



لدى الأزهار تراكيب تساعد على .....  
6- Flowers contain structures that are responsible for .....

A-Germination

B-Reproduction

C-Respiration

D-Transpiration

ما هي الحقيقة عن الانحناء  
7-Which is true about tropisms?

A-They are a plant part.

B-They help plants get what they need.

C-They are a stimulus.

D-They are where plants make food.

ما هي خصائص البذور تجعلها مناسبة للتلقيح  
8-What properties of seeds make them good for reproduction?

A-Seeds coat.

B- Can be carried to new places

C- Cotyledon (food supply) and embryo.

D-All of them.

تكيف نباتي لبيئة حارة  
9-Which is adaptation used by this plant to survive in a hot, dry environment?

A-Thick stems to hold water

B-Deep roots to soak up the rain

C-Flat surface that faces the sun

D- White thorns to attract animals

ما هي وظيفة غلاف البذرة  
10-What is the function of the seed coat?

A- It contains food

B- It protects the new plant.

C-It attracts animals.

D-It performs respiration.

ما هو الكائن الذي يحصل على الطاقة من الشمس مباشرة  
11- Which organism gets energy directly from the Sun?

a-Earthworm

b-Bees

c-Trees

d-Owl

ليس من احتياجات النبات الأساسية  
12- Which is not a basic need of plants?

a-Shelter مأوى

b-Sunlight

c-Water

d-Space

من أي يحصل النبات على الطاقة يعيش وينمو  
13- Where do plants obtain the energy to live and grow?

a- From soil they live in.

b-From oxygen in the air

c-from food they produce

ما هو جزء النبات الذي يحصل على CO<sub>2</sub>  
14-Which plant part allows it to obtain carbon dioxide? CO<sub>2</sub>

a-Root

b-Stem

c- Leaves

d- Root

ما وجه التشابه بين بذور جوز الهند والبطيخ?  
15-How are a coconut seed and a watermelon seed most alike?

a-Each takes the same amount of time to grow into an adult plant.

b-Each has similar shape and size.

c- Each grows into an adult plant.

d-Each descends from plants of similar shape and size.

استجابة النبات للبيئة  
16- Which of the following is an example of a plant responding to its environment?

a- Phototropism

b-Stimulus

c-Reproduction

d-Breathing

وظيفتها تبادل الغازات والتنفس  
17-Its function is gas exchange and transpiration:

A-Stem

B-Stomata ثغور

C-Root

تراتيب تكيفات للنباتات  
18-Plants adaptations structures:

A-Thorns اشواك

B-Chemicals

C-All of them

اكثر جزء في النبات يصنع الغذاء؟

a-Root

b-Leaves

c- Stem

d-Flower

تركيب نباتية تكاثرية. حدها جميعا.

A- Flower

B-Cone

C-Stomata

D-bulb

البصيلة

لماذا توجد أغلب التغور في الجهة السفلية للورقة؟ حتى

A-Reduce transpiration.      B-Increase transpiration      C-Nothing it do

22- Green plants use sunlight, water, and carbon dioxide to create their own food. Which explains best why humans can't create their own food?

A-Humans don't use water.      B- Humans breathe oxygen.

C- Humans need extra energy to survive.      D-Humans don't have leaves

23- ..... take in water and nutrients from the soil. يحصل على الماء والمعادن

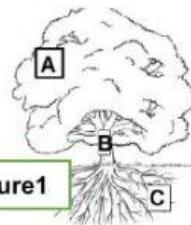
A-Branches

B-Roots Or roots hair

C-Leaves

D-Flowers

انظر لصورة 1 ما هي وظيفة الجزء (أ)



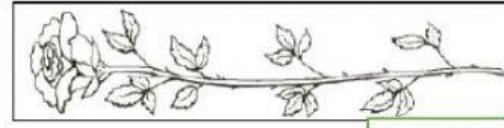
A- Taking in sunlight.      B- Taking in water.

C- Searching for nutrients.

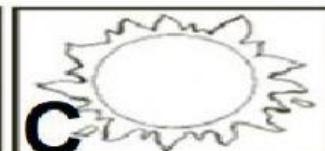
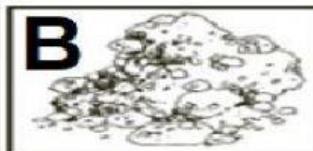
Picture1

25- Which part of the plant is missing? Picture 2

ما هو المفقود او الناقص في الصورة 2؟



Picture2



**Q3-Look to Picture 2 Flower, you have flower parts name, put correct number of its partson its place on picture:**

صورة 2 الزهرة، لديك أسماء أجزاء الزهرة ضع الرقم المناسب لكل جزء في مكانه الصحيح على الصورة:

- 1-Pistil
- 2-Ovary
- 3-Anther with pollen
- 4- Stamen

