

## Przygotowanie do testu 6

Zaznacz poprawne opcje.

- 1 **Will / Are** you close the window, please? It's cold.
- 2 What **they're going / are they going** to do next week?
- 3 I **am not / won't** do that! It's silly.
- 4 **They / There** are a lot of people in this church.
- 5 I'll go jogging **although / so** it's raining.
- 6 I think **it / there** is very difficult to learn to swim
- 7 **Will / Are** you going to see John on Monday?
- 8 I'm not sure about Monday. Maybe, I **will go / am going** to a party.
- 9 I work in a shop at weekends **so / in order to** earn some money.
- 10 Is **there / it** three p.m. yet?
- 11 Sorry, but I **don't / won't** lend you my pen again!
- 12 I think **it / there** is a nice park near the bank.

Przeczytaj tekst. Wybierz poprawne uzupełnienie luk 1–5. Zakreśl literę: A, B albo C.

Hi Ola, Just an email to check on our plans for the weekend. You (1) \_\_\_\_ by bus on Friday evening, right? I've got my guitar class then, but I'll finish it earlier (2) \_\_\_\_ come and meet you at the bus stop. I've planned a nice trip for us on Saturday. We (3) \_\_\_\_ ski running in the hills. I know you haven't done that yet, but I think you (4) \_\_\_\_ very quickly. I can't wait to see you. (5) \_\_\_\_ will be a great time for both of us! See you on Friday! Magda

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|----------------------|---------------|----------------|
| 1 A arrive           | B will arrive | C are arriving |
| 2 A although         | B in order to | C so           |
| 3 A are going to try | B try         | C have tried   |
| 4 A are learning     | B will learn  | C learn        |
| 5 A There            | B They        | C It           |

Przeczytaj tekst. Wybierz poprawne uzupełnienie luk 1–5. Zakreśl literę: A, B albo C.

Hi Ewa, Just a quick email to check on our plans for the weekend. Me and Ola (1) \_\_\_\_ the train at 3.30. Sandra's mum has promised to drive us to the train station (2) \_\_\_\_ we could easily get there on foot. It's only a 10-minutes walk and we (3) \_\_\_\_ much luggage anyway. Do you think you (4) \_\_\_\_ the time to meet us at the train station in your town? If not, don't worry, we can get to your place on our own. I think (5) \_\_\_\_ will be a great weekend. See you on Friday afternoon! Ala

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|----------------|------------------------|--------------|
| 1 A get        | B are getting          | C will get   |
| 2 A although   | B in order to          | C so         |
| 3 A don't take | B aren't going to take | C won't Take |
| 4 A are having | B have                 | C will have  |
| 5 A it         | B they                 | C tere       |

Wykorzystując wyrazy podane na końcu zdań, uzupełnij każde zdanie z luką, tak aby zachować sens zdania wyjściowego 1–4. Wymagana jest pełna poprawność ortograficzna i gramatyczna wpisywanych fragmentów zdań. Uwaga! Nie zmieniaj formy podanych wyrazów. W każdą lukę możesz wpisać maksymalnie trzy wyrazy, wliczając w to wyraz już podany.

1 The room's too small, so we can't have the party in it. **IS**

We can't have the party in this room \_\_\_\_\_ not enough space.

2 It's my plan to see this film next weekend. **TO**

I'm \_\_\_\_\_ this film next weekend.

3 Dad asked me to look after my sister tonight and I said 'OK'. **LOOKING**

I \_\_\_\_\_ my sister tonight.

4 I haven't got much free time tomorrow, but I'll help you. **AM**

I'll help you \_\_\_\_\_ quite busy tomorrow.

5 It's Tom's plan to do a computer course next month. **TO**

Tom's \_\_\_\_\_ a computer course next month.

6 This café is always full of people but I still love it. **ARE**

I love this café \_\_\_\_\_ always a lot of people here.

3 We hope for sunny weather next weekend. **RAIN**

We hope it \_\_\_\_\_ next weekend.

4 I've asked Olaf to come and help me in the garden on Saturday and he said 'OK'. **IS**

Olaf \_\_\_\_\_ order to help in the garden on Saturday.