8 Spotlight Test Module 5

1. Listening

Вы готовите тематическую радиопередачу с высказываниями пяти разных людей, обозначенных буквами A, B, C, D, E. Подберите к каждому высказыванию соответствующую его содержанию рубрику из списка 1–6. Используйте каждую рубрику из списка только один раз. В списке есть одна лишняя рубрика. Прослушайте запись дважды.

Speaker 1 _____

Speaker 2 _____

Speaker 3 _____

Speaker 4 _____

Speaker 5 _____

Speaker 6 _____

A. The speaker was not afraid of the hurricane.

B. The speaker faced a big landslide

C. The speaker is describing an earthquake.

D. The speaker has experienced a flood.

E. The speaker is telling about the unpleasant episode from the past.

F. The speaker was rescued from the fire.

G.The speaker faced a snowstorm.

2. Vocabulary

Выберите наиболее подходящее слово.

1. The plane _____ showed the passengers what to do in case of an emergency.
2. The lead actor felt under the _____ and Sam was asked to replace him in the school play.
3. The terrible fire left dozens of buildings _____ ruins.
4. The _____ rain caused the driver to lose control of his car and crash into a tree.
5. The football match was called _____ because it was snowing.
6. Cars and factories produce toxic _____ that harm the environment.
7. When you go to Paris, don't _____ the chance to have your portrait painted in the Artist's Square.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Перетяните слова, подходящие по смыслу в пропуски. 3 слова - лишние

legendary rescue breeze tsunami avalanche occur

generate flood horrific frost collapse

1. A terrible _____ caused by three days of continuous rain has destroyed many houses in the small fishing village.
2. The well-trained lifeguard was able to _____ the drowning swimmer and quickly bring him to safety.
3. The big earthquake caused many buildings to _____ and people were left homeless.
4. David Bower was a(n) _____ environmentalist who was nominated for the Nobel Peace Prize twice.
5. Neil suffered _____ burns when he was caught in a fire that broke out in his house.
6. Drought will _____ in an area whenit hasn't rained for an unusually long period of time.
7. When the _____ hit the area, dozens of people were snowed in for many hours.
8. What started out as a light _____ soon became a very strong wind.

Перетяните предлоги так, чтобы фразовый глагол подходил по смыслу

off for on in out

1. I had to call ____ extra rescue team to help all these people.
2. Look, if you need to call ____ the wedding, everyone will understand.
3. He was calling ____ for help and everyone was ignoring him.
4. Excuse me, please, but they are calling _____ Madame.
5. I wanted to call ___ you before leaving the city.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Образуй существительные

1. protect _____
2. exist _____
3. appear _____
4. donate _____
5. repeat _____
6. collect _____

3. Grammar

Выбери правильную форму глагола

1. Frank has decided _____ an environmental organisation.
2. Judy didn't let her children _____ underwater diving.
3. If you want to help the earthquake victims, you can _____ clothes and money at the local shelter.
4. I'll never forget _____ part in a rescue mission for the first time.
5. People should _____ eco-friendly cleaning products, which are safer for the environment.
6. Are you thinking of _____ London this summer?
7. You'd better _____ your bicycle without a helmet.
8. Let me _____ you carry the bags.
9. Will your father let you _____ to the party on Saturday?
10. I've stopped _____ coffee in the afternoon.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

4. Reading

Прочитай тексты и установи соответствие между текстами A–G и заголовками 1–8. Перетяни заголовок к тексту.

1. A change in people's attitude
2. A problem still unsolved
3. A new state organisation
4. A governmental plan of action
5. No time to waste
6. An eco-friendly means of transport
7. A set of dangerous signs
8. A reason for global warming

A.

People burn plenty of coal, oil and natural gas. As a result of this billions of tons of carbon dioxide (CO_2) are released into the atmosphere every year. CO_2 is a greenhouse gas that traps the sun's radiation within the atmosphere so the concentration of CO_2 increases. As a result of this, temperatures in different parts of the planet rise.

B.

Recycling is becoming easier and more widespread. Governments support companies that recycle waste. Also people prefer to buy things from companies that make their products from recycled materials. Reports say that people worldwide are starting to care more about what happens to waste products. For example, now Americans recycle almost 35% of their waste, while in the 1990s the percentage was much smaller.

C.

Climate change is on us. Ten years ago we only spoke about it, now it's happening before our eyes. Global warming is bringing unpredictable changes. The Arctic sea ice is disappearing; glaciers are melting faster every year. Due to heavy rains some rivers overflow, while others dry out. Disasters such as tornadoes and floods are spreading. Strong hurricanes are becoming more common and more destructive.

D.

In autumn 2004 a new governmental body was created in Russia to protect the country's natural resources. It's called the Federal Ecological Service. The aims of the new institution are the following: to prevent environmental pollution and to control industrial waste. They say that the new governmental service has improved the state system of environmental protection in Russia.

E.

Environmental problems are serious and we have to deal with them immediately. There may not be easy solutions but we simply can't continue living as if everything is fine. These problems aren't going to disappear by themselves. If we want to keep this planet a healthy place for our grandchildren, it's time to do everything we can to stop the catastrophe.

F.

They are designed to work using electric power, without gasoline. It means that they don't pollute the atmosphere, cost less and reduce the need for oil. Such cars are reliable and have interesting designs. However, they have a few bad points. Many have a maximum speed limit of about 50 miles per hour. Most cities are not ready for the appearance of such cars on their roads.

G.

Environmental organisations have been discussing ways of saving the rain forests for many years. However, we are still facing huge losses in the Amazon. People think that rainforests have already had enough attention. They have been discussed in the press for years. Unfortunately the rainforest is still in danger and can be destroyed completely.

LIVEWORKSHEETS