

UNIT 8: OUR WORLD HERITAGE SITES**A. VOCABULARY**

1. Intact (a) nguyên vẹn	2. In ruin (a) bị phá hủy, tàn phá	3. Citadel (n) thành lũy	4. Dynasty (n) triều đại
5. Demolish (v) phá hủy	6. Relic (n) di tích	7. Grotto (n) hang động	8. Cruise (n) chuyến đi chơi bằng đường biển
9. Islet (n) hòn đảo nhỏ	10. Complex (n) khu, quần thể	11. Itinerary (n) lịch trình cho chuyến đi	12. Archaeological (a) thuộc về khảo cổ học

B. GRAMMAR: RÚT GỌN MỆNH ĐỀ QUAN HỆ: có 3 cách thường dùng**1. Rút gọn mệnh đề quan hệ bằng cách dùng participle phrases (V-ing phrase)**

Nếu động từ trong mệnh đề quan hệ ở thể chủ động (active), ta dùng cụm hiện tại phân từ (present participle phrase) thay cho mệnh đề đó. Thao tác: Bỏ đại từ quan hệ và trợ động từ, đưa động từ chính về nguyên mẫu và thêm đuôi ing.

Ex: The man who is standing there is my brother => The man standing there is my brother

2. Rút gọn bằng cách dùng past participle phrase (V-ed phrase)

Nếu động từ trong mệnh đề quan hệ ở thể bị động (passive) ta dùng cụm quá khứ phân từ (past participle phrase).

Ex: The books which were written by Nam Cao are interesting => The books written by Nam Cao are interesting.

3. Rút gọn mệnh đề quan hệ bằng to infinitive

Dùng khi danh từ đứng trước có các chữ sau đây bổ nghĩa: the only, the first, the second,... the last, so sánh nhất, mục đích.

Ex: Tom is the last person who enters the room = Tom is the last person to enter the room.

John is the youngest person who takes part in the race => John is the youngest person to take part in the race.

C. PRACTICE

Exercise 1. Choose the word whose underline part is pronounced differently from the rest:

- | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. int <u>a</u> ct | B. dyn <u>a</u> sty | C. cit <u>a</u> del | D. roy <u>a</u> l |
| 2. A. herit <u>a</u> ge | B. pass <u>a</u> ge | C. teen <u>a</u> ge | D. pack <u>a</u> ge |
| 3. A. disti <u>n</u> ctive | B. divers <u>i</u> ty | C. irrespo <u>n</u> sible | D. is <u>l</u> et |
| 4. A. rel <u>i</u> c | B. l <u>i</u> mestone | C. ru <u>i</u> n | D. scen <u>i</u> c |
| 5. A. grotto <u>o</u> | B. po <u>e</u> tic | C. wor <u>s</u> hip | D. do <u>m</u> e |

Exercise 2. Choose the word which has difference stress pattern:

- | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 6. A. picturesque | B. heritage | C. emperor | D. dynasty |
| 7. A. geological | B. archaeologist | C. irresponsible | D. itinerary |
| 8. A. abundant | B. masterpiece | C. demolish | D. mosaic |
| 9. A. mandatory | B. magnificent | C. harmonious | D. imperial |
| 10. A. itinerary | B. architectural | C. mausoleum | D. archaeologist |

Exercise 3: Choose the best answer for each statement:

- After the Mongol invasion of 1241, a.....was built on the hills opposite the city.
A. citadel B. cruise C. tidal D. oppose
-is a period of years during which members of a particular family rule a country.
A. city B. abolish C. dynasty D. downtown
- Visits to four different countries are included in your.....
A. delivery B. cruise C. available D. itinerary
- Two bodies were found among the charred.....of the house
A. rains B. ruins C. roams D. roles

5. Located in Hoang Dieu Street, Hau Lau hasarchitecture of the Eastern and Western styles.
 A. abundant B. authentic C. mixed D. complex
6. The nearly 4-hour..... from Ha Long Bay to Cat Ba Island afforded us visits to well-known caves and beaches.
 A. travel B. vacation C. boating D. cruise
7. My Son Sanctuary is an area _____ with Hindu-like architecture and art.
 A. covering B. covered C. which covered d. to cover
8. Son Doong Cave is the largest cave in the world in Phong Nha - Ke Bang National Park.
 A. which discovered B. discovering C. to discover D. to be discovered
9. The distinction of the Khai Dinh Tomb is the unique architecture..... the art of Rococo and the Vietnamese style.
 A. combined B. combining C. to be combined D. which combine
10. The Temple of Preah Vihear in Cambodia is composed of a series of sanctuaries _____ by a system of pavements and staircases over an 800 metre long axis.
 A. linked B. linking C. to link D. being linked

Exercise 4. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

36. The balance and harmonious blending of various elements contribute to Taj Mahal's unique beauty.
 A. successful B. agreeable C. tasteful D. fitting
37. My Son Sanctuary is a large complex of religious relics comprising more than 70 architectural works such as towers, temples, and tombs.
 A. royal B. precious C. holy D. valuable
38. In addition to exploring the caves and grottos, and seeing its flora and fauna, visitors can also enjoy mountain climbing.
 A. flowers and plants B. plants and animals
 C. plants and vegetation D. flowers and grass
39. Ha Long Bay has attracted millions of visitors who come to enjoy its breathtaking views and experience other activities.
 A. unbreathable B. heartbreaking C. awe-inspiring D. unforgettable
40. They can enjoy the -comfort and elegance of five-star hotels and luxury cruise ships.
 A. style B. convenience C. standard D. grace
41. Most of the Imperial Citadel of Thang Long was demolished in the early 20th century.
 A. rebuilt B. pulled down C. put up D. pulled up
42. Taj Mahal is a giant mausoleum of white marble in Agra, India. It is considered to be an outstanding work of art.
 A. noticeable B. attractive C. brilliant D. significant
43. Recognised as a World Heritage Site in 1983, the Taj Mahal Complex, including the tomb, mosque, guest house, and main gate, has preserved the original qualities of the buildings.
 A. initial B. ancient C. unique D. perfect
44. As visitors explore this magnificent place, there are always new surprises for them.
 A. interesting B. strange C. impressive D. unusual
45. The mausoleum represents the greatest architectural and artistic achievement of Muslim art.

- A. contains B. includes C. claims D. embodies

Exercise 5. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

46. Though built almost five hundred years ago, the church remained practically intact.
A. in perfection B. in ruins C. in chaos D. in completion
47. Tourists can do and see a lot in Ha Long Bay at a reasonable price.
A. inexpensive B. affordable C. cheap D. exorbitant
48. The major stone sections of the Citadel of the Ho Dynasty remain intact thanks to the unique construction techniques.
A. special B. common C. excellent D. ancient
49. The Imperial Citadel of Thang Long was first built during the Ly Dynasty and then expanded by subsequent dynasties.
A. following B. successive C. preceding D. next
50. Visitors with more abundant travel budgets can enjoy the comfort of five-star hotels and luxury cruise ships.
A. huge B. plentiful C. mean D. tight

Exercise 6: Rewrite following sentences

1. Be sure to follow the instructions that are given at the top of the page.
2. Students who left late will not be permitted to enter the classroom.
3. John, who was taken by surprise, hardly knew what to say.
4. The people who are waiting for the bus in the rain are getting wet.
5. We drove along the road that was still flooded after the heavy rain.

Exercise 7. Choose the correct word /phrase that best fits the blank in the following passage.

Hoan Kiem lake is an attractive body of water right in the (1) _____ of Hanoi. Legend has it that in the mid-15th (2) _____, Heaven gave Emperor Le Thai To (Le Loi) a magical sword which he used to fight (3) _____ the Chinese, the Ming aggressors, out of Vietnam. After that one day when he was out (4) _____ in the lake, a giant (5) _____ tortoise suddenly grabbed the sword and (6) _____ into the depths of the lake. Since then, the lake has been known as Hoan Kiem lake, (7) _____ it is believed the sword was taken to its original divine owners. The tiny Tortoise Pagoda, topped with a red star, is (8) _____ a small island in the middle of the lake; it is often used (9) _____ an emblem of Hanoi. Every morning around 6 am, local residents can be seen around Hoan Kiem lake (10) _____ their morning exercises, jogging or playing badminton.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|------------|------------|
| 1. A. middle | B. main | C. heart | D. point |
| 2. A. festival | B. century | C. time | D. occur |
| 3. A. above | B. down | C. for | D. against |
| 4. A. diving | B. playing | C. sailing | D. walking |
| 5. A. gold | B. golden | C. huge | D. value |
| 6. A. disanneared | B. endangered | C. lost | D. escaped |

Exercise 8. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

One of the seven wonders of the ancient world, the Great Pyramid of Giza was a monument of wisdom and prophecy built as a tomb for Pharaoh Cheops in 2720 B.C. Despite its antiquity, certain aspects of its construction make it one of the truly great wonders of the world. The thirteen-acre structure near the Nile River is a solid mass of stone blocks covered with limestone. Inside are a number of hidden passageways and the burial chamber for the Pharaoh. It is the largest single structure in the world. The four sides of the pyramid are aligned almost exactly on true north, south, east, and west – an incredible engineering feat. The ancient Egyptians were sun worshipers and great astronomers, so computations for the Great Pyramid were based on astronomical observations.

Explorations and detailed examinations of the base of the structure reveal many **intersecting** lines. Further scientific study indicates that these represent a type of timeline of events – past, present, and future. Many of the events have been interpreted and found to coincide with known facts of the past. Others are **prophesied** for future generations and are currently under investigation. Many believe that pyramids have supernatural powers, and this one is no exception. Some researchers even associate it with extraterrestrial beings of the ancient past. Was this superstructure made by ordinary beings, or one built by a race far superior to any known today?

118. The word “**intersecting**” in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to ____.
- A. crossing B. aligning C. observing D. cutting
119. What do the intersecting lines in the base symbolise?
- A. Architects' plans for the hidden passages.
B. Pathways of the great solar bodies.
C. Astrological computations.
D. Dates of important events taking place throughout time.
120. The word “**prophesied**” in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to ____.
- A. affiliated B. precipitated C. terminated D. foretold
121. Extraterrestrial beings are ____.
- A. very strong workers B. astronomers in the ancient times
C. researchers in Egyptology D. living beings from other planets
122. What is the best title for the passage?
- A. Symbolism of the Great Pyramid

- B. Problems with the Construction of the Great Pyramid
- C. Wonders of the Great Pyramid of Giza
- D. Exploration of the Burial Chamber of Cheops