

**MOON ENGLISH HOME**

Name: .....

**PRONUNCIATION****Question 1.** A. head      B. dead      C. bread      D. clear**Question 2.** A. likes      B. writes      C. serves      D. hopes**STRESS****Question 3.** A. knowledge      B. careful      C. arrive      D. happen**Question 4.** A. solidarity      B. determination      C. organization      D. consideration**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.****Question 5.** It is necessary that he \_\_\_\_\_ of his old parents.A. to take care      B. took care      C. take care      D. takes care**Question 6.** I've spent the whole day reading a story \_\_\_\_\_ by Jack London.A. was written      B. which is written      C. which wrote      D. written**Question 7.** I always try not to be absent \_\_\_\_\_ school and late \_\_\_\_\_ class.A. for- from      B. from- at      C. on- for      D. from- for**Question 8.** The better the weather is, \_\_\_\_\_.A. the most crowded the beaches get      B. the most the beaches get crowded  
C. the more crowded the beaches get      D. the more the beaches get crowded**Question 9.** My father gave my brother \_\_\_\_\_ yesterday.A. an old wooden thick table      B. a thick old wooden table  
C. a thick wooden old table      D. a wooden thick old table**Question 10.** Jane's eyes burned and her shoulders ached. She \_\_\_\_\_ at the computer for five straight hours. Finally, she took a break.A. had sat      B. has been sitting      C. had been sitting      D. has sat**Question 11.** It is probably impossible for life to ever exist on Venus \_\_\_\_\_ its intense surface heat.A. because      B. although      C. despite      D. due to**Question 12.** Mary will have finished all her work \_\_\_\_\_.A. as soon as her boss returned      B. until her boss will return  
C. by the time her boss returns      D. when her boss will return**Question 13.** \_\_\_\_\_ the book again and again, I finally understood what the author meant.A. Have been read      B. Have been read      C. Having read      D. To have read**Question 14.** We will create a stable, prosperous and highly \_\_\_\_\_ ASEAN Economic community.A. compete      B. competition      C. competitor      D. competitive**Question 15.** If Bill loses his job, at least they have Mary's income to \_\_\_\_\_.A. fall behind      B. fall for      C. fall back on      D. fall out**Question 16.** Action movies may have a negative \_\_\_\_\_ on children.A. opinion      B. influence      C. dependence      D. decision**Question 17.** Everyone can easily get \_\_\_\_\_ to information available on the Internet.A. access      B. assess      C. accept      D. accent**Question 18.** Martin is called the teacher's pet by his classmates because he is taken under his teacher's \_\_\_\_\_.A. hands      B. arms      C. wings      D. legs**Question 19.** She was seriously \_\_\_\_\_ in the car crash caused by a drunk driver.A. injured      B. harmed      C. wounded      D. damaged**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s)****Question 20:** It was late at night, the wind was howling and when she heard the knock on the door, she almost jumped out of her skin.A. was surprised      B. was asleep      C. was terrified      D. was delighted**Question 21:** It is tolerant of her to be able to put up with such an annoying guy like Peter.A. tactful      B. sociable      C. determined      D. sympathetic**TEST 32 (MH21-21)**

Time allowance: 60 minutes

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s)**

**Question 22:** His short but pointed speech was applauded by all sections of the audience.

A. welcomed      B. embraced      C. praised      D. disapproved

**Question 23:** The chairman initiated the proceedings with a brief speech.

A. complicated      B. started      C. ended      D. confused

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the option that best completes each of the following exchanges.**

**Question 24:** Peter is having dinner at Wendy's house.

- Peter: "This steamed crab is so delicious."      - Wendy: "\_\_\_\_\_."

A. Sure, I'd love to.    B. I'm afraid not.    C. No, don't worry    D. I'm glad you like it

**Question 25:** Joana and David, two students, are talking about studying abroad.

- Joana: "I think studying abroad is the only way to get a well-paid job."

- David: "\_\_\_\_\_. There're still many different ways to get it."

A. You're exactly right      B. I don't think so  
C. I can't agree with you more      D. There's no doubt about it

**Read and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits the numbered blanks.**

(26)\_\_\_\_\_ to the Department of Animal Health's latest report on March 14, the outbreaks of the African Swine Fever (ASF) were observed in 17 provinces and cities in Vietnam. The Minister of Agriculture and Rural Development Nguyen Xuan Cuong held an urgent meeting with heads of 63 provinces and cities on March 14 to discuss (27)\_\_\_\_\_ preventative measures to prevent the spread of the disease, shortly after receiving the test results (28)\_\_\_\_\_ confirmed that the pigs are positive for the deadly virus, responsible agencies soon buried diseased pigs and disinfected infected farms with chemicals in the premises of the burying areas.

Minister Nguyen Xuan Cuong said outbreaks hit small farms for past time and it may be big losses if the disease is (29)\_\_\_\_\_ to the South which raises big herd of hog and is the major market for pig products. Minister Cuong stressed that all localities ought to revise and adopt proper measures as per the government's directive No.4/CT-TTG on the synchronous implementation of urgent solutions to control ASE. In a related news of ASF, ten drivers were (30)\_\_\_\_\_ VND 300 million (\$12.913) for transporting 350 kilograms of pork but couldn't produce receipt of origin and hygiene certificates, said the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development.

**Question 26:** A. Seeing      B. Basing      C. Regarding      D. According

**Question 27.** A. some      B. any      C. every      D. another

**Question 28.** A. which      B. whose      C. who      D. what

**Question 29.** A. increased      B. spread      C. expanded      D. transferred

**Question 30.** A. given      B. fined      C. punished      D. asked

**Read and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions**

The first thing to do when you have a trip abroad is to check that your passport is valid. Holders of out-of-date passports are not allowed to travel overseas. Then you can prepare for your trip. If you don't know the language, you can have all kinds of problems communicating with local people. Buying a pocket dictionary can make a difference. You'll be able to order food, buy things in shops and ask for directions. It's worth getting one. Also there's nothing worse than arriving at your destination to find there are no hotels available. The obvious way to avoid this is to book in advance. This can save you money too. Another frustrating thing that can happen is to go somewhere and not know about important sightseeing places. Get a guide book before you leave and make the most of your trip. It's a must.

Then, when you are ready to pack your clothes, make sure they are the right kind. It's no good packing sweaters and coats for a hot country or T-shirts and shorts for a cold one. Check the local climate before you leave.

Also, be careful how much you pack in your bags. It's easy to take too many clothes and then not have enough space for souvenirs. But make sure you pack essentials. What about money? Well, it's a good idea to take some local currency with you but not too much. There are conveniently located cash machines (ATMs) in most big cities, and it's usually cheaper to use them than change your cash in banks. Then you'll have more money to spend. When you are at your destination, other travelers often have great information they are happy to share.

Find out what they have to say. It could enhance your travelling experience.

**Question 31.** What is the passage mainly about?

- A. Things to avoid when you go abroad
- B. Tips for Travelers Overseas
- C. The benefits of travelling
- D. How to find ATMs in big cities

**Question 32.** According to the passage, you should do all of the following before leaving EXCEPT \_\_\_\_.

- A. taking money from an ATM
- B. making sure of the validity of your passport
- C. preparing suitable clothes
- D. getting a guide book

**Question 33.** The word "This" in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_.

- A. finding are no hotels to stay at
- B. saving money
- C. booking in advance
- D. asking for directions

**Question 34.** According to the passage, holders of out-of-date passports \_\_\_\_.

- A. have to show an ID instead when they travel
- B. cannot travel to other countries
- C. should ask for help from local people
- D. may have their passports renewed in any country.

**Question 35.** The word "essentials" in paragraph 4 mostly means \_\_\_\_.

- A. everything
- B. valuables
- C. necessities
- D. food

**Read and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions**

Nepal has made important progress over the past few years to promote equality, but the country still has **one** of the highest rates of child marriage in the world. 41% of Nepalese girls are married before the age of 18.

Poverty is both a cause and consequence of child marriage in Nepal. Girls from the wealthiest families marry 2 years later than **those** from the poorest, who are seen as an economic burden, and who drop out of school and earn little money.

Food insecurity plays an important role too. Nepalese families that do not have enough food to eat are more likely to marry their daughters at a young age to decrease the financial **burden**. One study shows that 91% of people who had secure access to food married over the age of 19.

Dowry is also common practice in many communities. Parents marry their daughters as soon as possible because the money they have to pay to the groom's family is higher if their daughter is older. Since 2010, the legal age of marriage is 20 for both men and women, or 18 with parental consent, according to the Nepalese Country Code. The law states that punishment for child marriage is **imprisonment** for up to three years and a fine of up to 10,000 rupees (£102). But reports suggest that this law is rarely applied. There has been quite a lot of progress in Nepal over the past 3 years with a clear government commitment to ending child marriage and civil society cooperation. The Ministry of Women, Children and Social Welfare is currently developing Nepal's first national strategy on child marriage in collaboration with UNICEF Nepal and Girls Not Brides Nepal. However, the post-earthquake and post-fuel crisis environment has meant progress is slow and the national strategy has been delayed.

**Question 36:** Which of the following best serves as the title for the passage?

- A. Nepal Government in an attempt to reduce social inequality.
- B. Child marriage - A completely tractable problem in Nepal.
- C. Nepal's strategies to child protection programming.
- D. One type of child abuse in Nepal: Child Marriage.

**Question 37:** According to paragraph 2, in Nepal, girls from needy families \_\_\_\_.

- A. play an important role in bolstering their household finances
- B. have to get married earlier than those are from affluent families
- C. can get married two years later than those are from poor families
- D. are forced to drop out of school because their parents have no money

**Question 38:** The word "those" in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_.

- A. girls
- B. families
- C. years
- D. rates

**Question 39:** The word "burden" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_.

- A. issue
- B. possibility
- C. responsibility
- D. expectation

**Question 40:** According to the last paragraph, how many years will a rule-breaker spend in jail?

A. exactly three years      B. over three years      C. from one to three years      D. about two years

**Question 41.** The word "**imprisonment**" in the last paragraph could be best replaced by \_\_\_\_\_.

A. detention      B. custody      C. salvation      D. emblem

**Question 42.** It can be inferred from the passage \_\_\_\_\_.

A. The government is not doing much to put an end to child marriage  
B. Nepal had the highest overall prevalence of child marriage in the world  
C. Families want to marry their daughters soon to earn money  
D. The recent earthquake was negative for the eradication of child marriage

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction**

**Question 43.** Caroline has worn her new yellow dress only once since she buys it.

A      B      C      D

**Question 44.** The puppy stood up slowly, wagged their tail, blinked its eyes, and barked.

A      B      C      D

**Question 45. :** Many successful film directions are former actors who desire to expand their experience in the

A      B      C      D

film industry.

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the following questions.**

**Question 46:** The weather was so terrible that we spent the whole day indoors.

A. The weather was too terrible for us to spend the whole day indoors.  
B. The weather wasn't terrible enough for us to spend the whole day indoors.  
C. It was such terrible weather that we spent the whole day indoors.  
D. The weather was too terrible that we spent the whole day indoors.

**Question 47:** I should have finished my work last night but I was exhausted.

A. I finished my work last night though I was exhausted.  
B. Last night I was exhausted but I tried to finish my work.  
C. I was exhausted so I didn't finish my work yesterday as planned.  
D. My work was finished last night but I was exhausted.

**Question 48:** It's very likely that the company will accept his application.

A. The company needs accept his application.      B. The company might accept his application.  
C. The company must accept his application.      D. The company should accept his application.

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences**

**Question 49:** Susan didn't apply for the job in the library. She regrets it now.

A. Susan wishes she had applied for the job in the library.  
B. If only Susan applied for the job in the library.  
C. Susan regrets applying for the job in the library.  
D. Susan regrets to apply for the job in the library.

**Question 50:** Hans told us about his investment in the company. He did it on his arrival at the meeting.

A. Hardly had he informed us about his investment in the company when Hans arrived at the meeting.  
B. Only after investing in the company did Hans inform us of his arrival at the meeting.  
C. No sooner had Hans arrived at the meeting than he told us about his investment in the company.  
D. Not until Hans told us that he would invest in the company did he arrive at the meeting.

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