-ed and -ing Adjectives

Un adjetivo que termina en **-ING** se usa para describir: características de una persona, cosa o situación.

Un adjetivo que termina en **-ED** se usa para describir: un sentimiento (o cómo se siente una persona) o una emoción. Se utiliza en personas y animales.

- My friend is **bored**. – Mi amiga <u>está</u> aburrida
- The movie is **boring**. – La película <u>es</u> aburrida

HE IS **BORED**

THESE BOOKS ARE **BORING**

| ADJECTIVES THAT END IN **-ING** | Describe the *characteristic* of a person, a thing or a situation. It CAUSES a feeling. |

The books are boring. We are describing a characteristic of these books. What do these books cause? They make people feel bored.

| ADJECTIVES THAT END IN **-ED** | Describe *a feeling* or an emotion. It is how we FEEL about something. |

He is bored. This is his feeling right now. This feeling was caused by the books. He is not going to be bored for eternity. He feels bored for now. (It is temporary)

ACTIVITIES:

1) COMPLETE THE CHART

Verbs	to bore	to excite	to interest	to relax	to satisfy	to tire	to worry
-ed	*bored*						
-ing	*boring*						

2) CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION

1. The movie is interested / interesting

2. The children get bored / boring

3. Most runners were tired / tiring

4. A marathon is exhausted / exhausting

5. The boy was surprised / surprising

6. The woman was frightened / frightening

7. Yoga is very relaxed / relaxing

8. The trip was interested / interesting

9. She isn´t satisfied / satisfying with her car

10. They were tired / tiring after the match