

INSTRUCTIONS: Drag the vocabulary word next to its part of speech.

Vocabulary:

BOOMING

TYPICALLY

ABILITIES

SHUT DOWN

TOO

HAVE FOUND

NEAR

Parts of speech:

1. Preposition _____

2. Noun _____

3. Adverb _____

4. Verb _____

5. Adjective _____

6. Adverb _____

7. Verb _____



Parts of Speech	
NOUN Name of a person, place, thing or idea. Examples: Daniel, London, table, hope - Mary uses a blue pen for her notes.	PRONOUN A pronoun is used in place of a noun or noun phrase to avoid repetition. Examples: I, you, it, we, us, them, those - I want her to dance with me.
ADJECTIVE Describes, modifies or gives more information about a noun or pronoun. Examples: cold, happy, young, two, fun - The little girl has a pink hat.	VERB Shows an action or a state of being. Examples: go, speak, eat, live, are, is - I listen to the word and then repeat it.
ADVERB Modifies a verb, an adjective or another adverb. It tells how (often), where, when. Examples: slowly, very, always, well, too - Yesterday, I ate my lunch quickly.	PREPOSITION Shows the relationship of a noun or pronoun to another word. Examples: at, on, in, from, with, about - I left my keys on the table for you.
CONJUNCTION Joins two words, ideas, phrases together and shows how they are connected. Examples: and, or, but, because, yet, so - I was hot and tired but still finished it.	INTERJECTION A word or phrase that expresses a strong emotion. It is a short exclamation. Examples: Ouch! Hey! Oh! Watch out! - Wow! I passed my English exam.
www.grammar.cl	www.woodwardenglish.com www.vocabulary.cl