

PART III. ADVANCED LEVEL

I. Rewrite the following sentences so that their meaning stays the same, using the words given.

1. There was a loud noise next to my door last night, so I couldn't sleep.

→ Because _____.

2. Tornadoes can move objects as big as a car.

→ Objects _____.

3. Your parents are happy because you behave yourself well.

→ If _____.

4. They provided food then cleared up the debris.

→ After _____.

5. A mechanic is going to serve our car tomorrow morning

→ Our car _____.

6. I'm not you, but I think you should recycle these plastic carrier bags.

→ If I were you _____.

7. Scientists have invented new devices to help people live a longer life.

→ New devices _____.

8. Vy ate a lot last night, so she had a stomachache.

→ Because _____.

9. Smoke from mills, factories and industry can cause health problems like asthma and lung diseases. (lead)

→ _____.

II. Fill in the blank with the correct form of the given word.

UNIT 7

1. It's evidence that this ocean is clean and environmentally _____. (pollute)

2. Diseases are primarily due to _____ food and air. (contaminate)

3. While some Chemicals may be harmless others can cause _____. (damage)

4. Life expectancy has gone down due to _____ diseases caused by air pollution. (die)

5. In remote regions, the air is pure and the crops are free of _____ insecticides. (poison)

6. Some scientists warn that light _____ damages people and animals. (pollute)

7. Many Chemicals have a _____ effect on the environment. (damage)

8. The dumping of _____ sewage into the sea is a source of ocean pollution. (treat)

9. A _____ is a substance that makes something dirty, polluted, or poisonous.

(contaminate)

10. Water pollution can lead to the _____ of aquatic plants and animals. (**die**)

UNIT 8

1. The natural _____ beauty of Thodupuzha has attracted many Malayalam movie makers.

(scenery)

2. The town is _____ situated between two glacial lakes and is surrounded by natural beauty.

(unique)

3. The Eiffel Tower is the most _____ Parisian landmark. (**icon**)

4. Which countries have the most English _____? (**speak**)

5. The _____ anthem of America is “The star-spangled banner”. (**nation**)

6. England is the largest of the four _____ regions making up the United Kingdom.

(geography)

7. The _____ between Vietnam and America is good. (**friend**)

8. They enjoy the _____ atmosphere here. (**peace**)

9. The Glastonbury Festival in England is a _____ of music and it attracts thousands of people. (**celebrate**)

10. The _____ founder of the city was Helenus, son of Priam, and Virgil. (**legend**)

UNIT 9:**Ex1: Complete the sentences with the words in the box.**

<i>avalanche</i>	<i>blizzard</i>	<i>disaster</i>	<i>drought</i>	<i>eruption</i>
<i>evacuation</i>	<i>explosion</i>	<i>flood</i>	<i>lightning</i>	<i>tsunami</i>

1. The soldiers have been deployed to help avert a looming environmental _____ in Central provinces.

2. When I was outside in the _____, I couldn't see more than a few feet in front of me because of all the snow.

3. Mum went shopping yesterday afternoon and she was very frightened. In the car park, there was an _____ and nobody knew what it was.

4. I saw on TV that yesterday there was an _____ on an island in the Pacific and hot lava came down the volcano.

5. My little sister is afraid of _____, so when there is a bad storm she always hides.

6. Last Sunday we wanted to go skiing, but we couldn't because in the mountains there was an _____.

7. A powerful earthquake off the coast of Indonesia sparked a three-metre-high that _____ killed at least 113 people.
8. If there is a bad _____ in a town, the people have to travel by boat!
9. After the harshest winter in decades, the western region is now facing its hottest summer and the worst _____ across the area in nearly 40 years
10. People should become familiar with the guidelines for _____ because natural disasters can force them to leave their homes.

Ex2: Fill in each numbered blank with a suitable word to complete the following

Drought is an extended period of unusually (1) _____ weather when there is not enough rain. The lack of precipitation can cause a variety of problems for local communities, including damage to crops and a shortage (2) _____ drinking water. These effects can lead to devastating economic and social disasters, such as famine, forced migration away from drought-stricken areas, and conflict over remaining resources.

Because the full effects of a drought can develop slowly over time, impacts can be (3) _____. However, drought can have drastic and long-term effects on vegetation, animals, and people. Since 1900, more than 11 million people have (4) _____ and more than 2 billion people have been (5) _____ by drought. Drought is also one of the costliest weather-related disasters. Since 2014 California has lost at least 2 billion-dollars a year, due to drought.

Drought is a complicated phenomenon, and can be hard to (6) _____. One difficulty is that drought means (7) _____ things in different regions. A drought is defined depending on the average amount of precipitation that an area is accustomed to receiving.

For example, in Atlanta, Georgia, the (8) _____ rainfall is about 127 centimeters (50 inches) a year. If significantly less rain falls, there may be water shortages and a drought may be declared. However, some arid regions, such as the deserts of the American Southwest, may receive less than about 25 centimeters (10 inches) of rainfall in a non-drought year. A drought in Atlanta could be a very wet period in Phoenix, Arizona!