

CHUYÊN ĐỀ: PASSIVE VOICE (THỂ BỊ ĐỘNG)

I. Cách chuyển từ câu chủ động sang câu bị động:

Active: Chủ động	$ \begin{array}{c} S + V + O \\ \swarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \searrow \\ S + be^* + P.P + by + O \\ (* \text{ be chia theo thì của V}) \end{array} $
Passive: Bị động	

Ex: They are painting the house.

→ The house **is being painted**.

They had destroyed all the documents when we arrived.

→ All the documents **had been destroyed** when we arrived.

II. Thay đổi hình thức động từ cụ thể trong từng thì:

TENSES	ACTIVE	PASSIVE
Simple Present	S + V1-s/es	S + am / is / are + PP
Present continuous	S + am / is / are + V-ing	S + am / is / are + being + PP
Simple Past	S + V-ed / V ₂	S + was / were + PP
Past continuous	S + was / were + V-ing	S + was / were + being + PP
Present Perfect	S + have / has + PP	S + have / has + been + PP
Past Perfect	S + had + PP	S + had + been + PP
Simple Future	S + will + V ₁	S + will + be + PP
Modal verbs	<p>can may must</p> <p>S + have to + V₁ should used to be going to</p>	<p>can may must</p> <p>S + have to + be + Vp₂ should used to be going to</p>

Ex:

1. John delivers the newspapers every morning.

→ The newspapers

2. My mother wrote that letter.

→ That letter

3. They will build a new school here next month.

→ A new school

4. He is asking me a lot of questions.

→ I

5. She was doing her homework at that time.

→ Her homework

6. My mother has made that cake.

→ That cake

7. They had prepared a party before we came.

- A party
8. Sue is going to write the book
→ The book
9. You must finish this report
→ This report

NOTES: LƯU Ý:

1. Khi chủ ngữ và túc từ trong câu chủ động là đại từ, ta phải thay đổi cho phù hợp.

Ex: The teacher punished me.

→ I was punished by the teacher.

2. Khi chủ ngữ trong câu chủ động là: people, I, we, you, they, someone, somebody, everyone, everybody, anybody...khi đổi sang bị động thường được bỏ đi

Ex: They built this bridge last year.

→ This bridge was built last year (by ~~them~~)—

3. Khi trong câu chủ động có 2 túc từ thì dùng túc từ nào làm chủ ngữ cũng được, tuy nhiên, túc từ chỉ người được sử dụng nhiều hơn.

Ex: My mother bought me a new shirt.

→ I was bought a new shirt by my mother.

→ A new shirt was bought for me by my mother.

4. Nếu chủ ngữ trong câu chủ động là Noone/ nobody khi đổi sang bị động ta bỏ by noone/ nobody nhưng động từ phải đổi sang thể phủ định.

Ex: No one believes his story.

→ His story isn't believed.

5. Vị trí của trạng từ.

* Trạng từ chỉ thể cách được đặt trước Past Participle.

Ex: I do my homework carefully.

→ My homework is carefully done.

* Trạng từ chỉ thời gian có thể đặt ở đầu câu hoặc sau by + O

Ex: I lent him money yesterday.

→ He was lent money yesterday.

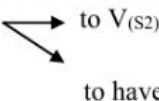
* Trạng từ chỉ nơi chốn được đặt trước by + O

Ex: Mary bought the gift from that shop.

→ the gift was bought from that shop by Mary.

III. MỘT SỐ DẠNG CÂU BỊ ĐỘNG ĐẶC BIỆT:

1. Verbs of opinion (Động từ chỉ ý kiến): say, think, believe, know, report, consider, expect, feel, hope, know, understand...

KINDS	FORMS
Active	S ₁ + V _{S1} + that + S ₂ + V _{S2}
Passive	<p>It + be V_{3/ed} + that + S₂ + V_{S2}</p> <p>There + be + VpII + To V/ To have V PII</p> <p>E.g There are reported to have been a record number of accidents on the roads this year.</p> <p>S₂ + be V_{3/ed} + </p>

Ex. People say that he is a famous doctor.

→ It is.....
 → He.....
 People **believe** that he **drove** through the town at 90 km an hour.
 → It.....
He.....

2. Causative forms(Thể nhờ bảo): have, get

VERBS	KINDS	FORMS
Have	Active	S + have + O (person) + V _o + O (thing)
	Passive	S + have + O (thing) + V _{3/ed}
Get	Active	S + get + O (person) + to V + O (thing)
	Passive	S + get + O (thing) + V _{3/ed}

Ex:

- I had him repair my bicycle yesterday.
 → I had
- I get her to make some coffee.
 → I get

3. Verbs of perception (Động từ chỉ giác quan): see, hear, watch, smell...

Active: S + see/ hear/ watch/ smell + O + V_o / V-ing

Passive: S + be + seen/ heard/ watched/smelt + **to V_o / V-ing**.

Ex: They saw the man **run away** / They saw the man **running away**

→ The man was seen **to run away** / The man was seen **running away**

4. Với động từ make/ let + O + bare - infinitive

Active: S + make + O + bare - infinitive

Passive: S + be + made + **to - infinitive**.

Ex: Teacher make the students do a lot of homework.

→ Students **are made to do** a lot of homework.

Active: S + let + O + bare infinitive

Passive: S + be + allowed + **to - infinitive**.

Ex: She lets her son play computer games on Sunday afternoon.

→ Her son **is allowed to play** computer games on Sunday afternoon.

5. Với động từ: want/ need + to + V → want/need + V-ing/to be + V-ed/V3

Ex: He needs you **to believe** his ability.

→ He needs **to be believed** his ability.

Ex: They need to **repaint** the house .

→ The house needs **repainting** = The house needs **to be repainted**

6. Remember/ hate/ keep...+ someone + V-ing.

Ex: I **remember** my mother **taking** me to school on the first day.

→ I **remember being taken** to school on the first day by my mother.

7. Imperative form (thể mệnh lệnh)

Active: Verb + object + adjunct

Passive: Let + object + be + past participle + adjunct.

Ex1: Keep your hand clean

→ Let your hand be kept clean.

Ex2: Don't talk the secret to her.

→ Don't let the secret be talked to her.

8. It is your duty to do something → You are supposed to do something (bổn phận của bạn là....)

Ex: It's your duty to lock all the doors.

→ You are supposed to lock all the doors.

EXERCISES

I. Change the following sentences into the passive voice.

1. They grow rice in tropical countries.

→ _____

2. Mr. Green loves his children very much.

→ _____

4. Someone broke his windows last night.

→ _____

5. The police didn't find the lost boy yesterday.

→ _____

6. About thirty million people are watching this live show now.

→ _____

9. The police haven't found the murderer yet.

→ _____

10. They were carrying the injured player off the field at that time.

→ _____

11. They had wrapped the package carefully before they posted it.

→ _____

12. Children should treat old men with respect.

→ _____

13. The computer can do all the accounts.

→ _____

25. No one can solve that problem.

→ _____

26. No one told us the news.

→ _____

33. They let him meet her family last month.

→ _____

34. He won't let you do that silly thing again.

→ _____

35. People saw him steal your car.

→ _____

38. Alice had a mechanic repair her car.

→ _____

40. The hairdresser is cutting Mary's hair now.

→ Mary is having her hair _____

→ Mary is having the hairdresser _____

41. People know that English is an international language.

→ It is known _____

→ English is known _____

42. They said that she won the competition.

→ _____

→ _____

44. They need to clean the windows

→ _____

→ _____

48. He suggested selling the radio

→ _____

49. Open your book, please!

→ _____

50. They advised enlarging the garden

→ _____

II. Choose the best answer to complete the following sentences

1. These T-shirts and jeans _____ in the US. in 1900.
A. have made B. made C. were made D. make
2. The building is very dangerous. It _____ down next week.
A. knocked B. will knock C. will be knocked D. was knocked
3. The room looks nice. It _____.
A. was cleaning B. has just been cleaned C. will be cleaned D. is cleaning
4. We each other for 10 years.
A. know B. knew C. have known D. had known
5. Our twenty houses _____ when the fire engine _____.
A. had burnt up / arrived B. burnt up / had arrived
C. had been burnt up / arrived D. will have burnt / arrives
6. After I _____ the grass, it _____ to rain.
A. have watered / will begin B. water / began
C. had watered / began D. had watered / will have begun
7. Next week when there _____ a full moon, the ocean tides will be higher.
A. is being B. is C. will be D. will have been
8. English is _____ all over the world.
A. spoken B. speak C. speaks D. to speak
9. Where will these coconut trees _____?
A. be planted B. planted C. plant D. be planting
10. Before Jane won the lottery, she _____ any kind of contest.
A. hasn't entered B. doesn't enter C. wasn't entering D. hadn't entered
11. My parents _____ tomorrow to stay with me for a few days.
A. come B. will have come C. are coming D. came
12. She left home in 1993 and _____ since then.
A. hasn't seen B. didn't see C. hasn't been seen D. wasn't seen
13. _____ your house painted last year?
A. Had B. Did C. Was D. Have
14. What _____ you _____ at 8 o'clock last night?
A. did/ do B. have/ done C. were/ doing D. had/ done
15. - "We are having a party at the weekend." - "Great! Who _____?"
A. will being invited B. Is going to invite
C. is going to be invited D. will invite
16. This is the fifth time you _____ the same question.
A. ask B. asked C. are asking D. have asked
17. This church was said _____ in the 19th century.
A. to build B. to be built C. to have been built D. being built
18. In England, the academic year _____ into three terms. Each term _____ by a one-week break.
A. is divided / separated B. divided / is separated
C. is divided / is separated D. divided / separated
19. Gold _____ in California in the 19th century.
A. was discovered B. was discover
C. has been discovered D. they discovered
20. I am going to have my car _____.
A. service B. to be serviced C. serviced D. servicing
21. Two tablets _____ twice a day to have you recover from the illness quickly.

- A. must take B. must be taken C. must have taken D. must be taking
22. The next meeting _____ in May.
A. will hold B. will be held C. will be holding D. will have held
23. They had a boy _____ that yesterday.
A. done B. to do C. did D. do
24. We got our mail _____ yesterday.
A. been delivered B. delivered C. delivering D. to deliver
25. James _____ the news as soon as possible.
A. should tell B. should be told C. should told D. should be telled
26. My wedding ring _____ yellow and white gold.
A. is made B. is making C. made D. make
27. Mr. Wilson is _____ as Willie to his friend.
A. known B. knew C. is known D. know
28. References _____ in the examination room.
A. not are used B. is not used C. didn't used D. are not used
29. Laura _____ in Boston.
A. are born B. were born C. was born D. born
30. His car needs _____.
A. be fixed B. fixing C. to be fixing D. fixed
31. Her watch needs _____.
A. repairing B. to be repaired C. repaired D. A and B
32. My mother is going _____ this house.
A. sold B. sell C. to be sold D. to sell
33. There's somebody behind us. I think we are _____.
A. being followed B. are followed C. follow D. following
34. Have you _____ by a dog?
A. bite B. bit C. ever been bitten D. ever been bit
35. The room is being _____ at the moment.
A. was cleaned B. cleaned C. cleaning D. clean
36. It _____ that the strike will end soon.
A. is expected B. expected C. are expected D. was expected
37. It is _____ that many people are homeless after the floods.
A. was reported B. reports C. reported D. reporting
38. He was said _____ this building.
A. designing B. to have designed C. to design D. designed
39. Ted _____ by a bee while he was sitting in the garden.
A. got sting B. got stung C. get stung D. gets stung
40. These tennis courts don't _____ very often. Not many people want to play.
A. got used B. used C. get used D. get use
41. I'll get Minh _____ this for you.
A. do B. done C. did D. to do
42. Those letters _____ now. You can do the typing later.
A. need typing B. needn't be typed C. need to type D. needn't typing
43. "What a beautiful dress you are wearing"- "thanks, it _____ especially for me by a French tailor."
A. is made B. has made C. made D. was made
48. The new computer system _____ next month.
A. is be installed B. is being installed by people C. is been installed D. is being installed
49. Traffic rules _____ strictly.
A. followed B. must followed C. must be followed D. must follow
50. Over 1500 new houses _____ each year. Last year, 1720 new houses _____.
A. were built/were built B. are built/were built

C. are building/were built D. were built/were built

II. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to show the underlined part that needs correction.

1. The children were frightening by the thunder and lightning.

A B C D

2. Two people got hurt in the accident and were took to the hospital by an ambulance.

A B C D

3. The students helped by the clear explanation that the teacher gave.

A B C D

4. That alloy is composing by iron and tin.

A B C D

5. The winner of the race hasn't been announcing yet.

A B C D

6. Progress is been made every day in all parts of the world.

A B C D

13. He is believed to work for the CIA in the 1970s.

A B C D

14. We are not let to cycle in the park, are we?

A B C D

15. You should get your car to service every two years.

A B C D