



I. Circle the word that has the stress differently from that of the others.

1. A. educate      B. interesting      C. interact      D. company  
2. A. although      B. because      C. despite      D. otherwise



II. Circle the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others.

3. A. bench      B. send      C. event      D. energetic  
4. A. fan      B. festival      C. of      D. prefer  
5. A. mobile      B. carrot      C. sociable      D. romantic



III. Circle the word or phrase that best completes the sentence.

6. I'd like a \_\_\_\_\_ of beer, please.  
A. can      B. carton      C. bowl      D. bar
7. My sister writes for a newspaper. She is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. a journalist      B. a teacher      C. an engineer      D. a singer
8. He is \_\_\_\_\_ at English than his brother.  
A. good      B. well      C. best      D. better
9. This shirt is \_\_\_\_\_ small for me to wear.  
A. so      B. such      C. enough      D. too
10. Hoa and Mai \_\_\_\_\_ go camping last week.  
A. doesn't      B. don't      C. didn't      D. weren't
11. He \_\_\_\_\_ his best to escape from the fire.  
A. tries      B. makes      C. has      D. manages
12. I like living in this city \_\_\_\_\_ it is crowded.  
A. although      B. despite      C. in spite of      D. because

13. The apple tree is to the left \_\_\_\_\_ the house.

- A. in                      B. of                      C. at                      D. by

14. He was a \_\_\_\_\_ actor.

- A. success              B. succeed              C. successful              D. successfully

15. My parents are in the garden now. They \_\_\_\_\_ trees.

- A. waters              B. are watering              C. watered              D. water

**IV. Read and circle the best answer to complete the passage.**

There are many (16) \_\_\_\_\_ things people can donate to help poor children. They can donate (17) \_\_\_\_\_ like pencils, crayons or notebooks to help students. They can also give warm clothes (18) \_\_\_\_\_ as jumpers, gloves and scarves to children in cold regions. They can give these things as gifts to poor children during Tet. Some (19) \_\_\_\_\_ collect food from restaurants and then (20) \_\_\_\_\_ it to poor and sick people. All these things can help people in need a lot.

- |                     |              |                |                 |
|---------------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 16. A. differ       | B. different | C. differently | D. difference   |
| 17. A. station      | B. stationer | C. stationery  | D. stationeries |
| 18. A. so           | B. too       | C. like        | D. such         |
| 19. A. organization | B. person    | C. charities   | D. school       |
| 20. A. deliver      | B. collect   | C. gather      | D. carry        |

**V. Each of the following sentences has one mistake. Identify and correct the mistakes.**

21. Are there a living room and a bathroom in your house? \_\_\_\_\_

22. How many knife are there in the kitchen? \_\_\_\_\_

23. My daughter has Music in every Tuesday. \_\_\_\_\_

24. What does your mother going to do next weekend? \_\_\_\_\_

25. They didn't at the zoo yesterday. \_\_\_\_\_

**VI. Put the correct form of the word in brackets.**

26. She is (responsibility) \_\_\_\_\_ for looking after her children.  
27. They don't like (colour) \_\_\_\_\_ clothes.  
28. Air (pollute) \_\_\_\_\_ is a serious problem.  
29. We are (disappoint) \_\_\_\_\_ at the result of the exam.  
30. It is (hope) \_\_\_\_\_ to convince her. She never changes her mind.

**VII. Put the verbs in brackets into correct tense or form.**

31. These students (wear) \_\_\_\_\_ uniform on Monday.  
32. Mary is going (take) \_\_\_\_\_ an English course next month.  
33. We mustn't (pick) \_\_\_\_\_ these flowers.  
34. My grandparents (not have) \_\_\_\_\_ a colour television when they were young.  
35. He (get) \_\_\_\_\_ up late yesterday morning.

**VIII. Make questions for the underlined parts.**

36. Her mother lives in Da Nang.

→ \_\_\_\_\_

37. Mai is writing an email now.

→ \_\_\_\_\_

38. Their children often play football at weekends.

→ \_\_\_\_\_

39. They went to the supermarket by bus.

→ \_\_\_\_\_

40. Nam goes to the dentist because he has a toothache.

→ \_\_\_\_\_

**IX. Rewrite the following sentences without changing the meaning, using the words given.**

41. You should take a rest for several days.

→ You had \_\_\_\_\_.

42. I began to live here ten years ago.

→ I have \_\_\_\_\_.

43. If you don't work hard, you will be sacked.

→ Unless \_\_\_\_\_.

44. Mr. Hung owns this house.

→ Mr. Hung is the \_\_\_\_\_.

45. Her bag isn't the same as mine.

→ Her bag is \_\_\_\_\_.

**X. Read the passage and answer the questions.**

The Temple of Literature is famous for its long teaching history. It was built in 1070 by King Ly Thanh Tong. In 1076, Vietnam's first university was built inside the temple. At first, only the rich could study there, but in 1253, the university was opened to anyone who could pass a difficult exam. The university closed in 1802 after 700 years of teaching. Nowadays, a lot of students visit the temple before exams for good luck. Foreign tourists can visit the temple and learn about education in Vietnam.

46. What is the Temple of Literature famous for?

→ \_\_\_\_\_

47. When was it built?

→ \_\_\_\_\_

48. Did the poor study there at first?

→ \_\_\_\_\_

49. When did the university close?

→ \_\_\_\_\_

50. Can visitors from other countries get here?

→ \_\_\_\_\_