Mrs Phuong Hang is an exceptionally talented businesswoman to make such an enormous fortune"

Hung: "_____. Very few women can achieve great success like her."

A. I totally disagree with you **B. I couldn't agree with you more**
C. I'm afraid I can't side with you on this one **D. There're no doubtful about it**

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction on each of the following questions.

Câu 26: The boy **collided with** the car **is making recovery from** operation.

A. collided B. with C. is making D. recovery from

Câu 27: It's reported that the number of cars which is stolen every year has risen.

A. It's reported B. the number C. which is stolen D. has risen

Câu 28: I wonder if I can pay for the car by instalments because I really want it but I don't have money.

A, wonder if B, pay for C, by instalments D, money

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the sentence given in each of the following questions.

Câu 29: This is the most enjoyable wedding party I have ever attended.

- A. I have never attended such an enjoyable wedding party before.
- B. I have never attended a more enjoyable wedding party than this one.
- C. I didn't attend such an enjoyable wedding party for a long time.
- D. I have never attended such an enjoyable wedding party like this.

Câu 30: "It's you who broke my vase." Jane said to Ann.

A. Jane accused Ann of breaking her vase.
C. Jane denied breaking Ann's vase.

B. Ann prevented Jane from breaking her vase.
D. Jane admitted having broken Ann's vase.

Câu 31: It wasn't necessary for you to worry about these trivial things.

- A. You may not have worried about these trivial things.
- B. You needn't have worried about these trivial things.
- C. You shouldn't have worried about these trivial things.
- D. You can't have worried about these trivial things.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Câu 32: My team lacked consistency in the competition. We lost all matches with an unacceptable result.

- A. Suppose that we lacked consistency in the competition, we wouldn't have lost all matches with an unacceptable result.
- B. But for our lack of consistency in the competition, my team wouldn't have lost all matches with an unacceptable result.
- C. If it had not been for our team's inconsistency in the competition, we would have lost all matches with an unacceptable result.
- D. Without our team's inconsistency in the competition, we would lose all matches with an unacceptable result.

Câu 33: The explosion was devastating. We felt the impact of it a mile away.

A. As was the explosion devastating that we felt the impact of it a mile away.

B. The explosion was such devastating that we felt the impact of it a mile away.

C. So devastating was the explosion that we felt the impact of it a mile away.

D. However devastating the explosion was, we felt the impact of it a mile away.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 34 to 38.

Exploration has changed a lot over time. In the past, only adventurers who were willing to take (34) _____ were considered explorers. In contrast, anyone can be an explorer today thanks to modern technology.

In the past, when explorers traveled the world, people back home had to wait for months to hear about their adventures. Explorers kept (35) _____ and wrote letters about their experiences. They would only be able to tell (36) _____ what they saw after they returned. By the end of the nineteenth century, explorers were also able to take photos in the same way (37) _____ they do today. However, they were unable to see the photos right away. It often took a long time for them to get photos printed. (38) _____, today's explorers can travel around the globe and can send back live, real-time images. Thanks to high-tech devices and the Internet, anyone can interact with them. When a discovery is made, we can see photos on social media and read blog posts the same day. We may not be there, but we still take part in the adventure.

(Adapted from Thomas Fast, 2017)

Câu 34: A. dangers	B. possibilities	C. risks	D. chances
Câu 35: A. magazines	B. journals	C. history	D. publication
Câu 36: A. another	B. other	C. the others	D. others
Câu 37: A. what	B. where	C. that	D. when
Câu 38: A. In the same way	B. On one hand	C. By comparison	D. Similarly

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 39 to 43.

When I surveyed over 5,000 middle grade students for my book, kids were already reminding me of the technology gap between them and their parents. They claimed that parents "didn't have a clue" as to what they were experiencing on screens. While generation gap is often characteristic of adolescence in any generation, it is even wider because of rapidly changing technology.

Even the guidelines I prescribed six years ago would be impossible to implement for this generation of tablets, cellphones and notebooks that travel in children's backpacks. Setting and enforcing guidelines early for children is helpful. Taking technology away at bedtime is still possible and at least allows them a good night's rest. Cautioning your children about not sharing real names, addresses or phone numbers in chatrooms or for any emails protects them somewhat. Making sure your hardworking home is balanced by non-screen family fun can be enormous protection. Beware of over-consequencing and over-punishing for small problems. We don't want your children to think of their parents as enemies in a battle of wills.

Tell your children how wise and experienced you are and how much you love them at least five times a week. They need to know they can count on you in this complex, fast-moving world even if they know more about technology than you do. Like every generation, your children will grow up and hopefully find responsible directions for their own lives. Technology skills are valued in the work force and technology is here to stay. Learning as much about it as possible will help you stay tuned-in to what your children aren't saying.

(Source: <https://www.wdtimes.com/>)

Câu 39: Which could be the best title of the passage?

A. Technology - a great challenge to parents.	B. Negative aspects of technology.
C. Kids don't want to talk about their lives.	D. Technology facilitates communication.

Câu 40: The word “it” in paragraph 1 refers to _____.

- A. characteristic
- B. middle grade student
- C. generation gap
- D. technology gap

Câu 41: According to the passage, what shouldn’t the parents do in order to regulate the children’s use of technology?

- A. Confiscating the technology when bedtime comes.
- B. Preserving time for activities beyond screens and technology.
- C. Warning kids against oversharing on social media.
- D. Demanding kids to share with the parents all their passwords.

Câu 42: The word “**tuned-in**” in paragraph 3 mostly means _____.

- A. oblivious
- B. alien
- C. sensitive
- D. helpful

Câu 43: Which of the following is **TRUE** about the technology in this day and age?

- A. Guidelines for technological parental control are still the same.
- B. People can’t live successfully without technical skills.
- C. Technology has made community activities more crucial than ever.
- D. The detrimental effects of technology are holding it back.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 44 to 50.

If we really care about nature, then surely conservation has to be practical; it needs to work. Everything we hear on the news seems to say the opposite: nature continues to go down the tube; extinction rates are increasing; new threats like climate change are **emerging**; and beautiful places are being destroyed before our eyes. All this is true; and yet...

If things are getting worse, it is obvious that conservation is failing. Well, no. In 2006, scientists at BirdLife International showed that conservation action had prevented 16 bird species from going extinct during the 1994-2004 time period. In 2014, scientists from the Durrell Wildlife Conservation Trust found that sustained conservation action from 1988 to 2012 resulted in eight species being down-listed to lower categories of threat on the IUCN Red List of Threatened Species. In a pivotal study in 2015, a group of researchers from the IUCN Species Survival Commission found that without conservation action that took place between 1996 and 2008, the status of the world’s ungulates (deer, antelopes, cattle and their relatives) would have been nearly eight times worse than was actually observed. In 2017, researchers were able to **quantify** how conservation investments made between 1996 and 2008 reduced biodiversity loss in 109 countries by 29% per country on average.

Once again, this suggests that although too little was spent on conservation, it had a significant level of success. As a result, decision-makers are now in a position, for the first time, to forecast what the positive impacts of any increase in conservation spending are likely to be in relation to different scenarios of human development pressure, and then compare these forecasts to their policy targets.

There is one clear conclusion from these and similar studies: conservation does work, but we do not do anywhere close to enough of it. The threats to nature are certainly growing and this means that we have to spend more on conservation just to stand still. On the other hand, if some of the commitments made by the world’s governments are actually acted upon, such as the 2010 Aichi Biodiversity Targets and the 2015 Sustainable Development Goals, then the number of resources to be allocated to conservation is set to increase. Let’s hope that **this** will indeed be the case.

(Source: <https://www.synchronicityearth.org/>)

Câu 44: Which question is the passage most possibly the answer to?

- A. What exactly do conservationists need to do?

- B. Why do we conserve nature in the first place?
- C. Does conservation actually work?
- D. What is and isn't conservation?

Câu 45: The word “**emerging**” in paragraph 1 can be replaced by _____.

- A. proceeding
- B. waning
- C. popping
- D. arising

Câu 46: According to paragraph 2, what is **NOT** mentioned as a successful effort in conservation?

- A. Many bird species were brought back from the brink of extinction.
- B. Situation of the ungulates has become better.
- C. Eight species are now less at risk of extinction.
- D. The decline in biological diversity in many countries slowed down.

Câu 47: The word “**quantify**” in paragraph 2 can be replaced by _____.

- A. evaluate
- B. rate
- C. determine
- D. judge

Câu 48: The word “**this**” in paragraph 4 refers to _____.

- A. establishing new conservation goals
- B. support from the governments
- C. the amount of resources
- D. more investment in conservation

Câu 49: According to the passage, the overall situation is getting worse, _____.

- A. and could turn even worse within the next decade.
- B. despite some small local successes in conservation.
- C. but not as fast as if we were doing no conservation at all.
- D. yet many people still think that we are making progress.

Câu 50: Which statements is **NOT** true, according to the passage?

- A. There is increasing evidence that conservation is actually working.
- B. There are many different views on how to achieve conservation.
- C. Governments will need to do more to reach the necessary level of success.
- D. Dears and antelopes are the species belonging to the ungulates group.

-----THE END-----