

Name: _____ Group: _____ Date: _____



Focus on Grammar:

Write down the comparative and superlative next to the adjectives.



COMPARATIVE	SUPERLATIVE
cheap - _____	- the _____
interesting - _____	- the _____
hot - _____	- the _____
heavy - _____	- the _____
thin - _____	- the _____
famous - _____	- the _____
big - _____	- the _____
easy - _____	- the _____

Adjectives with irregular comparison forms - complete with the comparative and superlative.

COMPARATIVE	SUPERLATIVE
good - _____	- the _____
bad - _____	- the _____
many - _____	- the _____
little - _____	- the _____
much - _____	- the _____

Complete the sentences using the comparative. Use the adjective in brackets.

Football is _____ than volleyball. (popular)

My brother is _____ than my sister. (tall)

Spanish is _____ to learn than English. (difficult)

Snowboarding is _____ than skiing. (easy)

Complete the sentences with the superlative of the adjectives in brackets.

This is the _____ building of the city. (high)
Toni is the _____ runner of our school. (fast)
My test was the _____ in class. (good)
She is one of the _____ tennis players. (difficult)



Tell that it is the same. Use the given adjectives.

My friend is _____ my brother. (clever)
I like skateboarding _____ jogging. (much)
We played soccer _____ yesterday. (long)
Tigers are _____ lions. (dangerous)



Fill in the text with the correct comparative or superlative form.

For me, watching a football match is _____ (interesting) watching a tennis match. But for my brother football is _____ (good) sport of them all, but my sister thinks that watching sports is _____ (boring) thing you can do. She likes meeting her friends _____ (much) anything else. She meets them very often and they enjoy going to the mall _____ (little) going to the cinema. I really don't like going shopping. I think that's _____ (annoying) thing to waste time.

Listening Practice



1) Which city is warmer?

- ___ a) San Francisco
- ___ b) Los Angeles
- ___ c) He does not say

2) Which city is more expensive?

- ☐ a) San Francisco
- ☐ b) Los Angeles
- ☐ c) He does not say

3) Which city is older?

- ☐ a) San Francisco
- ☐ b) Los Angeles
- ☐ c) He does not say

4) Which city is better according to him?

- ☐ a) San Francisco
- ☐ b) Los Angeles
- ☐ c) He does not say



Reading Practice

São Paulo an Alpha World City



São Paulo is the largest city in South America and the third most populous of the world, with more than 10 million **inhabitants**. It is the economical capital of Brazil and a very busy place. It is also the richest in culture, parks and museums.

São Paulo is centered around the *Praça da Sé*, where there is a stone mark symbolizing the “point zero” of the city. The subway system is cheap and efficient but it covers only a few areas of the city, although extensions are being made. The most interesting neighborhoods and places to visit include *Jardins*, *Itaim* and The *Ibirapuera* Park.

The **main** tourist attractions in the city include the different neighborhoods with their special Italian, Japanese or Arabic influence. They have their own characteristic atmosphere and it is a lot of fun to walk around, go to one of the many small restaurants or have a drink somewhere.

Brazilians say that *Paulistanos* (*São Paulo* locals) live to work and to eat which is certainly true. Food in *São Paulo* is the best in the country. You can find it from a variety of restaurants from the simplest delivery place to the fine expensive ones.

São Paulo is also very much a party town. You can get **stuck** in the traffic in the middle of the night when party animals return from their hunt.

Automotive traffic in *São Paulo* is complicated, especially in main routes all along the weekdays and gets worse at rush hours (from 8 a.m. to 10 a.m. and from 6 p.m. to 8 p.m.). On the weekend traffic is good with some **impediments** in places where there are bars, shopping centers or other public attractions.

São Paulo has the largest underground transportation system in Brazil the “Metro”. However, it is not as **comprehensive** as the trains in Europe or North America but it covers the most important areas.

A) After you read the previous text, read the next questions and choose the correct answer.

1. What time does the traffic get worse in *São Paulo* ?
 - a) It gets worse during rush hours.
 - b) From 8 to 10 a.m. only.
 - c) In the mornings, from 8 to 10 a.m. and in the evenings from 6 to 8. p.m.
2. Where is *São Paulo* located?
 - a) *São Paulo* is between *Itaim* and *Ibirapuera* park.
 - b) It is centered where there is a Stone Mark.
 - c) It is near a beach.
- 3) Why is *São Paulo* the largest city in South America?
 - a) Because of the amount of inhabitants, it has more than 10 million people.
 - b) Because it has a variety in museums and parks which attracts many tourists.
 - c) Because of its growing economics and rich culture.
- 4) Who are the *Paulistanos*?
 - a) People who work in popular restaurants around *São Paulo*.
 - b) The local people from the largest city of South America.
 - c) It is not mentioned in the text.
- 5) What are the most interesting neighborhoods in the city?
 - a) *Jardins* and *Itaim* are included as the most fascinating ones.
 - b) There is only one which is *Praça da Sé*.
 - c) The most interesting ones are those who have foreign influences.



Writing practice:

Living in a big city vs. living in a small town (e.g. Bogotá vs. Melgar). You can use the following adjectives and the ones you consider necessary to cope with the task.

Crowded- peaceful- dangerous – expensive – big – interesting – quiet – happy – far – hot – impressive – cosmopolitan – touristy – calm – noisy, etc.

M.ED. PAOLA FORERO SALAMANCA