

Exercise 1: Look at the pictures, then write the word. Spelling counts.



1 a continental glacier



2 a valley glacier



3 a snowflake



4 the Arctic
5 the Antarctic

Exercise 2: Complete the sentences with correct information. You can read the text on page 102 in your students book to help.

- 1 Glaciers are rivers of ice which can be very deep.
- 2 Glaciers which you find in _____ are called valley glaciers.
- 3 The glaciers at the North and the South poles are called _____ or ice _____.
- 4 About _____ of the surface of the world is covered by ice.
- 5 When the ice of a glacier becomes thick and heavy, the glacier starts to _____.
- 6 Continental glaciers become bigger and bigger until they reach the sea. Then big blocks of ice break off the edges. These blocks of ice are called _____.

Exercise 3: Match the sentence halves. Write the matching number in the box.

- | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 You can find glaciers | a <input type="checkbox"/> | but only very slowly. |
| 2 Glaciers are constantly moving, | b <input type="checkbox"/> | heavier, it turns into ice. |
| 3 The longest glaciers are | c <input type="checkbox"/> | because the world is getting warmer. |
| 4 Glaciers only exist in places with | d <input type="checkbox"/> | more than 150 kilometres long. |
| 5 When the snow becomes thicker and | e <input type="checkbox"/> | on every continent. |
| 6 These days many glaciers melt fast | f <input type="checkbox"/> | very cold winters and cool summers. |