





## Practicing for a test

### 1. Fill in the chart. (Töltsd ki a táblázatot!)

INSTRUMENT	MEASUREMENT	UNIT	SYMBOL
 clock			
	length		
		kilogram dekagram gram	
			ml dl l

	kg	mililire
mass	dkg	decilitre
	g	litre
kilometre, metre, decimetre, centimetre, milimetre	volume	km, m dm, cm, mm
h	hour, minute	
m	second, week,	time
s	month, year	

### 2. Join the pairs. (Párosítsd a mondatokat!)

- |  |                                |
|--|--------------------------------|
| 1. THE FORCE OF GRAVITY ATTRACT EVERYTHING           | SEE AND BE SEEN.               |
| 2. CONTACT FORCE CAN BE MUSCULAR FORCE               | WE CALL IT NON-CONTACT FORCES. |
| 3. FORCE CAN CAUSE AN OBJECT                         | IT IS CALLED A COLLISION.      |
| 4. IF THERE IS NO CONTACT BETWEEN THE TWO OBJECTS    | TO CHANGE ITS DIRECTION.       |
| 5. A BICYCLE SAFETY TIP:                             | IF YOU USE YOUR MUSCLE.        |
| 6. WHEN OBJECTS MEET AND HIT EACH OTHER WITH A FORCE | TOWARDS THE EARTH.             |

3. Fill in the gaps. Use these words. (Egészítsd ki a szavakkal a mondatokat!)

SOURCES

TRAVELS

REFLECTS

TRANSPARENT

BLOCKED

DETECT


FAST

ENERGY

REFRACTION

1. LIGHT IS A FORM OF \_\_\_\_\_ WHICH OUR SENSE OF SIGHT CAN \_\_\_\_\_.
2. LIGHT \_\_\_\_\_ VERY, VERY \_\_\_\_\_.
3. WE CAN GET LIGHT FROM NATURAL \_\_\_\_\_ LIKE THE SUN.
4. MOON \_\_\_\_\_ THE LIGHT.
5. WHEN LIGHT BENDS IT IS CALLED \_\_\_\_\_.
6. IF LIGHT IS \_\_\_\_\_, THE OBJECT IS OPAQUE.
7. IF LIGHT PASSES THROUGH THE OBJECT IT IS \_\_\_\_\_.

4. Put the words in the appropriate group. (Helyezd a szavakat a megfelelő csoportba!)

 FLAMMABLE MATERIALS	NON-FLAMMABLE MATERIALS

oil

pear

wood

water

sand

paper

pencil

glass