SEATWORK#_

Identify the following:

1. Natural disaster that is a shaking of the Earth's crust caused by a volcanic eruption or by the release of energy along a fault in the crust. _____

2. The plates of Earth are constantly growing at one end, disappearing at the other, shifting alongside the other plates, and pushing headlong into others. _____

3. Triggered by the rising magma beneath active volcanoes and less destructive and weaker earthquake. _____

4. Displacements along fault fissures in the Earth's layer. _____

5. The area on the surface directly above the focus. _____

6. Little earthquakes following the initial one. _____

7. The underground point of origin. _____

8. The break in the rock where the movement that has caused the earthquake occur. _____

9. It is also called as circum-Pacific belt. _____

10. The strength of shaking during the earthquake. _____

11. Measure the amount and duration of movements of the ground using the seismograph. _____

12. Instrument used for detecting and measuring earthquakes._____

13. Japanese word means "harbor wave".____

CHOICES:

Intensity		Fault
Magnitude		Focus
Volcanic Earthquake	Epicenter	Tsunami
Tectonic Earthquake	Earthquake	Seismograph
Tectonic Plate Movement	Aftershocks	Ring of Fire

LIVEWORKSHEETS