

REVISION FOR THE SECOND SEMESTER TEST- ENGLISH 6

School year: 2021-2021

I. VOCABULARY

Students revise all the words/ phrases on topics (Unit 6; 7; 8; 9 & 10 English 6-Discovery) relating to:

- Sports & sports people
- Technology and important moments in the past
- Different countries
- Means of transport and travel
- Work and jobs

II. GRAMMAR

- + Present Simple tense
- + Present Continuous tense
- + Past simple tense
- + Future tense
- + Modal verbs: Have to / must / don't have to / mustn't / should / shouldn't
- + Present Continuous for future arrangements
- + Question words
- + There is/ There are / There was / there were
- + Quantifiers: a/ an/ some/ any/ too much/ too many/ not enough
- + like / love/ enjoy/ hate/ can't stand + V-ing
- + Articles
- + First Conditional

PRACTICE

A. PHONETICS

I. Circle the option whose underlined part is pronounced differently.

- | | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. <u>visi</u> ted | B. <u>list</u> ened | C. <u>need</u> ed | D. <u>want</u> ed |
| 2. A. <u>copi</u> ed | B. <u>stud</u> ied | C. <u>chang</u> ed | D. <u>watch</u> ed |
| 3. A. <u>fix</u> ed | B. <u>miss</u> ed | C. <u>open</u> ed | D. <u>click</u> ed |
| 4. A. <u>match</u> es | B. <u>surv</u> ives | C. <u>gives</u> | D. <u>belie</u> ves |
| 5. A. <u>talk</u> s | B. <u>forget</u> s | C. <u>spe</u> aks | D. <u>trav</u> els |
| 6. A. <u>inv</u> ite | B. <u>prom</u> ise | C. <u>cycl</u> ist | D. <u>wind</u> y |
| 7. A. <u>snow</u> y | B. <u>world</u> | C. <u>con</u> sole | D. <u>met</u> ro |
| 8. A. <u>convers</u> ation | B. <u>spe</u> aker | C. <u>is</u> land | D. <u>sk</u> ype |
| 9. A. <u>bilin</u> gual | B. <u>char</u> ity | C. <u>commu</u> nication | D. <u>int</u> ensive |
| 10. A. <u>Asia</u> | B. <u>cam</u> era | C. <u>pal</u> ace | D. <u>A</u> frica |
| 11. A. <u>nat</u> ive | B. <u>gat</u> e | C. <u>stat</u> ue | D. <u>ch</u> ange |

- | | | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| 12. A. <u>individual</u> | B. hair <u>dryer</u> | C. out <u>door</u> | D. med <u>al</u> |
| 13. A. tooth <u>brush</u> | B. marath <u>on</u> | C. sunbath <u>ing</u> | D. <u>the</u> ory |
| 14. A. <u>char</u> ity | B. wat <u>ch</u> | C. mat <u>ch</u> | D. <u>ch</u> ampagne |
| 15. A. <u>lan</u> guage | B. voc <u>ab</u> ulary | C. <u>A</u> ntarctica | D. commu <u>nic</u> ation |

II. Find the word with a different stress pattern from the others in each line.

- | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. A. h <u>oc</u> key | B. k <u>e</u> ttle | C. v <u>i</u> deo | D. b <u>e</u> lieve |
| 2. A. i <u>n</u> voke | B. s <u>e</u> cret | C. p <u>r</u> epare | D. s <u>u</u> ccess |
| 3. A. t <u>r</u> avel | B. s <u>pe</u> cial | C. r <u>e</u> porter | D. m <u>e</u> tro |
| 4. A. c <u>e</u> ntury | B. d <u>i</u> sagree | C. m <u>a</u> rathon | D. d <u>a</u> ngerous |
| 5. A. s <u>t</u> ation | B. a <u>d</u> dress (AE) | C. b <u>o</u> okshop | D. th <u>i</u> rteen |
| 6. A. t <u>r</u> affic | B. r <u>e</u> turn | C. b <u>i</u> rthday | D. s <u>t</u> ation |
| 7. A. r <u>e</u> staurant | B. c <u>e</u> lebrate | C. d <u>i</u> rection | D. b <u>e</u> autiful |
| 8. A. f <u>og</u> gy | B. e <u>n</u> joy | C. v <u>i</u> llage | D. m <u>o</u> untain |
| 9. A. m <u>e</u> dal | B. b <u>a</u> seball | C. h <u>i</u> story | D. m <u>a</u> chine |
| 10. A. i <u>n</u> ternet | B. t <u>e</u> chnology | C. i <u>m</u> portant | D. c <u>o</u> mputer |

III. Odd one out

- | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. A. t <u>r</u> am | B. t <u>r</u> ain | C. m <u>o</u> untain | D. c <u>o</u> ach |
| 2. A. N <u>o</u> rth | B. S <u>o</u> uth | C. W <u>e</u> st | D. A <u>s</u> ia |
| 3. A. A <u>f</u> rica | B. P <u>a</u> cific | C. N <u>o</u> rth America | D. A <u>n</u> tarctica |
| 4. A. l <u>a</u> ke | B. r <u>i</u> ver | C. s <u>e</u> a | D. f <u>l</u> ag |
| 5. A. b <u>o</u> ught | B. a <u>t</u> e | C. p <u>l</u> ayed | D. r <u>a</u> ng |
| 6. A. c <u>o</u> oker | B. k <u>e</u> ttle | C. i <u>n</u> ventor | D. w <u>a</u> shing machine |
| 7. A. l <u>e</u> tt <u>e</u> r | B. e <u>m</u> ail | C. p <u>i</u> cture | D. t <u>e</u> xt message |
| 8. A. s <u>h</u> ould | B. c <u>a</u> n | C. m <u>u</u> st | D. d <u>o</u> |
| 9. A. s <u>k</u> iing | B. e <u>a</u> ting | C. h <u>i</u> king | D. s <u>u</u> r <u>f</u> ing |
| 10. A. w <u>e</u> ather | B. s <u>u</u> nn <u>y</u> | C. w <u>i</u> ndy | D. s <u>n</u> owy |

B. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

I. Choose the best answers to complete the sentences.

- What are you looking _____ in the rubbish bin?
A. for B. to C. up D. of
- Did you _____ a nice holiday?
A. do B. have C. go D. take
- Are you _____ on skateboarding?
A. fanatic B. interested C. keen D. fond
- Who did you talk _____ at the party?
A. to B. from C. for D. between
- There is a very long _____ in Egypt called the Nile.

- A. ocean B. sea C. island D. river
6. I usually go to school on _____.
- A. foot B. feet C. walking D. motorbike
7. I usually _____ on the train at 8 a.m.
- A. go B. do C. make D. get
8. I think there need to be more bike _____ in this city.
- A. roads B. lanes C. lines D. streets
9. I'd really like to learn another _____ language.
- A. native B. second C. foreign D. official
10. The biggest _____ in the world is *Asia*.
- A. continent B. ocean C. country D. city
11. Can you speak Chinese _____?
- A. easily B. difficultly C. fluently D. good
12. Did you see Andrea's _____ on Facebook yesterday? It was really funny!
- A. post B. tweet C. text D. track
13. I often listen to music on my _____.
- A. MP3 player B. website C. charger D. webcam
14. Why are you so anxious? You're always worrying _____ something!
- A. at B. about C. on D. for
15. If you look at a map and see an arrow pointing up towards the Arctic, it's pointing _____.
- A. north B. south C. east D. west.
16. She _____ watching sport on TV tonight! – Her TV's broken.
- A. aren't B. isn't C. wasn't D. didn't
17. _____ are you using my computer? - Because mine is broken.
- A. Where B. When C. What D. Why
18. Would you like _____ to the cinema tonight?
- A. going B. to go C. coming D. to come
19. He goes to the train _____ to catch a train.
- A. line B. station C. park D. stop
20. I can't see the sun at all today. It is really _____.
- A. sunny B. windy C. cloudy D. rain
21. I tried to _____ a horse a few weeks ago, but I didn't enjoy it very much.
- A. ride B. drive C. go D. take
22. The Mediterranean _____ is between Africa and Europe.
- A. lake B. ocean C. sea D. island
23. The _____ of India is the rupee. There are between 60 to 70 rupees for \$1.

- A. money B. capital city C. flag D. native
24. My mom loves _____ on holiday, but I prefer visiting museums.
A. shop B. shopping C. shopper D. shopped
25. In the Geography quiz at school today, the teacher _____ questions about different countries.
A. made B. demanded C. asked D. gave
26. I have a Taylor Swift song as the _____ on my phone.
A. ringtone B. console C. browser D. webcam
27. Before electricity, people used _____ to light their homes.
A. satellites B. candles C. kettles D. chargers
28. Dad takes _____ umbrella because it is raining. _____ umbrella is beautiful.
A. an/An B. a/The C. an/The D. an/A
29. What's _____ capital city of the USA?
A. a B. an C. the D. no article
30. "What would you like to eat?" - _____.
A. I like cheese B. A burger, please C. It's delicious D. It's terrible
31. "I can't stand Math!" - _____
A. Yes, I like it too. B. No, you can't.
C. I don't like it either. D. So am I
32. "Why don't we go to the cinema tonight?" - _____
A. It's over there. B. What a good idea!
C. No, I can't. D. Did you enjoy the film?
33. The air conditioner Mary has just bought is very hard to use.
(Circle the word that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part)
A. boring B. difficult C. simple D. easy
34. I'm fond of playing sports.
(Circle the word that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part)
A. really into B. hate C. detest D. dislike
35. In Western culture, it is polite to maintain eye contact during conversation.
(Circle the word that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part)
A. wonderful B. rude C. unsuitable D. suitable
36. She passed the exam with flying colors.
(Circle the word that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part)
A. won B. failed C. did D. lost
37. It's dangerous to _____ when it's foggy because you can't see much. You need special lights on the car.

- A. drive B. ride C. go D. fly
38. In the school library, you _____ work quietly.
A. have to B. mustn't C. don't have to D. can't
39. In some countries, you _____ eat all of the food on your plate – it's OK if you leave some.
A. have to B. mustn't C. don't have to D. must
40. When you play sport, you _____ wear the wrong clothes.
A. have to B. mustn't C. don't have to D. must

II. Complete each sentence with the correct form of the words in capital.

- Facebook is the most popular social _____ site in Vietnam. (NETWORK)
- You should keep your _____ information save on social media. (PERSON)
- Knowing about the _____ rules is really important when you travel to a new place. (CULTURE)
- Rock church is one of the most popular tourist _____ in Sa Pa. (ATTRACT)
- Local children learn a lot from the foreigners and they could _____ in English. (COMMUNICATION)
- I am going to go _____ in the mountains next summer. (HIKE)

III. Find and correct one mistake in each sentence below.

- The USA always won a lot of medals at the Olympic Games.
A B C D
_____ → _____
- Our teacher were in the classroom before us today.
A B C D
_____ → _____
- Let's going cycling this afternoon. It's lovely and sunny.
A B C D
_____ → _____
- Gary lost his smartphone at the concert last night and he didn't found it.
A B C D
_____ → _____
- The teacher explained the new words and I can understood easily.
A B C D
_____ → _____
- At our school you don't have to wear an uniform. That's good – I like choosing my own clothes.
A B C D
_____ → _____

IV. Give the correct form or tenses of the verbs in brackets.

1. _____ (your sister sell) her house next year?
2. At break times, you _____ (not/ have/ go) outside if the weather is bad.
3. We (not be) _____ at home at 6 o'clock yesterday – we (go) _____ out to the cinema with our friends.
4. In school, you have to / mustn't run in the corridors.
5. If you see the Head Teacher, you *don't have to* / *mustn't* do anything silly!
6. In science experiments, you *have to* / *don't have to* / *mustn't* be careful with the chemicals and equipment.
7. Q: Where did you visit on holiday?
A: I (*visit*) _____ lots of different places.
8. Q: Who (*Annie/ see*) _____ on Saturday? A: She saw her friends.
9. A: (*she/see*) _____ your boyfriend yesterday? B: No, she _____.
10. Uruguay (*not be*) _____ the first winner of the football World Cup in 1930.
11. I _____ (*take*) the train to work tomorrow for a change.
12. Amar _____ (*not buy*) anything at the shops today.
13. The sun _____ (*not shine*) yesterday so I _____ (*stay*) at home.
14. My mum and dad _____ (*usually/ shout*) really loud to support our team.
15. It _____ (*be*) my grandmother's eightieth birthday last weekend.

C. READING

I. Read the text below and decide which answer A, B, C, or D fits each space.

When you are in Singapore, you can go about (1) _____ taxi, by bus, or by underground. I myself prefer the underground (2) _____ it is fast, easy and cheap. There are (3) _____ buses and taxis in Singapore and one cannot drive along the road quickly and without many stops, especially on Monday morning. The underground is therefore usually quicker (4) _____ taxis or buses. If you do not know Singapore very well, it is difficult to find the bus you want. You can take a taxi, but it is more expensive than the underground or a bus. On the underground, you find good maps that tell you the names of the stations and show you (5) _____ to get to them, so that it is easy to find your way.

- | | | | |
|-----------|------------|---------|---------|
| 1. A. by | B. in | C. at | D. on |
| 2. A. but | B. because | C. when | D. so |
| 3. A. few | B. a lot | C. many | D. some |
| 4. A. so | B. like | C. than | D. as |
| 5. A. who | B. what | C. when | D. how |

II. Read the following passage and choose the correct answer to each of the questions.

THE FAMOUS ROCKETTES

Imagine a long line of dancers performing a difficult high kick at exactly the same time. That was the vision of Russell Markert, who came up with the idea for the Rockettes back in 1925. The Rockettes, an all-female dance group, have come a long way with their high kicks. They have performed at the Radio City Music Hall in New York City since its opening in 1932.

The goal of the Rockettes is for all of the dancers to make the same movements at the exact same time, as if they were one person rather than 36. This task requires a lot of practice, skill, and cooperation. The Rockettes perform in more than 200 shows over a two-month period. The schedule requires a huge commitment from the dancers.

Over the years, more than 3,000 women have danced as Rockett They say that performing with the group is a dream come true, despite the long hours of practice and the demanding schedule. They love it when the audience stands and cheers.

(adapted from <http://yourworkbox.weebly.com>)

1. According to the passage, what are the Rockettes best known for?

- A. Their individual dance skills.
- B. Their training with Russell Markert.
- C. Their high kicks.
- D. Their demanding schedule.

2. Based on the passage, who was Russell Markert?

- A. A member of the audience.
- B. The founder of the Rockettes.
- C. The first male dancer in the Rockettes.
- D. The owner of Radio City Music Hall.

3. Which theme does the passage communicate?

- A. Dance is not a good form of exercise.
- B. Many dancers can perform as if they were one.
- C. Female and male dancers are different.
- D. Dance has not changed over time.

4. Based on the passage, what conclusion can you draw about the Rockettes?

- A. It is easy to become a Rockette.
- B. Men have recently joined the group.
- C. They are popular with audiences today.
- D. They were more popular in the past.

5. The underlined phrase "came up with" mostly means _____.

- A. produced
- B. reached
- C. performed
- D. thought

6. The underlined word 'its' refers to _____.

- A. New York City
- B. the Radio City Music Hall
- C. the Rockettes
- D. the goal of the Rockettes

D. WRITING

I. Rewrite the following sentences so that it has a similar meaning to the first ones.

1. It took us two hours to repair the car yesterday.

→ We spent _____.

2. We plan to celebrate a small party this weekend.

→ We are _____.

3. No students in my class are as intelligent as Nam.

→ Nam is _____.

4. Charles doesn't like travelling.

→ Charles is _____.

5. It isn't necessary to keep quiet at break time.

→ You _____.

II. Put the words in the correct order to make meaningful sentences.

1. how/ going to / are/ celebrate your next birthday/ you/?

→ _____.

2. beautiful / is / of / most / in / New Zealand / the / countries / one /world / the /.

→ _____.

3. can/ language/ you/ learn to speak/ fluently/ in two years/ a/.

→ _____.

4. I/ social networking site/ Last year, / decided/ popular/ to join/ a/.

→ _____.

5. musical instrument/ were/ with her sister/ played/ Becky/ a/ young/ they/ when/.

→ _____.

III. Write the questions for the underlined part in each sentence.

1. We waited at the bus stop for half an hour in the rain.

→ _____.

2. I am meeting Tom at the bus stop in five minutes.

→ _____.

3. My friend shouted at me when I broke her phone.

→ _____.

4. My cousin speaks Italian fluently because he lived in Italy when he was younger.

→ _____.

5. Chris and Sandy bought a new computer at the weekend.

→ _____.

THE END