

## ÔN GIỮA KÌ - HỌC KÌ 2

### LISTENING

**Question 1:** The man has just bought a new digital CD player.

A. True      B. False

**Question 2:** His old device still works well.

A. True      B. False

**Question 3:** The man likes to have all his photos printed by a good printer at home and at the shop.

A. True      B. False

**Question 4:** The man thinks that we can store photos on our computers and CDs.

A. True      B. False

**PART 2: Listen to the talk and then choose the best answer. You will listen twice.**

**Question 5:** That the Middle East is only desert is \_\_\_\_\_

A. True      B. False      C. Far      D. Doubtful

**Question 6:** When did the speaker go hiking in Iran?

A. Last year      B. Last winter      C. Many years ago      D. Many weeks ago

**Question 7:** What animals may you see in Iran if you are lucky?

A. donkeys and goats      B. pandas and camels      C. chameleons and horses      D. deers and bears

**Question 8:** Which of the following is **not mentioned** as the activity you can do in Iran?

A. Enjoying fresh air      B. Swimming in clean and clear lakes  
C. Watching birds with binoculars      D. Making sound to attract birds

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.**

**Question 9:** A. symbolize      B. bride      C. ritual      D. lifestyle

**Question 10:** A. labor      B. remarkable      C. participate      D. wage

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.**

**Question 11:** A. numerous      B. symbolize      C. sensitive      D. dramatic

**Question 12:** A. portable      B. material      C. assignment      D. performance

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

**Question 13:** Voice-recognition \_\_\_\_\_ takes your speech and turns it into text.

A. lessons      B. speakers      C. hardware      D. software

**Question 14:** I talked to a man \_\_\_\_\_ smartphone was stolen.

A. whose      B. that      C. who      D. which

**Question 15:** Brian: "Let's go to Brighton tomorrow."

Hugo: "\_\_\_\_\_"

A. Ok. Why not?      B. What a pity!      C. It doesn't matter.      D. That's right.

**Question 16:** It's \_\_\_\_\_ to have a small wedding to save money.

A more better      B. much best      C. much better      D. much good

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

**Question 17:** We must eliminate gender discrimination in our society.

A. get rid of      B. go on      C. look over      D. give on

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

**Question 18:** In many countries, it is customary for the bride to throw her bouquet of flowers into a crowd of well-wishers.

A. uncommon      B. inadvisable      C. usual      D. normal

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.**

**Question 19:** The Mekong is one of the longer rivers in the world.

A. The      B. one of      C. longer      D. in

**Question 20:** Students are more excited to study when they work with differently types of apps.

A. with      B. apps      C. excited      D. differently

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbers blanks.**

Alice Stebbin Wells was born in Kansas in 1873. When she was young, she saw crimes involving teenagers and women. She decided to become (21) \_\_\_\_\_ policewoman because she believed that she could help more.

Things weren't easy for her. (22) \_\_\_\_\_ welcomed her. She kept asking and persuading the city and the police authorities, and finally she was successful. Alice Wells was accepted to the police force in Los Angeles in 1910 and became the first US-born female a police officer. Her story interested people. The film « the police woman » was about her and it was made in 1914.

During her service, she actively worked to (23) \_\_\_\_\_ teenagers and females and to prevent crimes. Alice Wells became the first president of the Women's Peace Officers association of California in 1928. She (24) \_\_\_\_\_ in 1957.

**Question 21:** A. a

B. the

C. an

D. X

**Question 22:** A. Somebody

B. Nobody

C. Everyone

D. Nothing

**Question 23:** A. protect

B. instruct

C. criticize

D. affect

**Question 24:** A. turned off

B. passed away

C. resulted in

D. threw away

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.**

For more than six million American children, coming home after school means coming back to **an empty house**. Some deal with the situation by watching TV. Some may hide. But all of them have something in common. They spend part of each day alone. They are called "**latchkey children**". They are children who look after themselves while their parents work. And their bad condition has become a subject of concern.

Lynette Long was once the principal of an elementary school. She said, "We had a school rule against wearing jewelry. A lot of kids had chains around their necks with keys attached. I was constantly telling them to put the keys inside shirts. There were so many keys; it never came to my mind what they meant." Slowly, she learned that **they** were house keys.

**Question 25:** The phrase "**an empty house**" in the passage mostly means \_\_\_\_\_.

A. a house with no people inside      B. a house with no furniture  
C. a house with nothing inside      D. a house with too much space

**Question 26:** One thing that the children in the passage share is that \_\_\_\_\_.

A. they all watch TV      B. they spend part of each day alone  
C. they are from single-parent families      D. they all wear jewellery

**Question 27:** What is the main idea of the first paragraph?

A. How kids spend free time.      B. Why kids hate going home.  
C. Bad condition of latchkey children.      D. Children's activities at home.

**Question 28:** The word "they" in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. kids      B. necks      C. keys      D. shirts

### Section B (3,0 points)

**I. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it. Write your answers on your answer sheet. (1.5 points)**

**Question 1:** Mary can speak English more fluently than Susan.

→ Susan \_\_\_\_\_.

**Question 2:** The house will be sold next month. It used to be one of the greatest house in the town. (WHICH/THAT)

→ The house \_\_\_\_\_.

**Question 3:** Governments should offer poor women more help.

→ Poor women \_\_\_\_\_.

### II. Writing a paragraph (1.5 points)

Write a paragraph within 100 words about advantages/disadvantages of being a working mother  
You may use the following ideas:

#### Advantages

- + Contributing to household income
- + Being good educators for their children
- + Setting good examples for their children

#### Disadvantages

- + Having traditional roles: housewives, housekeepers, doing housework, looking after others...
- + Not having enough time: women work both at home and at office, no time to relax...
- + Not being good workers: household chores affect work, cannot concentrate or work effectively...