

REVISION TEST U8 – Term 2

Student's name: Class :

REVISION TEST 2- Unit 8

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

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|------------------|-------------|---------------|----------------|
| 1. a. resort | b. seaside | c. safari | d. sightseeing |
| 2. a. shortage | b. luggage | c. package | d. landscape |
| 3. a. country | b. enough | c. tourist | d. touchdown |
| 4. a. explored | b. relaxed | c. tanned | d. delayed |
| 5. a. experience | b. exciting | c. expedition | d. explore |

II. Choose the word that has the main stress placed differently from the others.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1. a. promote | b. narrow | c. broadcast | d. sightsee |
| 2. a. pyramid | b. historic | c. stimulating | d. breathtaking |
| 3. a. erosion | b. souvenir | c. stalagmite | d. safari |
| 4. a. magnificence | b. available | c. accessible | d. speciality |
| 5. a. cooperation | b. expedition | c. preservation | d. underneath |

III. Write the correct form of the words in brackets.

1. These tours usually combine jungle trekking and cave _____. (explore)
2. _____ of the underground limestone can create a cave, (erode)
3. You can purchase good quality furniture at _____ prices at IKEA, (reason)
4. The guest house was on the side of the cliff, with _____ views of the ocean below, (breath)
5. The Taj Mahal is a _____ building which is visited by millions of tourists every year, (magnificence)
6. As the capital of Morbihan, Vannes attracts large numbers of _____. (sightsee)
7. _____ include smoked baby back ribs and charcoal grilled steaks (special)
8. Some areas of the park are _____ by car from November through May due to snow, (access)
9. Europe is home to many of the world's most popular _____ attractions, (tour)
10. On the first day of school, the children chatted _____ to their friends about their summer vacations, (excite)

IV. Form compound nouns from a word in the upper row and another in the lower, and then fill them in the blanks. Make sure that you use them in the correct form.

<i>hand</i>	<i>seat</i>	<i>internet</i>	<i>passport</i>	<i>sightseeing</i>
<i>belt</i>	<i>control</i>	<i>tour</i>	<i>luggage</i>	<i>access</i>

1. You have to go through the _____ at an airport for an international flight.
2. You must take your violin on the plane as _____ when you check in.
3. It is very convenient to use a taxi for a(n) _____ in the city centre.
4. On a plane you have to fasten your _____.
5. In a hotel when you need _____, you can ask the receptionist for the password for the wi-fi.

V. Fill in each blank in the sentences with the correct compound noun from the box.

<i>security announcement</i>	<i>flight attendant</i>	<i>tour guide</i>	<i>window seat</i>
<i>package holiday</i>	<i>boarding card</i>	<i>aisle seat</i>	<i>excess luggage</i>

1. A(n) _____ is a sitting place for a passenger in a vehicle next to the window.

2. A(n) _____ is a sitting place for a passenger in a vehicle next to the passage between the rows of seats.
3. A(n) _____ is a holiday organized by a travel agent, with arrangements for transport, accommodation, etc., made at an inclusive price.
4. _____ is luggage weighing more than the limit allowed on an aircraft and likely to incur an extra charge.
5. A(n) _____ is a piece of information regarding security given over a public address system, for example loudspeakers.
6. A(n) _____ is a person who shows the way to others, especially one employed to show tourists around places of interest.
7. A(n) _____ is a pass for boarding an aircraft, given to passengers when checking in.
8. A(n) _____ is a person who serves passengers on an aircraft.

VI.- Put “an”, “a”, “the” or Ø (nothing).

1. big books on table are for my history class.
2. It doesn't often snow here at Christmas. We haven't had White Christmas for many years.
3. We came here in summer of 1969.
4. Thanksgiving is in November. The Church of England dates from year 1534. I like driving at night. The roads are quite. Oh, I don't like driving in park. I'd rather travel during day.
5. Are you doing anything at weekends? - I don't think so. Well, come over on Sunday.
6. He bought interesting book in the bookshop book is about wild animals.
7. Rita plays violin and her sister plays guitar.
8. On our trip to Spain, we crossed Atlantic Ocean.
9. David attended Princeton University.
10. Florida State University is smaller than University of Florida.
11. chair that you are sitting in is broken.
12. Civil War was fought in United States between 1861 and 1865.

VII. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate that underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

1. Amazon is still the most extensive rainforest on earth, but a large part of it is now in danger of disappearing for good.
A B C D
2. The number of foreign tourists to Vietnam have increased relatively quickly during the past years.
A B C D
3. She suggested him to go to France and visit the Eiffel Tower instead of Italy this summer.
A B C D
4. He refreshed his daily life by going on a ten-days trip from the North to the South of Vietnam.
A B C D
5. Samir works for an Egyptian company which specializes in the information technology.
A B C D
6. The thick and dense forest made the Nohoch Mui pyramid accessible to the public until 1975.
A B C D
7. Vietnam is the country of vivid colors and bold landscapes, with a dramatic coastline
A B C

and a compelling history.

D

8. Tourism can be a source of problems, especially if it is not managed correct.

A

B

C

D

9. It's always a good idea to book a hotel room advance, especially in peak season.

A

B

C

D

10. Founded by a local man in 1991, Son Doong Cave became known worldwide in 2009

A

B

when it was explored by members of BCRA.

C

D

VIII. Choose the correct answers to complete the passage.

SPACE TOURISM

Make your reservations now. The space tourism industry is (1) _____ open for business, and tickets are going for a mere \$20 million for a one-week stay in space. Despite (2) _____ from NASA, Russia made American businessman Dennis Tito the world's first space tourist. Tito flew into space aboard a Russian Soyuz (3) _____ that arrived at the International Space Station (ISS) on April 30, 2001. The second space tourist, South African businessman Mark Shuttleworth, took (4) _____ aboard the Russian Soyuz on April 25, 2002, also (5) _____ for the ISS. Greg Olsen, an American businessman, became tourist number three to the ISS on October 1, 2005.

On September 18, 2006, Anousheh Ansari, a telecommunications entrepreneur, became the first female space tourist and the fourth space tourist (6) _____. She was also the first person of Iranian descent to make (7) _____ into space. Charles Simonyi, a software architect, became the fifth space tourist on April 7, 2007.

These trips are the beginning of (8) _____ could be a lucrative 21st century industry. There are already several space tourism companies planning to build suborbital vehicles and orbital cities within the next two decades. These companies have (9) _____ millions, believing that the space tourism industry is on the (10) _____ of taking off.

(From *How Space Tourism Works*, www.howstuffworks.com)

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|-------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1. a. immediately | b. officially | c. formally | d. definitely |
| 2. a. acceptance | b. reluctance | c. insistence | d. decision |
| 3. a. launcher | b. satellite | c. rocket | d. missile |
| 4. a. in | b. on | c. over | d. off |
| 5. a. head | b. make | c. direct | d. bound |
| 6. a. thoroughly | b. overall | c. general | d. together |
| 7. a. it | b. her | c. way | d. sense |
| 8. a. when | b. what | c. which | d. how |
| 9. a. invented | b. raised | c. invested | d. paid |
| 10. a. verge | b. border | c. line | d. strip |

IX. Read the text carefully, then do the tasks.

TOURISM TODAY

People travel all over the world and attend a lot of interesting places. The effect of travelling of large amount of people sometimes is incredible. Here are some examples of it.

Large number of people coming to one place once at a time can have less comfortable accommodation as it was in Scotland where only 40% of tourists were offered hotels.

Tourism is one of the principal contributions of pollution in the Mediterranean Sea and as the number of people increase, the problem worsen. Several laws and initiatives have been implemented in order to protect the Mediterranean Sea from further degradation. The rapid tourism development of Bali has had a great effect on its natural environment, affecting water resources, increasing pollution and localized flooding, as well as putting pressure on the island's infrastructure.

In Cancun, Mexico, tourism has extensively damaged the lagoon, obliterated sand dunes, led to the extinction of varying species of animals and fish, and destroyed the rainforest which surrounds the island. It was only twenty years after it was developed, that the government of Mexico decided to limit projects along the coast to prevent further damage to the island's environment.

In Trinidad and Tobago there are shortages of water due to the overpopulation of tourists on the island. The most damaging effect of tourism has been the destruction of coral reefs, as they are harvested for sale to tourists and destroyed by tourists stepping on them as they enter the water.

Decide whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F).

1. The effect of tourism is only positive.
2. Mass tourism can cause housing shortages.
3. Tourism is largely responsible for pollution of the Mediterranean Sea.
4. Tourism promotes conservation of wildlife and natural resources such as rainforests.
5. Bali's rapid tourism development has had a negative impact on its natural environment.
6. Tourism made little damage in Cancun because the government of Mexico put a limit on projects along the coast.
7. Overpopulation of tourists leads to the lack of fresh water resources in Trinidad and Tobago.
8. The destruction of coral reefs is mostly caused by tourists collecting coral for souvenirs.

X. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word in capital.

1. The ticket price I got from the agent was different from that on the airlines website. (AS)
→ The ticket price I got from the agent was not _____
2. Dennis has visited Son Doong Cave once before. (SECOND)
→ This is _____
3. It's a pity I can't visit the Eiffel Tower in Paris. (WISH)
→ I _____
4. The information we received from our tour guide was so confusing that I didn't know when we departed to Hanoi. (GAVE)
→ Our tour guide _____
5. Don't waste your time explaining yourself to people who really don't want to understand. (WORTH)
→ It's _____
6. "You won't get lost if you always have the map open." (LONG)
→ The guide told them _____
7. The family always spent their holidays climbing in the mountains. (USED)
→ The family's holidays _____
8. My best friend suggested I spend the summer in Italy. (ADVISED)
→ My best friend _____
9. It is difficult for Nick to decide where to go on holiday. (MIND)
→ Nick finds _____
10. The weather was beautiful but we didn't go on the picnic. (DESPITE)
→ We _____