

Sample test for 2nd term EXAM – grade 10 (N^o4)

SECTION B. PHONETICS

PART 1: Find the words with a stress pattern different from the other

- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1. A. natural | B. safari | C. interest | D. benefit |
| 2. A. replacement | B. pollutant | C. resident | D. depletion |

PART 2: Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest in each of the following questions.

- | | | | |
|------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 3 A. <u>p</u> ollution | B. <u>c</u> oral | C. <u>p</u> roblem | D. <u>e</u> cology |
| 4. A. damage | B. effect | C. fossil | D. global |

SECTION C. SPEAKING

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct response to each of the following

5. How can we deal with environmental pollution? – “ ”
A. Environmental pollution can be dealt with
B. We should deal with environmental pollution
C. We should strictly ban the disposals of chemical rubbish
6. Nam: "Is tourism something that only rich people can take part in?" - Lan: " ____ ”
A. Rich people tend to spend luxurious holidays.
B. Not really. So many cheap holidays are being offered these days.
C. Cheap holidays give you a chance to travel to more places.
D. Places of attractions are always full of visitors.

SECTION B. vocabulary and grammar

PART 1: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the words/phrases that are CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined words/phrases.

7. Mass tourism has contributed to the destruction of the environment.
A. organization B. structure C. construction D. devastation
8. Stop the degradation of the planet's natural environment and build a future in which humans live in harmony with nature.
A. coexist peacefully with B. fall in love with C. agree with D. cooperate with

PART 2: Choose the word that has the OPPOSITE meaning to the underlined part of the following

9. Soil pollution leads to lack of fertile land to grow enough food for an increasing population.
A. arid B. rich C. unclean D. deserted
10. If tourists throw rubbish or break tree branches, they are heavily fined.
A. advanced B. compensated C. penalized in money D. awarded in money

PART 3. Choose the best answer to complete each of the following sentences.

11. _____ is a term that refers to the existence of different kinds of animals and plants which make a balanced environment.
A. Wildlife B. Biodiversity C. Challenge D. Investigation
12. Solar energy, air and water are _____ resources because there is unlimited supply.
A. limited B. renewable C. available D. non-renewable
13. People have used coal and oil to _____ electricity for a long time.
A. generation B. generated C. generate D. generates
14. Coal and oil are non-renewable _____ sources.
A. engineer B. energy C. engineering D. energetic
15. Burning garbage _____ dangerous gases to the environment, and this may lead to global warming.
A. throws B. sends C. emits D. rejects
16. Oil, coal and natural gas are _____ fuels made from decayed material.
A. unleaded B. smokeless C. solid D. fossil

17. We should develop such ____ sources of energy as solar energy and nuclear energy.
A. tradition B. alternative C. revolutionary D. surprising
18. It's important for the developed countries to reduce energy ____ as much as possible.
A. exhaustion B. destruction C. consumption D. waste
19. Non-renewable energy sources are running ____.
A. up B. on C. to D. out
20. Today, many governments have taken into consideration the of water resources.
A. conversation B. conserve C. conservatism D. conservative
21. If I were you, I your partners.
A. apologize B. apologized C. will apologize D. would apologize
22. If she on well with her colleagues, they will support her a lot with her work.
A. get B. got C. gets D. will get
23. These children live in the city, so they know little about rural life. If they in the countryside, they would know about the life of farmers.
A. live B. will live C. would live D. lived
24. If she to know more about it, she will need to spend more time
A. want B. wanted C. wants D. will want
25. "We're watching TV," said the twins.
The twins said they ____ TV.
A. watched B. were watching C. have been watching D. had watched
26. That's my friend, _____ comes from Japan.
A. which B. who C. that D. all are correct
27. Health is _____ than money.
A. the important B. most important C. more important D. importanter
28. "Would you mind waiting for a moment?" the shop assistant asked the woman.
The shop assistant asked the woman ____ for a moment.
A. to wait B. waiting C. if she waits D. if she minds waiting
29. "Please don't leave your dirty football boots in the hall," Mum said to Doug.
Mum told Doug ____ dirty football boots in the hall.
A. that he doesn't leave his B. not to leave his C. not to leave your D. don't leave his
30. Chocolates and flowers are by far ____ presents for mothers on Mother's Day in the UK.
A. more popular B. the more popular C. less popular D. the most popular

PART 4 : Mark the letter A,B,C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions

31. Mr. Lam, that is my brother, is a well-known teacher.
A B C D
32. My mother is the more caring woman in the family.
A B C D
33. If nobody doesn't keeps contact with me, I will go alone.
A B C D

SECTION D. READING COMPREHENSION

PART 1. Read the following passage and choose the best answers to the questions.

Conservation conflicts **arise** when natural-resource shortages develop in the face of steadily increasing demands from a growing human population. Controversy frequently surrounds how a resource should be used, or allocated, and for whom. For example, a river may **supply** water for agricultural irrigation, habitat for fish, and water-generated electricity for a factory. Farmers, fishers, and industry leader vie for unrestricted access to this river, but such freedom could destroy the resource, and conservation **methods** are necessary to protect the river for future use.

Conflicts worsen when a natural resource crosses political boundaries. For example, the headwaters, or source, of a major river may be located in a different country than the country through which the river flows. There is no guarantee that the river source will be protected to accommodate

resource needs downstream. In addition, the way in which one natural resource is managed has a direct effect upon other natural resources. Cutting down a forest near a river, for instance, increases erosion, the wearing away of topsoil, and can lead to flooding. Eroded soil and silt cloud the river and adversely affect many organisms such as fish and important aquatic plants that require clean, clear freshwater for survival.

34. What does “**supply**” in line 3 mean?

- A. cover B. provide C. make up for D. compensate for

35. Which word in the reading means “ living or growing in, or relating to water” ?

- A. agriculture B. major C. fresh D. aquatic

36. When do conflicts get worse ?

A. when natural-resource shortages increase in the features of gradually increasing demands from a rising human population.

B. when a natural resource crosses political borders

C. when freedom could destroy the resource.

D. when eroded soil and silt cloud affect many organisms.

37. Which sentence below is NOT correct?

A. Argument often surrounds how a resource should be used, or allocated, and for whom.

B. A river may provide water for agricultural irrigation, habitat for fish, and water-generated electricity for a factory

C. Conservation methods are incidental to care for the river for future use.

D. Farmers, fishers and industry leaders vie for open access to this river.

38. What is the passage above mainly about?

A. Conservation conflicts

B. Agricultural irrigation

C. The headwaters of a major river

D. Natural-resource shortages

39. What does “**arise**” in line 1 mean?

A. get up

B. sit up

C. stand up

D. spring up

40. Which word in the reading means “a promise that something will be done or will happen, especially a written a particular period of time?

A. shortage

B. guarantee

C. population

D. habitat

PART 2. Complete the following passage with the most suitable word or phrase given:

Holidays

Most people enjoy going _____ (41) for their holidays, and having the opportunity to stay in an interesting city or a seaside _____ (42). If you speak foreign languages, you can make new friends, and take home some interesting souvenirs as presents. But before you can do that, you have to reach your destination, and that is often a problem! If you fly, then you may find that your flight has been _____ (43). Journeys by train can also be difficult, since trains are often _____ (44) in the summer, you might have to reserve a seat in advance. Whichever way you travel , you can have problem with your _____ (45), and it is often difficult to find good accommodation . Apart from this, you might not be able to afford the fare.

41. A. out

B. forward

C. abroad

D. foreign

42. A. resort

B. post

C. too

D. one

43. A. waited

B. reversed

C. delayed

D. booked

44. A. filling

B. occupied

C. overdone

D. crowded

45. A. baggages

B. luggage

C. goods

D. sacks

SECTION F. WRITTEN TEST

Fill each gap in the sentences with the correct form of the word in brackets

46. Vietnamese people always remember their _____ because they believe that what they have had nowadays has inherited from their ancestors. (ancestral)

47. WWF is the world’s largest independent conservation organization with over 5 million _____ worldwide, working in more than 100 countries (SUPPORT)

48. It is important to develop more _____ practices in order to protect the environment (ECO-FRIEND)
49. The destruction of the rain forests is an _____ disaster. (ECOLOGY)
50. The nationalists are very keen to _____ their customs and language. (CONSERVATION)

Rewrite the sentences, using the given words, so that the meaning stays the same.

51. "You'd better finish your homework before going to bed" said Jane's mother to her.

→ Jane's mother

52. This tablet is mine. Its screen has been scratched (Using "Relative Pronoun")

→ This tablet

53. "You can stay in my house next weekend", Jim said to me.

→ Jim said that

54. She can't see that film because she doesn't have time.

-> If she

55. Complete the following sentences, using the cues given:

Would you like/ go/ the cinema/ me/ tonight?

-> Would you

===== THE END =====