

Name: _____

Class: _____

Activity 1 – Unit 3
Ninth level
Parcial 3

Developments in industry and science

- 1. What was Industrial development closely associated with?**
 - a. A series of essential changes in transportation
 - b. A series of essential changes in communication
 - c. A series of essential changes in services

- 2. Choose the means of transport that first appeared and changed how people traveled during the 18th and 19th centuries.**
 - a. Trolley
 - b. Steam navigation
 - c. Railroad
 - d. Car

- 3. Why were the new means of transportation important?**
 - a. To travel more
 - b. To integrate the national and international market
 - c. To join people

- 4. What was the new source of energy that replaced coal and gas?**
 - a. Petrol
 - b. Steam
 - c. Electricity

- 5. Choose three inventions of the late 19th century and early 20th century**
 - a. Railroad
 - b. Telephone
 - c. Steam navigation
 - d. Silent film
 - e. Airplane

6. Choose the characteristics that describe the bourgeoisie

- a. It was formed by successful bankers, merchants, professionals, and State employees.
- b. They were politically aligned with socialism.
- c. They believed in progress, science, reasoning.
- d. They were the workers in the industries.
- e. They wanted the State not to interfere in individual activities.

7. Choose the characteristics that describe the workers.

- a. They are also known as the proletariat.
- b. They were the owners of the industries
- c. They claimed improvements in working conditions, especially the reduction of working hours.
- d. They had safe working conditions

The world in the 19th century: imperialism

8. What was imperialism?

- a. It was an expansionist phenomenon where the advanced capitalist countries dominated the continents of Asia and Africa politically, economically, and militarily.
- b. It was a political event where the advanced socialist countries dominated the continents of Asia and Africa politically, economically, and militarily.
- c. It was an expansionist phenomenon where the advanced capitalist countries dominated the continents of Asia, Africa, and America politically, economically, and militarily.

9. Circle three economic motivations of imperialism.

- a. Provision of food at high prices.
- b. Obtaining raw materials for their growing industries.
- c. Provision of food at low prices.
- d. Obtaining products to buy.
- e. New markets to place their production.

10. Identify the two types of colonization of Great Britain

- a. English resided in the new lands, with the intention of making them produce by themselves.
- b. English people occupied the land to live there.
- c. English people colonized Asia and Africa to become an Empire.
- d. English people occupied their colonies solely to extract their wealth.