

## ĐỀ SỐ 9

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.**

1. A. flood                      B. moon                      C. food                      D. soon
2. A. theory                      B. thereby                      C. thesis                      D. thunder

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.**

3. A. adventure                      B. heritage                      C. pyramid                      D. benefit
4. A. significant                      B. environment                      C. conversation                      D. accommodate

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following question.**

5. It's against the law to kill the black rhinoceros. They \_\_\_\_\_ extinct.  
A. became                      B. are becoming                      C. become                      D. have become
6. Bogota, \_\_\_\_\_ is the capital city of Columbia, is a cosmopolitan city.  
A. that                      B. which                      C. where                      D. when
7. Henry denied \_\_\_\_\_ a whole bag of chocolate chip cookies before lunch.  
A. having ate                      B. to have eaten                      C. eating                      D. to eat
8. Don't ask me to decide. I'm not very good \_\_\_\_\_ making decisions.  
A. on                      B. at                      C. in                      D. about
9. He has applied for several different jobs, but is yet to find full-time \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. employment                      B. employer                      C. employee                      D. employable
10. The two cars for sales were in poor condition, so I didn't buy \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. either of them                      B. both of them                      C. neither of them                      D. each of them
11. The professor told me that I was doing well, \_\_\_\_\_ my final grade was awful!  
A. so                      B. therefore                      C. in spite of                      D. but
12. An arrangement between the two couples ensured there was always someone to \_\_\_\_\_ the children.  
A. take care                      B. keep up                      C. bring in                      D. look after
13. After the tourists \_\_\_\_\_ two hours in the gallery, they travelled to a craft village.  
A. had spent                      B. spent                      C. have spent                      D. spend
14. Because it is expensive to eat at a restaurant every day, it is more \_\_\_\_\_ to buy groceries and make your own meals.  
A. economic                      B. economical                      C. economist                      D. economics

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.**

15. They suggested to spend the summer holiday on an island in Pacific Ocean.
16. If he worked more slowly, he didn't make so many mistakes.

17. Lack of sanitation in restaurants are a major cause of disease in some areas of the country.

18. I'm still not sure I really understand it despite Tom explained it in detail.

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct response to each of the following exchanges.**

19: **Ann:** " \_\_\_\_\_ is it from here to your school?" - **Jack:** "About 10 minutes' walk."

A. How far                      B. How long                      C. How often      D. How fast

20. -" \_\_\_\_\_ " - "Actually, it's a little too hot for me. I prefer cold weather."

A. What's the weather like today?                      B. Is it hot or cold for you?  
C. It's a nice day, isn't it?                      D. Do you like cold weather?

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions.**

21. Students in our class always have a good relationship with one another.

A. get on with                      B. know                      C. look after                      D. think about

22. They all watched him without making any noise, waiting for an explanation.

A. silently                      B. slowly                      C. carefully                      D. cautiously

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions.**

23. After several weeks of not being able to sell the home, the owners increased the price by 10,000 dollars.

A. purchased                      B. reduced                      C. expanded                      D. divided

24. The students are constantly asking about the relevance of studying modern history when they live in the present time.

A. present                      B. human                      C. natural                      D. ancient

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.**

Most people are fascinated with whales and would long to see one up close. Whales are mammals. Like man, they (25) \_\_\_\_\_ in air so they must come to the surface at regular intervals. They also give birth to their young alive. The young calf stays with its mother for over a year, feeding on the milk produced by its mother. Whales vary in (26) \_\_\_\_\_, from nine-metre minke whale to the thirty-metre blue whale that often weighs as much as 150 tonnes.

Man first hunted whales for the oil in their blubber, a thick layer of fat (27) \_\_\_\_\_ keeps them warm. This oil was used as fuel, for example, in the lighting of candles. It was vital in illuminating homes and businesses in the 19<sup>th</sup> century. Whale oil was also used as a lubricant for the machines in factories (28) \_\_\_\_\_ the Industrial Revolution.



Today, whale oil is used for making margarine and for softening leather. The poorer quality meat is made into animal food.

Wildlife experts say that whales are in (29) \_\_\_\_\_ of extinction if the hunt for whales continues. The number of blue whales for instance, has fallen to about three thousand.

- |              |            |           |           |
|--------------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| 25.A. drink  | B. breathe | C. laugh  | D. jump   |
| 26.A. shape  | B. colour  | C. size   | D. age    |
| 27.A. which  | B. who     | C. where  | D. when   |
| 28.A. among  | B. about   | C. into   | D. during |
| 29.A. damage | B. death   | C. danger | D. injury |

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.**

There are 4400 living species of amphibians. Frogs, toads, newts and salamanders are all amphibians. Many live mainly on land, but most spend at least some of their lives in water. The largest amphibian, the Chinese giant salamander, is 1.8m long.

Frogs and salamanders are able to breathe through their damp skins to a certain extent, both in the water and on the land, but toads rely largely on their lungs and cannot remain underwater for long. Toads and frogs are similar in many ways, although toads usually have rougher, drier skins and may waddle rather than hop as frogs do.

Some toads produce spawn in strings like necklaces, rather than the mass of eggs laid by frogs.

Most amphibians lay their eggs in water. Frogs' eggs are called spawn. The eggs are protected from **predators** by a thick layer of jelly. A tadpole develops inside each egg. When it hatches, it is able to swim using its long tail, and it breathes through gills. As a tadpole grows, first hind legs then forelegs begin to form. Lungs develop, and the young frog is able to begin to breathe with its head above water. Gradually, the tail shortens until the young frog resembles its adult parents.

30. The text describes amphibians as animals that \_\_\_\_\_.

- |                                       |                                  |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A. do not have lungs                  | B. can live on land and in water |
| C. use their gills to eat and breathe | D. cannot swim very well         |

31. According to the text, the world's largest amphibian is a \_\_\_\_\_.

- |         |         |         |               |
|---------|---------|---------|---------------|
| A. frog | B. toad | C. newt | D. salamander |
|---------|---------|---------|---------------|

32. One of the differences between frogs and toads is that \_\_\_\_\_.

- |                                     |                                  |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A. frogs have drier skins           | B. frogs develop tails as adults |
| C. frogs can stay underwater longer | D. frogs lay eggs in strings     |

33. Young frogs start to breathe with their heads above water when they \_\_\_\_\_.

- |                            |                           |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| A. develop lungs           | B. develop internal gills |
| C. hatch out of their eggs | D. start eating insects   |

34. The underlined word "**predators**" in the passage probably means \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. animals that eat other animals                      B. animals that feed on grass  
C. amphibians living in water                              D. amphibians living on land

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.**

**35. They're twins, but they don't have many interests in common.**

- A. Despite they're twins, they don't have many interests in common.  
B. They don't have many interests in common even though they're twins.  
C. Although they're twins, but they don't have many interests in common.  
D. They don't have many interests in common because they're twins.

**36. "Remember to pick me up at 7 o'clock tomorrow morning," he said.**

- A. He told me to remember to pick him up at 7 o'clock tomorrow morning.  
B. He reminded me to pick him up at 7 o'clock the following morning.  
C. He reminded me to remember to pick him up at 7 o'clock the next morning.  
D. He told me to pick him up at 7 o'clock the next day morning.

**37. Unfortunately, we do need to work today, and I don't like it.**

- A. I wish that we didn't need to work today.                      B. If we worked today, I would like it.  
C. I hope that we won't need work today.                      D. We don't need to work today.

**38. He turned on the radio. He wanted to listen to the news.**

- A. He turned on the radio by listening to the news.  
B. He turned on the radio if he listened to the news.  
C. He turned on the radio to listen to the news.  
D. He turned on the radio to listening to the news.

**39. The bus driver stopped frequently to allow the tourists to see the sights.**

- A. If the bus driver stopped frequently, the tourists could see the sights.  
B. The bus driver stopped frequently because the tourists could see the sights.  
C. The bus driver stopped frequently so that the tourists could see the sights.  
D. Although the bus driver stopped frequently, tourists could see the sights.

**40. The rent for this apartment is more expensive than we had expected.**

- A. We had expected such an expensive rent for this apartment.  
B. The rent for this apartment is not as cheap as we had expected.  
C. We hadn't expected such a cheaper rent for this apartment.  
D. The rent for this apartment is as expensive as we had expected.

\_\_\_\_\_ **The end** \_\_\_\_\_