

(Đề thi gồm 04 trang – học sinh làm bài ra tờ giấy thi)

SECTION A: LISTENING

I. Listen to the conversation twice then write complete the form below. Write ONE WORD AND / OR A NUMBER for each answer. Questions 1-5

TAUBER INSURANCE Co.

Insurance type:	Vehicle
Policy:	1.
Make & Model:	Masda Marvel
Engine size:	2.
Name	Lisa Marie Heathcote
Date of birth:	3. 1995
Password:	4.
Change valuation?	Yes
Reduce value to:	5. \$.....

I. Listen to the conversation twice, then choose the best answer to complete these sentences.

Questions 6-10

6. Ismael is.....
A. OK, but a bit ill B. OK, but has a lot of homework C. OK, but a bit bored
7. 'Light and dark' is.....
A. a science fiction film B. a romantic comedy C. a horror film
8. The comedy film is about
A. a family B. shop C. school
9. Jack hates
A. horror films B. romantic films C. science fiction films
10. They decide to meet at
A. half past seven B. 7 o'clock C. 8 o'clock

SECTION B: PHONETICS

I. Choose the word that has the underlined parts pronounced differently from the others in each group:

1. A. talked B. laughed C. washed D. raised
2. A. chicken B. coach C. orchestra D. change
4. A. water B. call C. car D. walk

II. Choose the word that has a different stress pattern from the others in each group:

4. A. costume B. canoe C. highlight D. season
5. A. pavement B. review C. concert D. dinner

SECTION C: GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY.

I. Choose the best answer by circling its corresponding letter A, B, C or D.

1. A..... is a film that shows real life or even
A. action B. documentary C. thriller D. comedy
2. - **Carol:** "Thank you very much for helping me." - **Cook:** "_____."
A. Alright B. You're right C. You're welcome D. No problem
3. They have to make _____ then children do not play with matches.
A. ensure B. sure C. sured D. ensuring
4. My friend _____ the answer to the question now.
A. is known B. know C. is knowing D. knows
5. Dinner will be ready soon. Can you please _____ the table?
A. lay B. put C. make D. take
6. There are some one following us. I think we _____ in this area.
A. are following B. are followed C. follow D. are being followed
7. Our teacher made us _____ harder.
A. working B. to work C. work D. works
8. She went to market without _____ anything.
A. buy B. to buy C. bought D. buying
9. Of my parents, my father is _____
A. the stricter B. the strictest C. strict D. stricter
10. I usually go to work by bus, but _____ and then I use my motorbike
A. again B. once C. now D. ever
11. They reached the village before sunset _____ the flooded road.
A. although B. whether C. as if D. despite
12. The character of Mickey Mouse _____ long time ago.
A. was created B. is created C. creates D. created
13. - **Carol:** "Let's have a pizza." - **Cook:** "_____."
A. Not again B. It doesn't matter C. It's a good idea D. Not really
14. **Mike:** "A motorbike knocked Ted down." **Jane:** "_____."
A. What is it now? B. Poor Ted! C. How terrific! D. What a motorbike!
15. The indecisive man was readily persuaded to change his mind again.
A. easily B. hardly C. willingly D. difficult

II. Complete the following sentences with an appropriate form of the given word.

1. Good (**educate**)..... can help people get rid of taking risk.
2. Are there any youth (**organize**)..... in your country?
3. These plants can grow (**nature**)..... in poor soils.
4. The teacher asked the students to choose an (**act**)..... partner for the next
5. "When is the (**enroll**)..... in this school?" "It's the first week of August".
6. "Who is your favorite (**act**)....., Lan?" "I think it's Tom Hank".
7. If you want to be a member of the club, please fill out this (**apply**)form.
8. What is the (**deep**)..... of the river?
9. There is some (**similar**)..... in the way the two groups work.
10. He can't get higher education because of his (**poor**).....

III. Fill in each blank with a suitable preposition.

1. She went out the room _____ saying a word.
2. Hold _____ a minute while I get my breath back.
3. My parents are tired _____ living in the city.
4. She's still looking _____ a job.
5. The increase in population has led _____ overcrowding in many cities.

IV. Find out one mistake in each sentence and correct it.

Example: 0. What would you like to watch? 0. watch --> watching

1. After living in London for two months, my brother got used to drive on the left.
2. I suggested that you writing to them to accept their offer.
3. They asked me where was I going to spend my vocation that summer.
4. Although being ill, Phong still went to school last Monday.
5. My brother enjoys to read detective stories in his free time.
6. I'd rather typing this letter than write it because it's faster.
7. There are a little activities that we can do after the meeting.
8. The novel writing by Mark Twain attracts a lot of children.
9. We took part in a six-hours journey to the eastern coast.
10. I think I prefer country life than city life.

SECTION D: READING COMPREHENSION.

I. Fill in each blank with ONE suitable word to complete the passage.

The country and the city have (1) _____ and disadvantages. People in the country live in more beautiful (2) _____. They enjoy peace and quiet, and can do their work at their own pace because no one is in a (3) _____. They live in larger, more comfortable houses, and their (4) _____ are more friendly, and ready to help them when they need it. Their life can be monotonous and they can be (5) _____, a long way from the nearest town, which is a serious problem if they are ill or have to (6) _____ children to school.

The city has all the (7) _____ the country lacks, but it also has a lot of disadvantages. Cities are often ugly and (8) _____; they not only have bad air but are also noisy. Everyone is always in a haste and this (9) _____ that people have no time to get to know each other and make (10) _____.

II. Choose options given (marked A, B, C, and D) to complete each of the questions below.

Can you imagine a world without words? The main way that we communicate with each other is by using words. We can communicate either by speaking and listening or by writing and reading. With words, we can give and receive information, ideas, orders and instructions.

People have used writing to communicate for about 7000 years. At first, they used to draw simple pictures to represent objects, such as people and animals. Then people started to put pictures together to represent something more difficult, like a sentence. The next step in the development of writing was to use symbols, or signs. These symbols represented the sounds of words and not their meanings.

Finally, the alphabet from which modern English comes was invented in about 1500 BC. The people who invented the alphabet used a set of symbols to represent the sound "o". This symbol is still used to the same sound today. Many languages are written with letters of an alphabet, including Vietnamese.

1. What is the most suitable title for this article?
A. listening and speaking B. writing and reading
C. words and writing D. alphabets
2. People communicate with each other using _____.
A. books B. words C. instructions D. information
3. The first kind of writing used simple _____.
A. objects B. people C. pictures D. animals
4. A later form of writing used symbols to represent _____.
A. words B. sounds C. pictures D. meanings
5. An alphabet is a set of letters that represent the different sounds of a _____.
A. letter B. symbol C. word D. language

III. Read the text then choose A, B, C or D to complete the text.

I live in a small village (1) _____. Henfield - there are about 500 people here. I love it because it is (2) _____ and life is slow and easy. You never (3) _____ queue in shops or banks. The village is clean

- people (4) ____ it and don't throw their rubbish in the streets. The air is also (5) ____ because there's not much heavy traffic. People are much (6) ____ here than in a city. Everyone knows everyone and (7) ____ someone has problem, there are always people who can help. There aren't (8) ____ things I don't like about Henfield. One thing is that there's not much (9) ____ in the evening - we haven't got any cinemas or theaters. Another problem is that people always talk about (10) ____ and everyone knows what everyone else is doing. But I still prefer village life to life in a big city.

- | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. was | B. is | C. called | D. name |
| 2. A. quietly | B. quiet | C. noisy | D. noisily |
| 3. A. had | B. should | C. wait | D. have to |
| 4. A. look after | B. find | C. think | D. look for |
| 5. A. dirty | B. not clean | C. clean | D. dizzy |
| 6. A. friendly | B. unfriendly | C. friendlier | D. unfriendlier |
| 7. A. if | B. and | C. so | D. but |
| 8. A. much | B. a little | C. a few | D. many |
| 9. A. doing | B. to do | C. jobs | D. things |
| 10. A. another | B. every one | C. each other | D. any one |

SECTION E: WRITING

I. *Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same as the original one.*

11. My mother likes romantic films.
→ My mother is _____.
12. As I get older, I want to travel less.
→ The older _____.
13. We couldn't find George anywhere.
→ George could _____.
14. It was a bit difficult to get into work this morning.
→ Getting _____.
15. I last saw him in 1998.
→ I haven't _____.

II. *“What sources of energy have bad influences on the environment? Why? And give your ideas to solve this problem” Write a paragraph about this problem (100 – 120 words).*

—THE END—