

Level A2

90+10 (listening) = 100 p-s

1 – Choose the right option: 40 p-s

Today we **study / are studying** the causes of the First World War.

Jerry usually **goes / is going** to the gym in the afternoon, but this week he **works / is working**.

Nikos **knows / is knowing** exactly what to do when there's an earthquake.

She often **is giving / gives** money to cancer research.

Dad **watches / is watching** the news on TV at the moment.

Take your umbrella because it **rains / is raining**.

____ that film about global warming yet?

A Did you see

B Had you seen

C Have you seen

They ____ the bottles before they put them in the recycling bin.

A had washed

B have washed

C are washing

Stan ____ when the lights went out.

A was studying

B has studied

C studied

The number of people unemployed ____ since last year.

A increased

B has increased

C was increasing

What were you doing when the fight ____.

A started

B had started

C has started

When they found the girl who ____, she was alive and well.

A had disappeared

B have disappeared

C has disappeared

That's a new computer, **isn't it / doesn't it?**

You don't know very much about it, **don't you / do you?**

They are having some trouble with their signal, **aren't they / are they?**

She can't understand the instructions, **does she / can she?**

I am going to use the new system, **am I / aren't I?**

We have probably seen this before, **hasn't we / haven't we?**

It shouldn't do that, **should it / shouldn't it?**

Michael is a scientist ____ is trying to find a solution to global warming.

A which

B whose

C who

The biggest danger ____ affects most animals on Earth is human beings.

A which

B where

C who

Lake Baikal, in Siberia, is the place ____ the earless seals live.

A which

B where

C that

My neighbour, ____ son is studying Geology, is an expert on global warming.

A whose

B who

C that

Environmentalists are scientists ____ job is to find out how we can protect our planet.

A which

B that

C whose

One of the problems ____ our planet faces is the loss of forests.

A that

B who

C where

The place ____ the Atlantic and the Pacific oceans meet is Cape Horn in South America.

A which

B that

C where

There are some people ____ don't realise how serious the problem of global warming is.

A whose

B that

C which

If Stan **wants / will want** to win the match, he must train harder.

You **won't be / will be** fit unless you get enough sleep.

What will you do if you **feel / will feel** tired during the race?

If Dennis **eats / will eat** too much junk food, he will get sick.

The PE teacher will punish you if he **will see / sees** that you aren't jogging.

Next year **at / in** the summer I'm going to America.

Sue's **in / at** the hospital visiting her mother.

The theatre is **near / outside** the town hall.

I waited for you **for / during** more than an hour.

Kate is hiding **inside / behind** the curtain. I can see her feet.

In / On the first day of term we don't do much work.

I came - / **to** home at two o'clock.

Are you going shopping **in / on** Saturday morning?

2 – Put the verbs in correct grammar tenses: 10 p-s

A hundred years (1) _____ (pass) since the First World War (2) _____ (begin), and this year it will be remembered in many different ways. It seems that during the past year hundreds of historians (3) _____ (write) books which explain how it (4) _____ (start), whose fault it was and how we (5) _____ (still / feel) its effects today. No war before that one (6) _____ (change) the map of Europe so much: new nations (7) _____ (create) and many old ones (8) _____ (get) back their independence. But it is the millions who (9) _____ (kill) all over the world that we remember on Armistice Day. (10) _____ (we / learn) anything new when we read the latest books and TV programmes about this terrible war? Possibly, but there always seems to be a war happening somewhere.

3 – Put the words into the text: 12 p-s

armies • bomb • campaign • fear • governments • hope
panic • peace • soldiers • solution • terrorists • war

One of the biggest problems facing (1) _____ today is how to deal with violent attacks by (2) _____. It is difficult to find a (3) _____ to a situation which sometimes seems like a (4) _____, but not in the usual sense when the (5) _____ of two or more countries fight each other. Then the two sides fight until one of them wins and then there is (6) _____ again. But in this situation it is often ordinary people who are killed, not (7) _____. As the word 'terror' suggests, the idea is to spread (8) _____ throughout society. When a (9) _____ goes off, there is chaos and people (10) _____, making it difficult for the police and firemen to deal with the situation. So, is there any (11) _____ that things will get better in the future? As long as people carry on as usual, unafraid, the (12) _____ of terror will not be able to change their lives.

4 - Word formation: 12 p-s

Some people have a (1) _____ life which often includes a chat with friends while drinking and smoking. However, we all know that these two habits are extremely (2) _____ and can lead to all sorts of (3) _____ and sometimes even to (4) _____. All of which means spending a lot of money on (5) _____ treatment. This is also the reason why doctors always (6) _____ us against doing both of these things.	SOCIETY
	HARM
	ILL
	DIE
	MEDICINE
	ADVICE

Simon was feeling a lot better. After a short _____, he was recovering well.	ILL
His doctor had tried to _____ him what to do when he left hospital.	ADVICE
It was very important, the doctor had told him, to eat a _____ diet. Otherwise, he might get ill again.	BALANCE
Simon's mother _____ agreed with this, and she was making sure that he ate the right food.	STRONG
He had to check his _____ every morning to make sure he was getting heavier, and he felt much better when he saw himself in the mirror.	WEIGH
His friends had also noticed this _____ and they said they couldn't wait to invite him out to play again.	IMPROVE

5 - Match the vocabulary with the definitions: 15 p-s

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| 1. high stakes | a. to admit |
| 2. to break something down | b. an action to achieve a result |
| 3. a strategy | c. to behave as if something is true |
| 4. to pretend | d. a situation where the result is very important |
| 5. sweat | e. the water that comes from your skin when you're very hot |
| 6. to confess | f. to give the main points |
| 7. to summarise | g. forms and documents |
| 8. paperwork | h. to make something into smaller parts |
| 9. perception | i. so interested in something that you do not notice anything else |

- | | |
|---------------------------|--|
| 10. to lose track of | j. easy to guess what will happen |
| 11. a psychologist | k. to forget about |
| 12. a state | l. the process of giving all of your attention to something |
| 13. concentration | m. someone who studies the human mind |
| 14. absorbed | n. the physical or mental condition of a person at a specific time |
| 15..... predictable | o. the way you understand or think about something |