

WRITING UNIT 9

_____ n. - the air and other gases that surround a planet; also the air in a particular place

_____ n. - a large bundle of something, such as paper or hay, tied tightly

_____ n. - a large farm building used for storing crops or animal food

_____ n. - a structure with walls and a roof

_____ n. - A large mammal with either one or two humps on its back. Camels live in hot desert areas and are sometimes used for carrying things.

_____ v. - If something absorbs liquid or gas, it soaks it up.

_____ n. - rain polluted by acid in the atmosphere which has come from factories

_____ conj. - If something happens or is done after a particular event or date, it happens or is done during the period of time that follows it.

_____ conj. - used to introduce a clause which describes something done in the period of time following something else

_____ v. - To carry something is to hold it and take it somewhere.

_____ n. - Chemicals are substances manufactured by chemistry.

_____ n. - The climate of a place is the typical weather conditions there.

_____ n. - a mass of water vapour, smoke, or dust that forms in the air and is seen floating in the sky

_____ n. - a large machine used on a farm for cutting grain crops, and removing and cleaning the seeds

_____ n. - a large animal kept on farms for its milk

_____ n. - the hole at the top of a volcano

_____ n. - a plant grown for food

_____ v. - If you cut something, you use a knife, scissors, or some other sharp tool to mark it or remove parts of it.

_____ v. - To damage something means to harm or spoil it.

_____ v. - If someone or something falls or falls over, they drop towards the ground.

_____ n. - a person who owns or manages a farm

_____ v. - To feed a person or animal is to give them food.

_____ n. - an enclosed area of land where crops are grown or animals are kept

_____ adv. - You use 'finally' to introduce a final point or topic.

_____ adv. - You use 'first' to introduce the first of a number of things that you want to say.

- _____ adv. - You use it to introduce the first of a number of things that you want to say.
- _____ adv. - You use it to mention the first in a series of items.
- _____ v. - to move steadily and continuously
- _____ n. - the brightly-coloured part of a plant at the end of the stem
- _____ v. - when a plant's flowers appear and open forest n. - a large area of trees growing close together
- _____ v. - If you deposit something, you put it down or leave it somewhere.
- _____ v. - To destroy something means to damage it so much that it is completely ruined.
- _____ n. - a drawing that shows or explains something
- _____ v. - When people, animals, or plants die, they stop living.
- _____ n. - an event or accident that causes great distress or destruction
- _____ n. - the planet we live on
- _____ n. - a very large four-legged mammal with a long trunk, large ears, and ivory tusks
- _____ n. - a hill with an opening through which lava, gas, and ash burst out from inside the earth onto the surface
- _____ adj. - Something that is warm has some heat, but not enough to be hot./ v. - If you warm something, you heat it up gently so that it stops being cold.
- _____ v. - If you water a plant or an animal, you give it water to drink.
- _____ n. - Wheat is a cereal plant grown for its grain which is used to make flour.
- _____ conj. - You use 'when' to introduce a clause where you refer to the time at which something happens.
- _____ n. - Wildlife means wild animals and plants.
- _____ n. - The world is the earth, the planet we live on.
- _____ v. - When a volcano erupts, it violently throws out a lot of hot lava and ash.
- _____ n. - a building or group of buildings where goods are made in large quantities
- _____ v. - When someone forms something or when it forms, it is created, organized, or started.
- _____ n. - any air like substance that is not liquid or solid, such as oxygen or the gas used as a fuel in heating
- _____ n. - a small antelope found in Africa and Asia
- _____ n. - a huge frozen river of slow-moving ice
- _____ v. - When people grow plants, they plant them and look after them.
- _____ v. - To harvest food means to gather it when it is ripe.

_____ n. - Heat is warmth or the quality of being hot; also the temperature of something that is warm or hot.

_____ adj. - tall or a long way above the ground

_____ v. - To hunt means to chase wild animals to kill them for food or for sport.

_____ n. - water that has frozen solid

_____ v. - If you inhabit a place, you live there.

_____ n. - a small creature with six legs, and usually wings

_____ n. - supplying land with water in order to grow crops

_____ v. - To kill a person, animal, or plant is to make them die.

_____ n. - Grass is the common green plant that grows on lawns and in parks.

_____ n. - the gradual rise in temperature in the earth's atmosphere due to heat being absorbed from the sun and being trapped by gases such as carbon dioxide in the air around the earth

_____ v. - If a tree or plant grows somewhere, it is alive there.

_____ n. - Lava is the very hot liquid rock that comes shooting out of an erupting volcano, and becomes solid as it cools.

_____ n. - one of the rules established by a government or a religion, which tells people what they may or may not do

_____ n. - any substance which is not a solid or a gas, and which can be poured

_____ adj. - Something that is low is close to the ground, or measures a short distance from the ground to the top.

_____ v. - If you pick a flower or fruit, or pick something from a place, you remove it with your fingers.

_____ v. - to lift up from a surface

_____ n. - a living thing that grows in the earth and has stems, leaves, and roots

_____ adj. - dirty or dangerous because of chemicals or sewage

_____ n. - it happens when dirty or dangerous substances get into the air, water, or soil.

_____ n. - a series of actions intended to achieve a particular result or change

_____ v. - to make something or cause it.

_____ n. - something that is made to be sold

_____ v. - To protect someone or something is to prevent them from being harmed or damaged./ v. - to prevent a particular animal, plant, or area of land from being harmed or damaged by making it illegal to do so

_____ n. - the stream of particles given out by a radioactive substance

_____ n. - a dense forest of tall trees in a tropical area where there is a lot of rain

_____ v. - When light or heat is reflected off a surface, it is sent back from the surface rather than passing through it.

_____ n. - a lake used for storing water before it is supplied to people

_____ v. - If something rises, it moves upwards.

_____ n. - a large piece of rock

_____ v. - To scatter things means to throw or drop them all over an area.

_____ n. - an expert in one of the sciences who does work connected with it

_____ adv. - You say 'secondly' when you want to make a second point or give a second reason for something.

_____ n. - a piece of equipment which uses electricity or power from an engine to make it work

_____ n. - Magma is a hot liquid within the earth's crust which forms igneous rock when it solidifies.

_____ v. - When something melts or when you melt it, it changes from a solid to a liquid because it has been heated.

_____ n. - a very high piece of land with steep sides

_____ n. - Movement involves changing position or going from one place to another.

_____ adj. - existing or happening in nature

_____ adv. - coming immediately after something else

_____ adj. - relating to real things that can be touched or seen

_____ n. - The seeds of a plant are the small, hard parts from which new plants can grow.

_____ v. - To separate people or things means to cause them to be apart from each other.

_____ n. - Snow consists of flakes of ice crystals which fall from the sky in cold weather.

_____ v. - When you store something somewhere, you keep it there until it is needed.

_____ n. - When there is a storm, there is heavy rain, a strong wind, and often thunder and lightning.

_____ n. - Straw is the dry, yellowish stalks from cereal crops.

_____ n. - The sun is the star providing heat and light for the planets revolving around it in our solar system.

_____ n. - The surface of something is the top or outside area of it.

_____ n. - an organized way of doing or arranging something according to a fixed plan or set of rules

_____ n. - The temperature of something is how hot or cold it is.

_____ adv. - at a particular time in the past or future/ adv. - in that case

_____ n. - a large meat-eating animal of the cat family. It comes from Asia and has an orange coloured coat with black stripes

_____ v. - When goods or people are transported from one place to another, they are moved there.

_____ n. - a hole in something through which gases and