

1. Listen to a conversation about Canada. Fill each of the gaps with no more than TWO words. You will listen TWICE.

CANADA

Number of provinces: (1) _____

Capital city: (2) _____

Canada has (3) _____ president

Population: (4) > _____

Canada Day: (5) _____

2. Listen to the instructions on what to do in an earthquake. Decide if the statements are true (T) or false (F). Circle T or F.

1. If you are indoors, stay away from windows. TF

2. If you are indoors, try to run away as far as possible. TF

3. If you are driving, get out of the car immediately. TF

4. If you are trapped, keep shouting loudly until helpers come. TF

5. If you are trapped, you should make sound on a pipe or wall so helpers can find you. TF

II. READING

1. Read the passage and choose the correct answer. Circle A, B, or C.

Ha Tinh is a **disaster-prone** province in the central of Viet Nam. Since the beginning of 2015, this province has experienced three massive floods, causing devastating property damage. The floods razed thousands of homes, damaged numerous irrigation works, roads, schools and healthcare centres. Ms. Nga Tran, a local resident, recalled the last flood, "The flood in June was normal, but the one in September was awful. Water from Ngan Pho River began to submerge the floor, while outside it was still raining heavily. After a while the water was about one meter. I had no choice but to climb up to the attic and stay there for two days." Like many other residents, all of Ms Nga's furniture was covered in mud, some was completely damaged for having been soaked in the water for too long. But what worried her most was the loss of her rice crop. Three months after the flood, lots of farmers still struggled with finding enough food to eat. If there is no aid from the government, the situation in this province will get worse.

1. What does **disaster-prone** mean?

A. having no disasters B. likely to have disasters C. have very few disasters

2. What is NOT mentioned as consequences from the floods?

A. loss of life B. loss of property C. loss of crop

3. When was the flood as recalled by Ms. Nga Tran?

A. January B. June C. September

4. How long did Ms. Nga Tran stay in her attic?

A. for the whole week B. two days C. three months

5. What is the biggest worry of Ms. Nga and other residents?

A. lack of food B. lack of accommodation C. lack of aid

2. Read the passage and fill the blanks with the given words.

prediction anger deforestation processes decades

Natural disasters result from natural 1. _____ of the earth. However, in the last five decades, human activities have contributed to increasing the number of natural

disasters. More landslides have occurred as a result of 2. _____. Because there are fewer trees in the forest, the soil becomes loosened and more easily to be flushed down. Industrialization and urbanization contribute to global warming, leading to more intense disasters of all kinds, including hurricanes and tsunamis. It is more difficult to have exact 3. _____ of climate patterns such as *El Niño* and *La Niña*. According to the Office of US Foreign Disaster Assistance, the total natural disasters reported each year have been steadily increasing in recent 4. _____. In 1980, there were only about 100 hydro-meteorological disasters reported per year but that number has risen to over 300 a year since 2000. If humans do not take action, natural disasters will become more tragic and we won't be able to cope with the 5. _____ of Mother Nature.

III. WRITING

1. Complete each of the following sentences using the cues given. You can change the cues and use other words in addition to the cues to complete the sentences.

Here is an example.

0. Ngoc/ usually/ play/ badminton/ Sunday.

Answer: 0. *Ngoc usually plays badminton on Sundays.*

1. Noise pollution/ big cities/ lead/ hearing/ problems.

2. Lots/ aquatic animals/ die/ because/ oil spills.

3. If/ you/ president/ country/ what/ you/ do/ protect/ environment?

4. One way/ save/ environment/ is/ use/ renewable/ energy/ sources.

5. This boy/ suffer/ birth/ defects/ because/ parents/ expose/radioactive/ pollution.

2. Fill each gap with the correct form of the verb in brackets, using the passive voice.

1. Hundreds of people _____ in last night's earthquake. **(kill)**

2. _____ the whole city _____ by the storm? That was terrible! **(destroy)**

3. Three people _____ here. We need to help them now. **(trap)**

4. All the victims _____ to an evacuation centre in the early morning. **(take)**

5. Five people _____ missing after the flood swept through the town last week. **(report)**

3. Complete each sentence with the correct form of the word given.

1. I like to speak English to people from _____ countries. DIFFER

2. Speaking English with correct _____ is difficult. PRONOUNCE

3. Hoa has made lots of _____ in her learning English. IMPROVE

4. Singlish is an _____ of Singaporean English. ABBREVIATE

5. I'm learning English to join an _____ summer camp. NATION

-- The end --

