

ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN TẬP GIỮA KÌ MÔN ANH VĂN LỚP 9

Ex1: Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest in each of the following questions.

1. A. <u>imitate</u>	B. <u>translate</u>	C. <u>phrase</u>	D. <u>language</u>
2. A. <u>massive</u>	B. <u>immersion</u>	C. <u>establish</u>	D. <u>rusty</u>
3. A. <u>exotic</u>	B. <u>erode</u>	C. <u>checkout</u>	D. <u>decision</u>
4. A. <u>village</u>	B. <u>luggage</u>	C. <u>page</u>	D. <u>damage</u>
5. A. <u>simmer</u>	B. <u>grill</u>	C. <u>whisk</u>	D. <u>slice</u>

Ex2: Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word that differ from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions

1. A. surface	B. remind	C. wander	D. spacecraft
2. A. versatile	B. tomato	C. marinate	D. chocolate
3. A. bilingual	B. magnificent	C. inaccessible	D. promote
4. A. effective	B. efficiency	C. appliance	D. innovation
5. A. ingredient	B. holiday	C. excursion	D. delicious

Ex3: *Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions*

1. Is there _____ apple juice in the fridge, Quang?
A. an B. a C. any D. some

2. You should eat more fruits and vegetables if you _____ to lose weight.
A. will want B. want C. would want D. wanted

3. They could understand our conversation if they _____ some English.
A. knew B. would know C. will know D. know

4. If we go to England, we can practice speaking English with _____ speakers.
A. nation B. national C. native D. natively

5. My friend, _____ father is a teacher, is very good at English.
A. whom B. which C. who D. whose

6. The language that you learn to speak from birth is _____ language.
A. official B. first C. second D. foreign

7. There are many _____ of English all over the world such as British English, American English and Indian English.
A. speakers B. terms C. dialogues D. varieties

8. I dream of _____ adventure to _____.
A. an - Θ B. Θ - the C. a - the D. an - the

9. If you eat a lot of fruit, you _____ health problems.
A. have B. will have C. had D. might not have

10. Does it take _____ long time to get to _____ city centre?
A. Θ - the B. a - a C. a - the D. the - the

11. She is the woman _____ sister looks after the baby for us.
A. who B. whom C. that D. whose

12. Bill hasn't _____ his mind about what he should bring with him on the trip to Russia.
A. come into B. made up C. gone through D. thought of

13. What do you think of _____ public transport in _____ Ha Noi?
A. Θ - Θ B. a - a C. a - Θ D. the - Θ

14. The food was so hot _____.
A. that it burned my tongue B. for it to burn my tongue
C. and then it burned my tongue D. to have burned my tongue

15. The picture reminds him of the time _____ he studied in New York.

A. which	B. when	C. where	D. why
16. The children _____ attend that English school receive good education.			
A. who	B. whom	C. which	D. whose
17. She spoke English with a(n) _____ that I couldn't understand.			
A. accent	B. stress	C. intonation	D. tone
18. The hotel is beautifully _____ in a quiet spot near the river.			
A. located	B. situating	C. lying	D. stayed
19. Mike comes from a city _____ is in the southern part of England.			
A. where	B. who	C. when	D. that
20. I _____ the poor if I _____ a millionaire.			
A. help – will become	B. would help – became		
C. helped – would become	D. will help – become		

Ex 4: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

1. This is our new (A) laboratory, that (B) has been equipped (C) with many modern (D) facilities.
2. In today's (A) world, teenagers rely in (B) technology more than (C) in the past (D).
3. They asked me how long (A) did it take (B) to get to (C) Paris by train (D).
4. She is (A) singing and dancing merrily (B) when the doctor (C) called to see (D) her.
5. Can we meet each other (A) at my university, where (B) is situated (C) in the city centre? (D)

Ex5: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

1. - "Can you do the cooking today?" - "_____."
A. All right B. Yes, please C. No, thanks D. I know that

2. - "I got 500 for the TOEFL, Dad." - "_____."
A. Good for you. Thank you.
B. I'm glad you say so.
C. Well done, son! I'm very proud of you.
D. You can do it.

3. - "What a beautiful painting!" - "_____"
A. Thanks, I bought it in a souvenir shop.
B. I'm glad to tell you so.
C. You're welcome.
D. I don't mind if you say that.

4. "What do you want for dessert?" - "_____"
A. What about spaghetti?
B. No thanks. I'm not thirsty.
C. Walnut Banana bread pudding is a great idea.
D. She will make a cheesecake for her mother's birthday party.

5. - "Good morning, could I speak to Mr. David, please?" - Mr Smith: "_____"
A. Certainly. Would two o'clock be OK?
B. I'll have to ask the person you want to ring first.
C. Probably by Monday next week.
D. He's in a meeting. Can I take a message?

Ex6: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the word(s) in bold in each of the following questions.

1. If the petrol price **goes up** anymore, I will have to use a bicycle.

A. increase B. decrease C. develop D. raise

2. They decided to **postpone** their journey till the end of the month because of the epidemic.
 A. take up B. turn round C. put off D. do with

3. She left school and immediately started to **make her own way** without help from her family.
 A. find her living B. try her living C. hold her living D. earn her living

4. He was asked to **account for** his presence at the scene of crime.
 A. complain B. exchange C. explain D. arrange

5. She **lost her temper** with a customer and shouted at him.
 A. had a temperature B. kept her temper C. became very angry D. felt worried

Ex 7: Mark the letter A, B, c, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the word(s) in bold in each of the following questions.

1. She's been trying to find a good job in the city and she's finally **succeeded**.
 A. stopped B. failed C. lost D. managed

2. We must not let small children play in the kitchen. It's a **dangerous** place.
 A. handy B. suitable C. central D. safe

3. I clearly remember talking to him in a **chance** meeting last summer.
 A. unplanned B. deliberate C. accidental D. unintentional

4. Look at the illustrations of **different** parts of a computer system.
 A. together B. pure C. average D. similar

5. Primary education in the United States is **compulsory**.
 A. selective B. optional C. required D. free of charge.

Ex 8: Read the passage and circle the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks

When visitors join in a (1) _____ of the Mekong Delta, they can visit Cai Rang Floating Market to see the river life. Cai Rang Floating Market is open all day but it is busiest from sunrise to about 9 a.m. The main items (2) _____ here are farm products and specialties of neighboring areas.

During the early morning market hours, larger sized boats anchor and create lanes so that (3) _____ boats can move into and out of. The waterway becomes a maze of hundreds of boats packed with mango, bananas, papaya, pineapple, and other goods. Sellers do not have to cry out for their goods because their goods can be seen in a distance and their cries would not be heard in the vastness of the river and the noise of boat engines. Sellers tie their goods to a tall pole (4) _____ buyers can see from a distance what they are selling. Each boat is loaded with plenty of seasonal goods.

Activities at the market are also a(n) (5) _____ for tourists to study the aspects of southerners.

1. A. tour	B. trip	C. voyage	D. travel
2. A. sell	B. are selling	C. selling	D. sold
3. A. no	B. bigger	C. smaller	D. the same
4. A. therefore	B. but	C. so that	D. although
5. A. occasion	B. event	C. reason	D. experience

Ex 9: Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

When you hear how I learned a foreign language, you have to remember a few things. In 1993, when I started learning English, no one had heard of the Internet. I wasn't able to read websites on topics that I found interesting or follow blogs. And I have no idea how I decided which movies to see without my favourite movie review website.

My reading practice was limited. All I had were a few books on sale locally. For listening practice, I only had the news and cartoons on cable TV. People bought and rented videos but in Poland there was no spoken English on them. The only way to hear that was to visit the movies.

My dictionaries were all in book form until I received my first PC dictionary. It came on at least six disks and had unhelpful explanations and few example sentences. It doesn't sound very useful but I loved it because of its ability to work with other programs and find English words more quickly. Today, computerized dictionaries have simple explanations and lots of examples. Now I can spend hours on the web, reading about my favourite topics, downloading **up-to-date** movies, emailing English-speaking friends and posting comments on forums.

1. **The writer says he doesn't know** _____.

- A. where he bought English book online from
- B. which topics he found interesting
- C. how he used to choose films to watch
- D. when he first heard about the internet

2. **To watch films in English, Polish people in the 1990s had to** _____.

- A. rent films on videotape
- B. go to the cinema
- C. watch TV for children
- D. have cable television

3. **The writer liked his first computer dictionary because it** _____.

- A. found information at a faster speed
- B. was better than today's dictionaries
- C. gave you useful example sentences
- D. came with other computer programs

4. **The word "up-to-date" means** _____.

- A. latest
- B. longest
- C. oldest
- D. daily

5. **What is the writer trying to do in the text?** _____.

- A. Compare two different ways of teaching a language.
- B. Complain about the use of technology in language learning.
- C. Explain how language learning materials have changed.
- D. Encourage people to start learning in a foreign language.

Ex10: Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word/phrase that best fits each of the numbered blank.

Having a healthy breakfast every day is very important, especially (1) teenagers. It can give you an energy boost in the morning and improve your focus. If you (2) a lot of time in the morning, this breakfast recipe should be perfect for you. Banana muffin is very simple recipe. All you need is a (3) common ingredients and a microwave. First, prepare three tablespoons of whole wheat flour, a little bit of baking powder and cinnamon. Put them in a cup then add two tablespoons of milk and honey. Smash half a banana then (4) it with the mixture. Pop the cup in the microwave for one minute and the quick, (5) breakfast is ready for you. You can also prepare the banana muffin cup beforehand, but remember to keep it in the refrigerator.

1. A. at	B. with	C. to	D. for
2. A. haven't had	B. didn't have	C. don't have	D. won't have
3. A. few	B. lot	C. little	D. lots
4. A. blend	B. grind	C. slice	D. chop
5. A. health	B. healthy	C. healthiness	D. healthily

Ex11: Rewrite each of the sentences so that it means the same as the one before it.

1. Mr Brown's team has lost the game. He looks very sad.
- Mr Brown, whose
The mother made the little girl go to bed in time.
- The little girl.....

3. Do you know the man? That man sat next to me at Nam's birthday party last night.
- Do you know the man.....?

4. It is better for Minh to spend 2 hours doing his homework every day.
- I suggest

5. We were late for school because of the heavy rain.
- Because it

6. She can't go to school today because she is ill.
- If she

7. I live in a city. It is in the north of Vietnam.
- I live in a city

8. The flight was canceled. We were going to take it.
- The flight

Ex 12: Use the given words to make meaningful sentences.

1. A new bridge/ build/ over the river / next year.
.....

2. I / suggest / you / eat / less / meat.
.....

3. National language / India / Hindu and English.
.....

4. This / such / difficult homework / it / took / much time / finish / it.
.....

5. It / said / health / more precious / gold.
.....

6. If/ I/ be/ you/ I/ think/ more carefully/ job.
.....

7. If/ you/ can't/ cook/ food/ yourself/ have/ bowl/ cereal/ and/ milk.
.....

8. English/ first language/ in/ many countries/ outside/ United Kingdom.
.....