



Do you know how to find
Lowest Common Multiple or LCM ?

Go figure
it out
smartly !



Question 1 is the previous lesson from Week 6.

Easy question

Medium question

Challenging
question



1)

Question :

What is the **Highest Common Factor (HCF)** of **24 , 36** and **60** ?

24	36	60
1×24 2×12 3×8 4×6	1×36 2×18 3×12 4×9 6×6	1×60 2×30 $3 \times $ <div></div> 4×15 $5 \times $ <div></div> 6×10
Factors of 24 = ① , ② , ③ , ④ , ⑥ , 8 , ⑫ , 24	Factors of 36 = ① , ② , ③ , ④ , ⑥ , 9 , ⑫ , 18 , 36	Factors of 60 = ① , ② , ③ , ④ , 5 , ⑥ , 10 , <div></div> , 15 , <div></div> , 30 , 60
Common Factors of 24 , 36 and 60 = 1 , 2 , <div></div> , 4 , 6 , <div></div>		
Highest Common Factors (HCF) of 24 , 36 and 60 =		<div></div>

Easy question



Medium question

Challenging
question

2)

Question :

What is the **Lowest Common Multiple (LCM)** of **8** and **12** using the method of listing the multiples ?

8		12	
Step 1 :	List down multiples of 8	Step 1 :	List down multiples of 12
8 , 16 , 24 , 32 , 40 , 48 , 56 , 64 , 72		12 , 24 , 36 , 48 , 60 , 72 , 84	
Step 2 :	Common Multiples of 8 and 12	=	<input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/>
Step 3 :	Lowest Common Multiples (LCM) of 8 and 12 is <input type="text"/>		



3)

Question :

What is the **Lowest Common Multiple (LCM)** of 12 and 20 **using continued division ?**

Step 1 : Divide with the smallest prime factor which is 2.

Step 2 : Number 6 and 10 can continue to be divided by

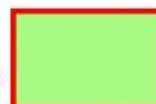
2	12	20
2	6	10
X	3	5

Step 3 : Number 3 and 5 can not be divided further as 3 and 5 do not have similar prime numbers. We stop to divide.

Step 4 : Multiply all the circle prime numbers.

2	12	20
2	6	10
X	3	5

Step 5 : The Lowest Common Multiple of 12 and 20 is $2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 =$



Good
Luck

The End

