

# Đề thi thử vào 10 theo mẫu của SGD Hà Nội số 29

Quiz ID: 4811

## Question 1 (Question ID: 9-154182)

Choose the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others.

- A. houses
- B. misses
- C. glasses
- D. senses

## Question 2 (Question ID: 9-68393)

Choose the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others.

- A. read
- B. teacher
- C. eat
- D. ahead

## Question 3 (Question ID: 9-50258)

Choose the word that differs from the rest in the position of the main stress.

- A. persuade
- B. install
- C. occur
- D. capture

## Question 4 (Question ID: 9-107187)

Choose the word that differs from the rest in the position of the main stress.

- A. density
- B. negative
- C. organize
- D. enormous

## Question 5 (Question ID: 9-52106)

- A: "Is this \_\_\_\_\_ shirt you have got in your shop?"

- B: "No, sir. We've got some other cheaper."

- A. the cheapest
- B. cheap
- C. cheaper

D. the cheap

**Question 6** (Question ID: 9-15510)

We can supply materials \_\_\_\_\_ Thursday morning next week, so let's meet at the school \_\_\_\_\_ 8:00 a.m.

- A. on/at
- B. at/around
- C. on/in
- D. at/until

**Question 7** (Question ID: 9-143476)

I am not \_\_\_\_\_ getting the bus to work because I usually drive there.

- A. be used to
- B. get used to
- C. used to
- D. use to

**Question 8** (Question ID: 9-55605)

Hung is sick. \_\_\_\_\_, he can't go to school.

- A. Therefore
- B. And
- C. But
- D. Because

**Question 9** (Question ID: 9-60602)

Christopher Columbus \_\_\_\_\_ America more than 500 years ago.

- A. discovered
- B. has discovered
- C. had discovered
- D. had been discovering

**Question 10** (Question ID: 9-154981)

I won't change my mind \_\_\_\_\_ what you say.

- A. whether
- B. although
- C. no matter
- D. because

**Question 11** (Question ID: 9-67970)

The celebrity lost her temper when realizing that the evening dress she had ordered online was completely \_\_\_\_\_ in her size.

- A. out of stock
- B. out of order
- C. out of touch
- D. out of sight

**Question 12** (Question ID: 9-11825)

I was brought \_\_\_\_\_ in the countryside by my aunt after my parents had passed \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. on / over
- B. for / on
- C. on / off
- D. up / away

**Question 13** (Question ID: 9-83415)

I don't think this medicine is \_\_\_\_\_. I still have a headache.

- A. effect
- B. effective
- C. effectively
- D. affect

**Question 14** (Question ID: 9-16322)

Peter: "How often do you go to school?"

Harry: "\_\_\_\_\_"

- A. I go there early.
- B. Every day except Sunday.
- C. I don't think so.
- D. I go there by bus.

**Question 15** (Question ID: 9-45337)

Linda: "Which gender is most likely to ask strangers for directions?"

Jean: "\_\_\_\_\_"

- A. Men sometimes ask strangers for directions as well.
- B. Women are because their sense of space and directions is worse.
- C. Both men and women can use GPS these days.
- D. GPS is very useful to help car drivers.

**Question 16** (Question ID: 9-144542)

Choose the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s).

The way the care-taker treated those little children was deplorable. She must be punished for what she did.

- A. respectable
- B. unacceptable
- C. mischievous
- D. satisfactory

**Question 17 (Question ID: 9-144543)**

Choose the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s).

Talking about your feeling can help you get clear about what you feel.

- A. control
- B. banish
- C. get rid of
- D. figure out

**Question 18 (Question ID: 9-143169)**

Choose the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s).

Adverse weather conditions made it difficult to play the game.

- A. favorable
- B. bad
- C. comfortable
- D. severe

**Question 19 (Question ID: 9-143167)**

Choose the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s).

He revealed his intentions of leaving the company to the manager during the office dinner party.

- A. disclosed
- B. concealed
- C. misled
- D. influenced

**Question 20 (Question ID: 9-33845)**

Choose the underlined part that needs correction.

Kid's summers consist of go to the pool or the library.

- A. Kid's
- B. consist

- C. go
- D. or

**Question 21 (Question ID: 9-354485)**

Choose the underlined part that needs correction.

You're a third person to ask me about the trip.

- A. a
- B. person
- C. about
- D. the

**Question 22 (Question ID: 9-37446)**

Choose the underlined part that needs correction.

Some of the most excited architecture in Britain can be found in Manchester and the nearby Salford Quays area.

- A. of
- B. excited
- C. found
- D. nearby

**Read the passage and answer the following questions.**

The difference between a liquid and a gas is obvious under the conditions of temperature and pressure commonly found at the surface of the Earth. A liquid can be kept in an open container and fills it to the level of a free surface. A gas forms no free surface but tends to diffuse throughout the space available; it must, therefore, be kept in a closed container or held by a gravitation field, as in the case of a planet's atmosphere. The distinction was a prominent feature of early theories describing the phases of matter. In the nineteenth century, for example, one theory maintained that a liquid could be "dissolved" in a vapor without losing its identity, and another theory held that the two phases are made up of different kinds of molecules: liquidons and gasons. The theories now prevailing take a quite different approach by emphasizing what liquids and gases have in common. They are both forms of matter that have no permanent structure, and they both flow readily. They are fluids.

The fundamental similarity of liquids gases becomes clearly **apparent** when the temperature and pressure are raised somewhat. Suppose a closed container partially filled with a liquid is heated. The liquid expands, or in other words, becomes less dense; some of it evaporates. In contrast, the vapor above the liquid surface becomes denser as the evaporated molecules are added to it. The combination of temperature and pressure at which the densities become equal is called the critical point. Above the critical point, the liquid and the gas can no longer be distinguished; there is a

single, undifferentiated fluid phase of uniform density.

**Question 23 (Question ID: 9-154991)**

Which of the following would be the most appropriate title for the passage?

- A. New Containers for Fluids
- B. High-Temperature Zones on the Earth
- C. The Beginnings of Modern Physics
- D. The Properties of Gases and Liquids

**Question 24 (Question ID: 9-154992)**

According to the passage, the difference between a liquid and a gas under normal conditions on Earth is that the liquid \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. has a permanent structure
- B. forms a free surface
- C. is affected by changes in pressure
- D. is considerably more common

**Question 25 (Question ID: 9-154993)**

According to the passage, in the nineteenth century, some scientists viewed liquidons and gasons as \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. different types of molecules
- B. dissolving particles heavy molecules
- C. heavy molecules
- D. fluids

**Question 26 (Question ID: 9-154994)**

According to the passage, what happens when the temperature is increased in a closed container holding a liquid?

- A. The liquid and gas phases become more similar.
- B. The liquid and the gas become less dense.
- C. The container expands.
- D. The liquid evaporates out of the container.

**Question 27 (Question ID: 9-154995)**

The word "*apparent*" is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. small to recognize
- B. simple to perform
- C. difficult to see

**D. easy to notice**

**Question 28 (Question ID: 9-154996)**

Since the birth of agriculture, farmers have tried to **Q28.1.....** using pesticides by employing various biological methods to control nature. The first method involved introducing a predator that would control pests **Q28.2.....** eating them. This was used successfully in 1925 to control the prickly pear population in Australia. The prickly pear has originally been used as a divider between paddocks. **Q28.3.....**, it eventually spread from a few farms to 4 million hectares of farming land, rendering them unusable. The Cactoblastis moth larvae were introduced to help control the **Q28.4.....** and within ten years, the prickly pear was virtually eradicated. Further attempts at biological control weren't so successful. When farmers tried to eliminate the cane beetle by introducing the South American cane toad, the results were catastrophic. The cane toad did not eat the cane beetle and the toad population spread **Q28.5.....** leading to the decline of native species of mammals and reptiles.

<b>Q28.1.</b>	A. avoid	B. prevent	C. refuse	D. delay
<b>Q28.2.</b>	A. of	B. with	C. by	D. in
<b>Q28.3.</b>	A. Although	B. Then	C. However	D. Therefore
<b>Q28.4.</b>	A. condition	B. affair	C. situation	D. state
<b>Q28.5.</b>	A. probably	B. mainly	C. rapidly	D. extremely

**Question 29 (Question ID: 9-392035)**

*Choose the best sentence that can be made from the words given.*

**If / I / be / you / I / plant / vegetables / garden.**

- A. If I am you, I will plant vegetables in the garden.**
- B. If I was you, I planted vegetables in the garden.**
- C. If I were you, I would plant vegetables in the garden.**
- D. If I were you, I would be planted vegetables in the garden.**

**Question 30 (Question ID: 9-392036)**

*Choose the best sentence that can be made from the words given.*

**It / strange / see / you / short hair.**

- A. It would be strange to seeing you with short hair.**
- B. It would strange to see you with short hair.**
- C. It would be strange seeing you with short hair.**
- D. It would be strange to see you with short hair.**

**Question 31 (Question ID: 9-392037)**

Choose the best sentence that can be made from the words given.

I / not / interested / look / new / job/ now.

- A. I'm not interested in looking up a new job now.
- B. I'm not interested on looking for a new job now.
- C. I'm not interested in look up a new job now.
- D. I'm not interested in looking for a new job now.

**Question 32 (Question ID: 9-392039)**

Choose the best sentence that can be made from the words given.

My pure / find / one / the cleaners.

- A. My purse has been found by one of the cleaners.
- B. My purse has being found by one of the cleaners.
- C. My purse has found by one among the cleaners.
- D. My purse was been found by one of the cleaners.

**Question 33 (Question ID: 9-137724)**

Choose the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences.

Melissa's father was very busy. He still played with her.

- A. Because of playing with Melissa, her father was very busy.
- B. Melissa's father was so busy that he could not play with her.
- C. Busy as Melissa's father was, he still played with her.
- D. Melissa's father was busy enough to play with her.

**Question 34 (Question ID: 9-136046)**

Mark the sentence that best combines this pair of sentences.

Mr. Smith is very interested in our plan. I spoke to him on the phone last night.

- A. Mr. Smith, to whom I spoke on the phone last night, is very interested in our plan.
- B. Mr. Smith, who is very interested in our plan, I spoke to on the phone last night.
- C. Mr. Smith, who I spoke on the phone last night, is very interested in our plan.
- D. Mr. Smith is very interested in our plan to whom I spoke on the phone last night.

**Question 35 (Question ID: 9-6148)**

Choose the sentence that is CLOSEST in meaning to the sentence given.

I have not met her for three years.

- A. The last time I met her was three years ago.
- B. It is three years when I will meet her.
- C. I did not meet her three years ago.
- D. During three years, I met her once.

**Question 36 (Question ID: 9-328171)**

*Choose the sentence CLOSEST in meaning to the following sentence.*

**"I can solve this problem," Sue said.**

- A. Sue said that she can't solve that problem.**
- B. Sue said that I could solve that problem.**
- C. Sue said that she could solve that problem.**
- D. Sue said that I can't solve that problem.**