

Name _____ Date _____ List # _____

1 In the blank write the correct option.

0. ____ foster ____ 0 Often, an adopted child will have lived with a **foster** / **blended** family before being adopted.
1. ____ 1 In most **close-knit** / **single-parent** families, the children live with their mother.
2. ____ 2 Andrea was always very happy with her adoptive parents and showed no interest in finding her **foster** / **birth** parents.
3. ____ 3 Tom and Fiona married and had a child at a young age, but Tom didn't take to **fatherhood** / **childhood** and he moved out.
4. ____ 4 I hadn't realized that a couple of my parents' best friends were actually **distant** / **estranged** relatives.
5. ____ 5 I grew up in a(n) **adoptive** / **blended** family, so I wasn't related to my eldest brother, though we were very close.

2 Complete the sentences with the words below.

breadwinner in-laws sibling rivalry
single-parent stay-at-home upbringing

- 0 It was more unusual in the 1950s to live in a *single-parent* family, as in most cases both the mother and father lived in the family home.
- 1 I was a _____ mum while my children were growing up, but after they left home I got a job in a bank.
- 2 He blamed his unusual _____ for the way that his life turned out.
- 3 In some families, the mother stays at home to look after the children, or has a part-time job, which makes the father the main _____.
- 4 _____ can be so strong that even as adults, some brothers and sisters behave badly towards each other.
- 5 When I got married, my _____ welcomed me warmly into their family.

3 Swap the words in bold to complete the definitions.

- 0 **Adulthood** (*Girlhood*) is the period of time before a female becomes a woman.
- 1 The **livelihood** () is the area that is local to where you live.
- 2 When you reach **parenthood** (), you can vote in government elections.
- 3 A person's **likelihood** () is the way that they earn money to live on.
- 4 We talk about **neighbourhood** () to refer to the possibility of something happening.
- 5 **Girlhood** () describes the time when you become responsible for another human being that is dependent on you.

4 In the blank write the correct option.

- 0 off 0 After the plane took **on** / **off** I watched it until it disappeared.
1. 1 My grandparents look **after** / **back** over the years with happy memories.
2. 2 His mother passed **away** / **off** when he was a baby, so he doesn't remember her.
3. 3 I came **across** / **after** the Roman coins when I was looking for a golf ball.
4. 4 You don't really take **over** / **after** your father; you're more similar to your mother.
5. 5 I didn't drop **in** / **off** until **after** three o'clock in the morning, so I'm really tired.

5 In the blank write A, B or BOTH if the sentence OR sentences are correct.

- B 0 A The reason Mia doesn't get on with Lucy is because they're so similar. _
B The reason Mia doesn't get on with Lucy is because they're so similar. ✓
- 1 A I look like my mother, but I don't take her after in any other way. _
B I look like my mother, but I don't take after her in any other way. _

- _____ 2 A Dan said he won't put up Jack's behaviour any more. _
B Dan said he won't put up with Jack's behaviour any more. _
- _____ 3 A Have you made up with Jack yet? _
B Have you made with up Jack yet? _
- _____ 4 A I'm wondering if anyone found a watch and handed it in? _
B I'm wondering if anyone found a watch and handed in it? _
- _____ 5 A They are putting the play on at the Redesdale Hall. _
B They are putting on the play at the Redesdale Hall. _

6 Put the words in order to make sentences. There may be more than one possible answer.

0 over / isn't / situation / blow / to / this / going

This situation isn't going to blow over.

1 by / money / very / got / we / little / on

2 match / they / call / had / off / the / to

3 parents / Todd's / well / up / him / brought

4 she / people / most / on / with / gets

5 your / hand / did / in / you / homework / when / ?
