

PART - I POLITICAL SCIENCE LIVE WORKSHEET PS 3

- 1. The Chairperson of the Drafting Committee of Indian Constitution was ()**

1) Dr. Babu Rajendra Prasad	2) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
3) Sardar Vallabai Patel	4) Sucheta Krupalani
- 2. The first Union Law minister was ()**

1) Dr. Babu Rajendra Prasad	2) Jawaharlal Nehru
3) Maulana Abul Kalam Azad	4) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
- 3. 'Joothan' is one autobiography of ()**

1) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar	2) Jyothiba Phule
3) Omprakash Valmiki	4) Narayana Guru
- 4. The four major caste groups, Brahmana, Kshatriya, Vysya and Sudra were emerged in the times of ()**

1) Vedas	2) Indus valley civilisation
3) Guptas	4) Mauryas
- 5. Mahatma Jyothiba Phule was a social reformer of ()**

1) Maharashtra	2) Andhra Pradesh
3) West Bengal	4) Gujarat
- 6. 'Satyashodhak Samaj' was founded by : ()**

1) Jyotirao Govindarao Phule	2) Narayana Guru
3) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar	4) Periyar
- 7. 'Satyashodhak Samaj' was founded in : ()**

1) 1875	2) 1873
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- 3) 1874
4) 1871
8. The country's first girl school was opened at: ()
1) Bombay
2) Calcutta
3) Pune
4) Chennai
9. The country's first girl school was opened by ()
1) Jyotirao Govindarao Phule
2) Savithri Bai Phule
3) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
4) Narayana Guru
10. Who was the first headmistress of the country's first school for girls? ()
1) Savithri Bai Phule
2) Jyothi Bai Phule
3) Nirmala Bai
4) Sarojini Bai
11. Narayana Guru was born in ()
1) Tamil Nadu
2) Kerala
3) Maharashtra
4) West Bengal
12. Who preached 'one God, one Caste, one religion for all people'? ()
1) Jyotirao Govindarao Phule
2) Periyar
3) Narayana Guru
4) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
13. The first social and religious movement in India was : ()
1) Buddhism
2) Jainism
3) Hinduism
4) Judaism
14. Was the first state mid - day meal programme ()
1) Andhra Pradesh
2) Tamil Nadu
3) Kerala
4) Maharashtra
15. In, the Supreme court asked all the state governments to start 'Mid-day Meal' programme in their schools. ()
1) 2000
2) 2001
3) 2002
4) 2004
16. Many people who follow the caste rules _____ only within their own caste. ()
1) marry
2) occupy

3) employ

4) traditions and customs

17. Caste system ()

- 1) creates relation between some classes of people
- 2) separates some classes of people
- 3) caste discrimination increases in society
- 4) all the above

18. These works are treated as low ()

- 1) washing clothes
- 2) barbering
- 3) removing garbage
- 4) all the above

19. Facing discrimination means ()

- 1) no permission to education
- 2) no right to do work as per their willing
- 3) no entry into school and houses of the rich
- 4) all the above

20. This famous India leader faced caste discrimination at nine years age in 1901. ()

- 1) B.R. Ambedkar
- 2) Abdul Kalam
- 3) Narendranath Dutt
- 4) Babu Jagjivan Ram