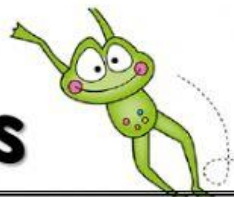


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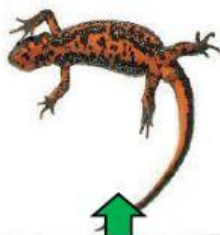
Amphibians



Amphibians are cold-blooded animals. They are vertebrates which means that they have a backbone. Amphibians can live both on land and in water. When they are young, most amphibians breathe air using their gills. As they grow, they spend more time on land and breathe air using their lungs. Some examples of amphibians are Frogs, Toads, Salamanders, Newts and Caecilians. Frog and toad young are called tadpoles while Salamanders and Newts young are called larva. Most amphibians have webbed feet so they can easily swim in water. Some amphibians are poisonous. The Poison Arrow Frog is quite poisonous to people. The smallest amphibian is the Cuban Tree Frog which is 12mm long. The largest amphibian is the Japanese and Chinese Giant Salamander.

1. Match the amphibians with their corresponding name.

Frog	Salamander	Toad	Newt
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- Choose the best answer to complete the sentences.

1. An amphibian has a double life. It first lives in the _____
and then lives on land.
2. Amphibians have _____, slimy skin.
3. Frogs catch their prey with their sticky _____.
4. The young of a frog is called a _____.
5. Tadpoles breathe using their _____ while adult frog
breathe through their skin and _____.
6. Frogs reproduce by _____.
7. Frogs are _____ and cold-blooded amphibian.

INTERESTING FACT

- Do you know what is the most poisonous frog on Earth?
It's the Golden Poison Frog.

