

V. BÀI TẬP VỀ NHÀ



Exercise 1. Read the text and answer the questions using NO MORE THAN FOUR WORDS

A Many Australians celebrate New Year's Eve on 31 December each year. It is the day before New Year's Day, the 1 January. New Year's Eve is not a public holiday in Australia but schools and colleges are closed because it is a holiday period. Some offices may also be closed because a lot of people don't go to work during this time.

B Many Australian cities have special New Year's Eve events that include parades, music and entertainment. Some people go to masquerade parties. Other people have picnics in parks or have special parties and barbeques in their own homes or on boats and beaches.

C The largest New Year's Eve celebrations take place in Sydney and Melbourne. In Sydney over 1.5 million people go to a massive firework display with around 5 000 fireworks let off from the bridge and from boats in the harbor.

D Firework displays mark the end of the old year and the beginning of the New Year. The largest and most impressive firework displays are at midnight on New Year's Eve. It is a way of saying goodbye to the past and saying hello to the future.¹¹



Questions 1 – 5

1 When is New Year's Day?

¹¹ Tham khảo bài đọc trang 17, sách Bridge to IELTS Band 3.5 – 4.5, NXB National Geographic Learning

2 What are some special events of Australian cities during the occasion?

3 In which two cities do the largest New Year celebrations take place?

4 How many people watch the firework display in Sydney?

5 What are characteristics of the firework displays during midnight of New Year's Eve?

Exercise 2. Read the text and answer the questions using NO MORE THAN FOUR WORDS

FAST FOOD

Behind the image

- 1 We all know what a fast-food outlet looks like and what it serves. This is because when a big modern business offers fast food, it knows that we, its customers, are likely to want No Surprises. We are hungry, tired and not in a celebratory mood.
- 2 The building itself is easy to recognize and designed to be a 'home from home', on the motorway or in the city. However, the usual things you find in a restaurant are a little different— tables and chairs are bolted to the floor, and cutlery is either non-existent or not worth stealing. The staff wear a distinctive uniform, menus are always the same and even placed in the same spot in every outlet in the chain; prices are low, and the theme of cleanliness is repeated endlessly.
- 3 The company attempts to play the role of kind and concerned parent. It knows people are suspicious of large corporations and so it tries to stress its love for children; it often has cottagey-style buildings for warmth and cosiness or large glass walls and smooth surfaces to show cleanliness and modernity. It responds to social concerns, for example, the worry about fat in our diets is responded by putting salad on the menu when there was pressure in various countries from doctors and health ministers.

4 Fast-food chains want to be ordinary and to be thought of as almost inseparable from the idea of everyday food consumed outside the home. They are happy to allow their customers time off for holidays — Thanksgiving, Christmas and so on for which they do not cater. Even those comparatively rare holiday times are turned to a profit when carefully placed TV commercials will spread the word concerning new fast-food products and re-imprint the image of the various chains for later.

5 Supplying a hamburger that is perfect is a difficult thing to do. The technology involved has meant spending huge sums on both research and money. However, the image that is maintained is of a 'casual' eating experience. Make up your own mind, but there's more to a hamburger than just beef in a bread roll.¹²

Questions 1 – 6

1 What is the usual design concept of fast food restaurant buildings?

- A. Different
- B. Home from home
- C. Bolted chairs and table

2 What is emphasized repeatedly in fast food chains?

- A. Staff with uniform
- B. Low prices
- C. Theme of cleanliness

3 What does cottagey-style building represent?

- A. Warmth and cosiness
- B. cleanliness and modernity
- C. love

¹² Tham khảo bài đọc trang 6, sách Objective IELTS Workbook, NXB Cambridge

4 What did fast food chain incorporate in their menu acknowledging people's concern of being overweight?

A. Salad
B. Widely held belief
C. Large glass walls

5 During holiday times, what would a fast-food chain do to earn profit?

A. Cater meals
B. Home delivery
C. Spread commercials

6 What is/are included in the technology involved to serve a perfect hamburger?

A. Research and money
B. Casual eating experience
C. Beef and bread roll

Exercise 3. Refer to the passage and answer the following questions with NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS

Read the following passage from a health education booklet.

Cuts

Bleeding can usually be stopped by applying pressure to the cut for 2 or 3 minutes. The cut can then be carefully inspected. If it has bled freely, any germs will normally have been washed away by the blood.

Apply a plaster dressing firmly, bringing the edges of the cut together so that it knits quickly.
Keep dry for 1 to 3 days.

If the cut is deep and the edges cannot be pulled together with a dressing, consult the doctor or practice nurse. A tetanus injection may be needed.

Grazes

Dirt will often enter a graze caused by falling on a hard or rough surface. It must be cleaned out carefully.

After cleaning, leave the graze uncovered. Exposure to the air will cause a scab to form. This will gradually dry and fall off. It is not a good idea to apply a dressing. This may stick to the graze or make it infected.

Bruises

Bruises are very common in children. They normally get better in 7 to 10 days. Parents sometimes worry that a bone may be broken. Children's bones are rubbery and rarely break, but if in doubt consult the doctor.

If a child gets up at once after a fall and moves about normally, it is unlikely that a bone has been broken. But the child may be stiff the next day because of the bruising which has occurred.

Severe bruising can be treated by rest for 24 to 48 hours. In the case of a badly bruised leg, the limb should be raised. Lying in bed is the easiest way to do this.

A cold compress may ease a bad bruise if applied at once. This is made by soaking some material in water and applying it to the bruise.

Bruises on the head may cause anxiety. If the patient was not "knocked out" and can remember the accident, it is unlikely that serious injury has resulted.

But if the patient was knocked unconscious and cannot remember what happened, he or she should be taken to a hospital Casualty Department.

Insect Bites

These are common in the summer. They look like spots about 5mm across. They are very itchy and usually appear on exposed parts, e.g. arms and legs.

The itching can be relieved by calamine lotion.

Burns and Scalds

Minor burns and scalds cause redness of the skin. Immediate treatment by pouring cold water over a burn is often helpful. If burns cause severe blistering or break the skin, the doctor should be consulted.

Sunburn should, if possible, be prevented by avoiding long exposure and covering exposed areas adequately. It may be treated by calamine lotion and soluble aspirin to relieve the pain.¹³

1 What can you do to the cut to stop the bleeding quickly?

2 When the cut bleeds freely, what may be brought out by the blood?

3 What may cause a graze to become infected?

4 What types of people are likely to get bruises?

5 When may a child feel uncomfortable because of a bruise he or she gets after a fall?

6 What is the easy way suggested to treat a badly bruised leg?

7 Where could the injury be if anxiety is a symptom?

¹³ Tham khảo Unit 7, sách Basic IELTS Reading