

I. Choose the best answer a, b, c or d to complete the sentence.

1. In 2019, the population _____ Jakarta is over 10.5 million.
a. in b. with c. of d. for
2. It is not unusual to be stuck in traffic _____ several hours during rush hour.
a. in b. for c. at d. to
3. People living in a city want to spend _____ time in traffic jams.
a. more b. less c. fewer d. much
4. Because of _____ poverty, Mumbai can be a difficult place to live.
a. its b. it's c. his d. theirs
5. The population _____ of London city is 5,590 people per square kilometer.
a. growth b. explosion c. density d. decline
6. Many countries have the problem of overpopulated cities, _____?
a. do they b. haven't they c. doesn't it d. don't they
7. _____ there are still thousands of homeless people living on the streets, it is fewer than in the past.
a. As b. Though c. Because d. While
8. Overpopulation is a serious problem which is _____ the world in negative ways.
a. facing b. solving c. causing d. affecting
9. We will be successful if we try hard, _____?
a. don't we b. will we c. won't we d. do we
10. "Life must be very difficult with homeless people."
"_____. They have to face many problems beyond the lack of a suitable home."
a. Not really. b. No doubt. c. Of course not. d. Not at all.

II. Write the correct form of the words in brackets.

1. Today, we suffer from a population _____. (explode)
2. Jakarta is the most _____ city in Southeast Asia. (populate)
3. The policeman ordered the _____ to drop his weapon. (crime)
4. Approximately one-third of Dhaka's residents live in _____. (poor)
5. The population _____ of Vietnam is 293 people per square kilometer. (dense)
6. Many of the refugees are suffering from severe _____. (nutrition)
7. London's population makes it by far the _____ city in the UK. (large)
8. Rapid growth of the city has led to a housing _____. (short)
9. Do you think overpopulation is a cause of _____ in the world? (hungry)

10. Children living in severely _____ homes often have no space to play, study and develop. (crowd)

I. Write the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first one. Use the word in brackets.

1. It's necessary for the government to find a solution to reduce traffic jams. (have)

The government _____

2. What is the population of Ho Chi Minh City? (in)

How many _____

3. They no longer love going out at the weekend, don't they? (used)

They _____

4. There is more crime in cities than in rural areas. (lower)

Crime rates _____

5. Most people think overpopulation is less dangerous than it is. (more)

Overpopulation _____

6. Although the weather was bad, I had a very good time in Brazil. (spite)

In _____

7. Crime affects everyone in different ways. (by)

Everyone _____

8. You want to have a look at my new car, don't you? (like)

You'd _____