

UNIT 10 COMMUNICATION

A. PHONETICS

1. Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.

Read the words aloud.

- | | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. <u>o</u> ther | B. lea <u>th</u> er | C. wea <u>lth</u> y | D. bro <u>th</u> er |
| 2. A. tele <u>v</u> ision | B. ele <u>p</u> hant | C. <u>s</u> ection | D. Sw <u>e</u> dish |
| 3. A. <u>e</u> xplain | B. cur <u>r</u> ent | C. <u>d</u> esire | D. <u>e</u> lectric |
| 4. A. th <u>re</u> aten | B. th <u>re</u> ad | C. <u>s</u> eat | D. br <u>ea</u> d |
| 5. A. de <u>a</u> f | B. lea <u>f</u> | C. m <u>ea</u> t | D. h <u>ea</u> t |

2. Choose the word that has a different stress pattern from the others.

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 1. A. appliance | B. activity | C. adventure | D. average |
| 2. A. favorite | B. government | C. influence | D. identify |
| 3. A. economic | B. volcanic | C. disappointed | D. scientific |
| 4. A. reputation | B. description | C. suggestion | D. pollution |
| 5. A. magazine | B. picture | C. documentary | D. entertain |

3. Choose the correct option A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.

- American rarely shake hands to say goodbye, except _____ business occasions.
A. during B. at C. on D. in
- In most social situations where people of acquaintance meet each other, _____ way of greeting is allowed.
A. format B. informal C. serious D. artificial
- Hand _____ can mean a person is interested in the conversation.
A. gestures B. signals C. gesture D. sign
- My father shouted at me, _____ made me feel sorrow.
A. that B. who C. whose D. which
- As eyes contact has the ability to regulate the flow of communication, it is an important _____ of interpersonal communication.
A. way B. method C. approach D. channel
- If you behave yourself well, your parents will be _____.
A. happily B. happy C. happiness D. unhappy
- I believe that our new manager has the _____ to work well in this business environment.
A. inflexible B. flexibly C. flexibility D. flexible
- _____ at someone is usually considered rude.
A. Point B. To point C. To pointing D. Pointing
- In the first meeting, people often _____ your visual and behavioral appearance from head to toe.
A. estimate B. appraise C. evaluate D. consider
- The most common way of attracting someone's attention is by _____.
A. waving B. to waving C. to wave D. wave

4. Fill each blank with a suitable word in the box. There are two extras.

<i>intend</i>	<i>in</i>	<i>of</i>	<i>Pay</i>	<i>employees</i>	<i>yours</i>
<i>neither</i>	<i>give</i>	<i>number</i>	<i>Somebody</i>	<i>for</i>	<i>Few</i>

It's always worth preparing well for an interview. Don't just hope (1) the best. Here are a (2) tips. Practise how you say things, as well as what you (3) to say. If you don't own a video camera, perhaps a friend of (4) does. Borrow it and make a video

tape of yourself. Find (5) to watch it with you and give you a (6) of advice on how you appear and behave. Before the interview, plan what to wear. Find out how the company expects its (7) to dress. At the interview, believe (8) yourself and be honest, open and friendly. (9) Attention and keep your answers to the point. The interviewer doesn't want to waste time and (10) do you.

C. WRITING

1. Make up meaningful sentences using the words and phrases given. Sometimes you have to change the forms of the words given.

To help avoid conversational misunderstanding, here's some advice:

1. not/ be/ offend/ someone's way/ talk/ ./ It's/ normal/ people/ try/ get/ you/ communicate/ them/ their/ style/.

2. Be/ flexible/ !/ You/ have/ adjust/ you/ time/ loud/ speed/ suit/ person/ you're/ talk/ to/.

3. Keep/ open mind/ what/ be/ "correct"/ ./ There/ no one/ right/ way/ express/ something/.

4. Tell/ other/ person/ when/ communicate/ be/ break/ down/.

5. When/ you/ don't/ understand/ what/ person/ intend/ say/ ./ ask/ direct/ but/ gentle/.

2. Rewrite the following sentences so that their meaning stays the same, using the words given.

1. Barbara isn't trying to solve her financial problems. (effort)

Barbara is

2. Anna feels sad because Fred ignored her needs in several months. (caring)

Anna thinks

3. When we get together, everybody talks a lot, freely and cheerfully. (enjoy)

Members

4. Anna is always very quiet with her husband's family. Everybody thought she was acting superior to them. (different)

5. Fred always feels uncomfortable because everyone in Anna's family is so quiet. (the way)

Fred feels

3. There is one mistake in each sentence. Find out and correct it.

1. As soon as he will come back from his office, tell him to see me.

A B C D

2. He regretted not say goodbye to his girlfriend at the airport.

A B C D

3. The town we visited was a four – days journey from our hotel, so we took the train instead

A B C

of the bus.

D

4. Our new neighbors had been living in Paris since ten years before moving to their present

A B C D

house.

5. The explanation that our teacher gave us was difficult than the one you gave us.

A B C D