

16. Add.

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{(a)} \quad 6 \ 3 \ 0 \ 5 \\ + 2 \ 5 \ 1 \ 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{(b)} \quad 1 \ 9 \ 1 \ 5 \\ + 4 \ 0 \ 7 \ 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{(c)} \quad 3 \ 5 \ 4 \ 1 \\ + 2 \ 8 \ 1 \ 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{(d)} \quad 4 \ 2 \ 6 \ 5 \\ + 2 \ 0 \ 5 \ 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{(e)} \quad 4 \ 6 \ 7 \ 2 \\ + 3 \ 5 \ 7 \ 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{(f)} \quad 2 \ 7 \ 5 \ 4 \\ + 2 \ 5 \ 8 \ 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{(g)} \quad 3 \ 2 \ 7 \ 8 \\ + 4 \ 8 \ 7 \ 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{(h)} \quad 5 \ 8 \ 6 \ 8 \\ + 1 \ 6 \ 9 \ 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

17. Fill in the blanks.

(a) $\textcircled{1}$ $\textcircled{4}$ $\textcircled{7}$ $\textcircled{6}$

Use the digits above to form

• the greatest 4-digit number

• the smallest 4-digit number

(b) Find the sum of the two numbers in (a).
