

Read the following text and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 26 to 30.

Very few people in the modern world obtain their food supply by hunting and gathering in the natural environment surrounding their homes. This method of harvesting from nature's provision is the oldest known subsistence strategy and has been practiced for at least the last two million years. It was, indeed, the only way to obtain food until rudimentary farming and the **domestication** of wild animals were introduced about 10,000 years ago.

Because hunter-gatherers have fared poorly in comparison with the agricultural cousins, their numbers have dwindled, and **they** have been forced to live in marginal environments, such as deserts and arctic wastelands. In higher latitudes, the shorter growing seasons have restricted the availability of plant life. Such conditions have caused a greater dependence on hunting, and on fishing along the coasts and waterways. The abundance of vegetation in the lower latitudes of the tropics, on the other hand, has provided a greater opportunity for gathering a variety of plants. In short, the environmental differences have restricted the diet and have limited possibilities for the development of subsistence societies.

Contemporary hunter-gatherers may help us understand our prehistoric ancestors. We know from the observation of modern hunter-gatherers in both Africa and Alaska that a society based on hunting and gathering must be very mobile. While the entire community camps in a central location, a smaller party harvests the food within a reasonable distance from the camp, when the food in the area has become exhausted, the community moves on to exploit another site. We also notice seasonal migration patterns evolving for most hunter-gatherers, along with a strict division of labor between the sexes. These patterns of behavior may be similar to those practiced by mankind during the Paleolithic Period.

(Adapted from "https://www.academia.edu")

**Question 26.** Which of the following is the best title of the passage?

- A. Evolution of Humans' Farming Methods
- B. Hunter-gatherers and Subsistence Societies
- C. A Brief History of Subsistence Farming
- D. Hunter-gatherers: Always on the Move

**Question 27.** According to the author, most contemporary and prehistoric hunter-gatherers share \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. only the way of duty division
- B. some methods of production
- C. some patterns of behavior
- D. some restricted daily rules

**Question 28.** The word "**domestication**" in the first paragraph closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_

- A. hatching and raising new species of wild animals in the home
- B. adapting animals to suit a new working environment
- C. making wild animals used to living with and working for humans
- D. teaching animals to do a particular job or activity in the home

**Question 29.** The word "**they**" in the second paragraph refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. agricultural cousins
- B. hunter-gatherers
- C. numbers
- D. animals

**Question 30.** According to the passage, which of the following is NOT mentioned as a way to find food among prehistoric people?

- A. hunting
- B. farming
- C. fishing
- D. gathering

Read the following and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 31 to 35.

#### OLYMPIC TORCH RELAY STARTS IN JAPAN

The torch relay for the Tokyo Olympics is finally underway. The 2020 Summer Games were postponed due to the coronavirus pandemic but organizers have been determined to (31) \_\_\_\_\_ they go ahead in July. It began in Fukushima Prefecture, (32) \_\_\_\_\_ was devastated by the triple disasters of the 2011 earthquake, tsunami and nuclear meltdown. Fukushima was chosen as the start of the relay to show the area has recovered, although (33) \_\_\_\_\_ people say claims of recovery are a little premature.

The head of Japan's Olympic organizing committee, Seiko Hashimoto, said in her opening address: "The flame will embark on a 121-day journey and will carry the hopes of the Japanese people and wishes for peace." Japanese people are being encouraged to look at live broadcasts of the relay and refrain from travelling to watch it amid fears of a spike in COVID 19 cases. (34) \_\_\_\_\_ must wear face masks, and are being urged to clap rather than cheer. Japan's Prime Minister Yoshihide Suga reiterated his commitment to stage a "safe and secure" Olympics (35) \_\_\_\_\_ the pandemic. He said: "We will do our utmost on coronavirus measures".

(Adapted from https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2103/210327-olympic-torch-relay.html)

- Question 31.** A. acclaim      B. ensure      C. remain      D. assure
- Question 32.** A. who      B. where      C. which      D. whom
- Question 33.** A. much      B. every      C. a lot      D. many
- Question 34.** A. Audiences      B. Viewers      C. Spectators      D. Watchers
- Question 35.** A. in spite of      B. because of      C. due to      D. with a view to

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 36 to 42.

Members of the royal family have led an outpouring of tributes from around the world at the death of Prince Philip, the husband of Queen Elizabeth. Buckingham Palace has spoken of the Queen's "deep sorrow" after her husband of 73 years, who had been by her side throughout her reign, died peacefully at Windsor Castle aged 99 on Friday night (Australian time).

Flags at Buckingham Palace and government buildings across the United Kingdom were lowered to half-mast, and within an hour of the announcement the public began to lay flowers outside Windsor Castle and Buckingham Palace. However, **mourners** have been urged not to gather and leave tributes at royal residences, and the public has been asked to stay away from funeral events because of the coronavirus pandemic. An online book of condolence has been launched on the Royal Family's official website for people to leave messages of sympathy.

The prince died two months short of his 100<sup>th</sup> birthday. He had recently spent four weeks in hospital with an infection where he was treated for a heart condition before being **discharged** and returned to Windsor early in March. The Duke of Edinburgh had been by his wife's side throughout her 69-year reign, the longest in British history, and during that time earned a reputation for a tough, no-nonsense attitude, and a propensity for occasional gaffes. A Greek prince, Philip married Elizabeth in 1947, and together they had four children, eight grandchildren, and nine great grandchildren. He played a key role helping the monarchy adapt to a changing world in the post-World War II period, and behind the walls of Buckingham Palace was the one key figure the Queen could trust and turn to, knowing he could tell her exactly what he thought.

The death of the Duke comes in the midst of the worst public health crisis for generations as Britain and countries around the globe reel from the devastating impact of the coronavirus pandemic. Philip will not have a state funeral nor lie in state for the public to pay **their** respects ahead of the funeral, the College of Arms said, with arrangements revised to meet coronavirus restrictions.

(Adapted from <https://thenewdaily.com.au/entertainment/celebrity/royal/2021/04/10/prince-philip-dead/>, retrieved 10 April, 2021)

**Question 36.** Which best serves as the title for the passage?

- |                                           |                                                   |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| <b>A.</b> Prince Philip's death           | <b>B.</b> The public's tribute to Prince Philip   |
| <b>C.</b> A bibliography of Prince Philip | <b>D.</b> Life and contributions of Prince Philip |

**Question 37.** The word "**mourners**" in paragraph 2 is CLOSEST in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- |                   |                    |                        |                    |
|-------------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>A.</b> bearers | <b>B.</b> visitors | <b>C.</b> participants | <b>D.</b> grievers |
|-------------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|

**Question 38.** Which of the following statements is NOT true, according to the passage?

- A.** Prince Philip was 25 years old when he got married to Queen Elizabeth.
- B.** Flowers were laid outside some royal residences after the death announcement.
- C.** Prince Philip was admitted to hospital for 28 days.
- D.** Prince Philip was born into a Greek royal family.

**Question 39.** How should the public express their condolence?

- A.** They can gather at royal residences.
- B.** They can attend funeral events.
- C.** They can leave messages of sympathy in an online book.
- D.** They can leave tributes at Windsor Castle.

**Question 40.** The word "**discharged**" in paragraph 3 is CLOSEST in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- |                                          |                                     |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <b>A.</b> admitted to hospital           | <b>B.</b> allowed to leave hospital |
| <b>C.</b> given priority to meet doctors | <b>D.</b> asked to stay             |

**Question 41.** The word "**their**" in paragraph 4 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- |                     |                      |                       |                        |
|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| <b>A.</b> countries | <b>B.</b> the public | <b>C.</b> generations | <b>D.</b> arrangements |
|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|

**Question 42.** Which statement can be inferred from the passage?

- A.** Prince Philip will not have a state funeral as he comes from Greece.
- B.** Prince Philip's funeral will be conducted online to avoid coronavirus spread.
- C.** Prince Philip will be buried behind the walls of Buckingham Palace.
- D.** Prince Philip's funeral will be conducted differently from other royal funerals.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 43. She turned on her computer, reads the message on Facebook and answered it.  
A B C D

Question 44. A beaver uses the strong front teeth to cut down trees and peel off its bark.  
A B C D

Question 45. Everyone was respectable towards him, listening carefully to his long explanations.  
A B C D

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 46. The last time she saw the boy was last weekend.

- A. She hasn't seen the boy since last weekend. B. The boy hasn't seen her since last weekend.  
C. She last saw the boy two week ago. D. She didn't see the boy last weekend.

Question 47. Mary reminded me to buy her some fruit.

- A. "Don't forget to buy me some fruit," Mary said.  
B. "Remember buying me some fruit," said Mary.  
C. "Remind to buy me some fruit," said Mary.  
D. "Don't deny buying me some fruit," Mary said.

Question 48. Her husband isn't able to speak any words in English.

- A. Her husband mustn't speak any words in English.  
B. Her husband can't speak any words in English.  
C. Her husband shouldn't speak any words in English.  
D. Her husband may not speak any words in English.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 49. I have to work on weekends. I can't go on a picnic with them.

- A. Unless I work on weekends, I can't go on a picnic with them.  
B. But for my work on weekends, I couldn't go on a picnic with them.  
C. Provided I work on weekends, I can go on a picnic with them.  
D. If only I didn't have to work on weekends, I could go on a picnic with them.

Question 50. We visited the town where the hurricane hit. We had never seen destruction so massive.

- A. Never had we seen destruction so massive until we visited the town where the hurricane hit.  
B. Not until the massive hurricane hit the town did we visit and see it.  
C. So massive was the hurricane that we had never seen in the town.  
D. Hardly had we seen destruction so massive when we visited the town where the hurricane hit.