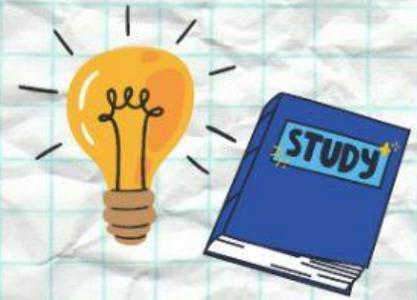


English Quiz



Name: _____

Semester: _____

Read the instructions carefully and do what is asked.

 Listen to a man and a woman talking about their reading habits. Check (✓) True or False for each sentence.

- | | True | False |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. The woman doesn't see the point of reading short stories. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2. The woman thinks online games are fun. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3. The man mainly reads books that have been assigned in class. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4. The woman is struggling with her course work. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5. The woman will probably read the short stories the man recommends. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Complete the conversation with the words from the box. Some words are used more than once.

also and both either neither nor not only or

- A It's interesting, isn't it, how cell phones have changed so much in just a few years. I mean, not so long ago they were ⁽¹⁾ really expensive, but ⁽²⁾ really big and bulky.
- B I know what you mean. My dad had this huge thing. He was always complaining about it. He said they were ⁽³⁾ affordable ⁽⁴⁾ convenient.
- A Yeah. I mean, half the time you couldn't even make a call because you were out of range.
- B I know. You ⁽⁵⁾ had to find a payphone ⁽⁶⁾ just wait until you got home and then make a call.
- A Wow. Can you imagine having to do that today?
- B No way. People have ⁽⁷⁾ the time ⁽⁸⁾ the patience to do that.
- A Right. Everyone needs to be in constant contact. I mean, everyone I know has ⁽⁹⁾ a smartphone ⁽¹⁰⁾ a tablet. You know, so they're never out of touch.

English Quiz



Replace the words in italics with the type of phrase given in parentheses.

1. People *who commute to work* _____ on public transportation spend a lot of time on their computers. (present participle)
2. If you want to buy a new laptop online, I know a good website *that you should try* _____. (active infinitive)
3. There are lots of elderly people *who are eager to adopt new technology* _____. (adjective phrase)
4. The kids *who live in the apartment* _____ next door all have cell phones, even the little ones. (prepositional phrase)

Choose the correct word to complete the sentences.

1. I like reading fashion blogs, and many of the **one / ones** I read are really good.
2. I used to buy fashion magazines, but now there are so many good blogs that I don't really **need / need to**.
3. There are a lot of blogs out there. Every time I look there seems to be **a new one / a new**.
4. You can usually comment on a blog, though I generally prefer **to / not to**.
5. The longest blogs are not always **the best one / the best**, of course.
6. Anyone can start a blog, and in fact, I think I'd **like to / like**.
7. I hope to have links to other sites on my blog – at least to some of **the better / the better ones**.
8. I'd like to get started as soon as I can, but I know I won't be **able / able to** for a while.

English Quiz



Read the text and choose the correct option: True or False.

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar containing www.technology.com/classrooms. The main content area features the article title "Technology in U.S. Classrooms".

Technology is changing all our lives at an increasingly rapid rate, and this is happening not only in homes and offices, but also in schools. Technology in school will potentially revolutionize both the way students learn and the methods used by teachers. A study on how widely technology is used in U.S. schools has produced some interesting findings.

Sixty-three percent of all teachers reported that students in their schools had access to high-speed Internet in the classroom. When this data was broken down according to the grades the teachers taught, 49 percent in high school grades had high-speed Internet access in their classrooms, compared with 55 percent in middle school grades and 72 percent in elementary grades. It is worth noting that there were no significant differences in classroom Internet access associated with the places where schools were located: Typically, rural, suburban, and urban schools offer similar levels of Internet access. Nor, apparently, were there any major differences across the range of subjects taught.

Another issue highlighted by the study is how wide the variation is in teacher technology competency between states. Only 27 states (52 percent) have minimum technology competency standards, and only 11 (21 percent) provide data on how well teachers meet these standards. The methods used to evaluate teacher competency in this area also vary greatly. The states that reported the percentage of teachers meeting minimum standards of technology competency gave figures that varied from 8 to 100 percent. There is clearly more work to be done.

A simple illustration of a black tablet device with a white screen, shown from a slightly elevated perspective.

1. The older the students, the more likely they are to have Internet access in the classroom. _____
2. In general, students in rural schools have less access to the Internet than students in urban schools. _____
3. It is more appropriate to teach some subjects than others by using the Internet. _____
4. Most states do not keep data on how well teachers meet technology competency standards. _____