

UNIT 7: FURTHER EDUCATION
(GIÁO DỤC NGHỀ)

A. VOCABULARY

1. academic (adj) / ,æ kə ' demɪ k / : liên quan đến giáo dục, mang tính học thuật
2. vocational (adj) / v ə ʊ ' keɪ f ə n l / : liên quan đến học nghề, hướng nghiệp
3. critical thinking (n) / , krɪ tɪ k l ' θɪ ŋ kɪ ŋ / : tư duy phản biện
4. analytical (adj): / , æ n ə ' lɪ tɪ k l / phân tích
5. Undergraduate (n) / , ʌ n d ə ' græ d z u ə t / SV đang học đại học/ cao đẳng
6. Postgraduate (n) / , p ə ʊ s t ' græ d z u ə t / SV khoa sau đại học
7. qualification (n) / , kw ɒ lɪ fɪ ' keɪ f n / : văn bằng, học vị, chứng chỉ
8. Bachelor's degree (n) / ' b æ t s ə l ə z dɪ grɪ : / bằng cử nhân
9. Master's degree (n) / ' m æ s t ə r z dɪ grɪ : / bằng thạc sĩ
10. Doctoral degree (n) / ' d ɒ k t ə r ə l dɪ grɪ : / bằng tiến sĩ
11. C.V = Curriculum Vitae: bản lí lịch
12. accommodation / ə , k ɒ m ə ' deɪ f n / (n): phòng, chỗ ở.
13. campus / ' k æ m p ə s / (n) : khu ở ký túc xá (đại học)
14. degree / dɪ ' grɪ : / (n): bằng cấp
15. major / ' meɪ d z ə (r) / (n): chuyên ngành

A GRAMMAR REVIEW

THE PRESENT PERFECT AND THE PRESENT PERFECT CONTINUOUS

THE PRESENT PERFECT	THE PRESENT PERFECT CONTINUOUS
1. Form (Cấu trúc)	
S + have/ has + V3 Have/ Has + S + V3?	S + have/ has been + V-ing S + haven't/ hasn't been + V-ing Have/ Has + S + been + V-ing?
2. Usage (cách sử dụng)	

<p>Nhấn mạnh đến tính kết quả của một hành động. Ex: I have read this novel three times. Một số ví dụ thường dùng với thì hiện tại hoàn thành.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - I have studied English since i was 6 years old. - I have been to London twice. - I have never seen her before. - She has just finished her project - She has already had breakfast. - He has not met her recently 	<p>Nhấn mạnh tính liên tục của một hành động. Ví dụ: He has been waiting for her all her lifetime Một số ví dụ thường dùng với thì hiện tại hoàn thành tiếp diễn</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - I have been running all the afternoon - She has been hoping to meet him all day long. - I am so tired. I have been searching for a new apartment all the morning - How long have you been playing the piano? - She has been teaching here for about 12 years.
<p>3. Signal words (dấu hiệu nhận biết)</p>	
<p>ever, never, just, already, recently, since, for...</p>	<p>all the morning, all the afternoon, all day long, since, for, how long...</p>

III. Thì hiện tại hoàn thành (Present perfect tense)

1. It has _____ 5 months since I first met her. (be)
2. _____ you been to that place before? (Have/has)
3. I have _____ for this shop for 1 year.(work)
4. He _____ in Germany since 2009. (live)
5. I've _____ many art galleries this year. (visit)
6. Is Nam _____ lunch with us? (have)
7. Where _____ you _____ go? (Have/has – be)
8. The world _____ a massive shift in transport and tourism in the last decade. (see)
9. How long _____ you _____ there? (live)

IV. Thì hiện tại hoàn thành tiếp diễn (Present perfect continuous tense)

10. My best friend _____ French since November. (learn)
11. I'm so tired. I _____ for the bus for hours. (wait)
12. Hoa _____ about where to go this weekend. (think)
13. The number of people taking up extreme sports _____ since the early 1990s. (increase)
14. The amount of free time we have _____ continuously for over 30 years. (rise)
15. She looks very exhausted because she _____ all night. (work)
16. I _____ this book since last night. (read)
17. They _____ with old class all the day. (chat)

B PRACTICE

TEST 1

WRITING

Exercise 1: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation.

- | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. A. pract <u>i</u> ce | B. dev <u>i</u> ce | C. serv <u>i</u> ce | D. offic <u>e</u> |
| 2. A. com <u>p</u> lete | B. com <u>m</u> and | C. com <u>m</u> on | D. com <u>m</u> unity |
| 3. A. rele <u>a</u> se | B. ple <u>a</u> sure | C. le <u>a</u> ver | D. cream <u>y</u> |
| 4. A. expl <u>a</u> ination | B. m <u>a</u> in | C. f <u>a</u> int | D. p <u>a</u> int |
| 5. A. p <u>o</u> wer | B. t <u>o</u> wer | C. fl <u>o</u> w | D. fl <u>o</u> ur |

Exercise 2: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress.

- | | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. A. veter <u>i</u> nary | B. consequ <u>e</u> ntly | C. applic <u>a</u> tion | D. difficu <u>l</u> ty |
| 2. A. max <u>i</u> mum | B. decis <u>i</u> on | C. requir <u>e</u> ment | D. admiss <u>i</u> on |
| 3. A. institut <u>i</u> on | B. universit <u>y</u> | C. prefer <u>e</u> ntial | D. indicat <u>i</u> ve |
| 4. A. avail <u>a</u> ble | B. majorit <u>y</u> | C. tutor <u>i</u> al | D. differ <u>e</u> ntly |
| 5. A. graduat <u>i</u> on | B. understand <u>i</u> ng | C. internat <u>i</u> onal | D. accommodat <u>i</u> on |

GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY

Exercise 1: Match the words with their definition.

No.	Words	Opt.	Definition
1.	academic	A	the group of subjects studied in a school, college
2	kindergarten	B	if something is compulsory, you must do it because of a rule or law
3	curriculum	C	a student who is studying for their first degree at college or university
4	undergraduate	D	relating to schools, colleges and universities, or connected with studying and thinking
5	compulsory	E	the highest degree from a university
6	doctorate	F	school for children aged under 5

Your answer:

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____ 6. _____

Exercise 2: Choose the best form of the words to complete the sentence.

1. Julia studied hard to win a _____ to Cambridge University.
 A. scholarship B. internship C. major
 D. pursue E. tuition F. admission
2. He had to drop out of college because he couldn't afford such huge _____ fees.
 A. scholarship B. internship C. major
 D. pursue E. tuition F. admission

3. Although Jack is at the age of 65, he's still very determined to _____ his bachelor's degree at a university.

- A. scholarship B. internship C. major
D. pursue E. tuition F. admission

4. She's just received _____ to 3 well-known universities.

- A. scholarship B. internship C. major
D. pursue E. tuition F. admission

5. He can speak 5 languages though his _____ is biology.

- A. scholarship B. internship C. major
D. pursue E. tuition F. admission

6. The company makes Maria go through a long _____ of 6 months before hiring her.

- A. scholarship B. internship C. major
D. pursue E. tuition F. admission

Exercise 3: Choose the best correct form of the verbs to complete the sentence: Present Perfect or Present Perfect Continuous.

1. I (try) _____ to learn English for years but I (not succeed) _____ yet.

- A. have been trying, have not succeeded
B. have tried, have not been succeeding

2. I (wait) _____ for two hours, but she (not come) _____ yet.

- A. have waited, hasn't been coming
B. have been waiting, hasn't come

3. She (read) _____ all the works of Dickens. How many have you (read) _____?

- A. has read, have you read
B. has been reading, have you been reading

4. I (wait) _____ hear nearly half an hour for my girlfriend Joana; Do you think she (forget) _____ to come?

- A. have waited, has been forgetting
B. have been waiting, has forgot

5. Mary (rest) _____ in the garden all day because she (be) _____ ill.

- A. has rested, has been
B. has been resting, has been

6. Although John (study) _____ at the university for five years he (not get) _____ his degree yet.

- A. has been studying, has not got
B. has studied, has not got

7. Jack (go) _____ to Switzerland for a holiday; I never (be) _____ there.

- A. has been going, has never been
B. has gone, has never been

8. We (live) _____ for the last five months, and just (decide) _____ to move.

- A. have been living, have just decided
B. have lived, have just decided

9. You already (drink) _____ 3 cups of tea since I (sit) _____ here.

- A. have already been drinking, sat
B. have already drunk, sat

10. That book (lie) _____ on the table for weeks. You (not read) _____ it yet?

- A. has been lying, haven't you read

B. has been lying, haven't you been reading

Exercise 5: Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each sentence.

1. I will practise my English lesson with my classmate at 7pm next Sunday
A B C D
2. When I see Mr Pike tomorrow, I remind him of that.
A B C D
3. He works on the report at this time tomorrow.
A B C D
4. Please sit here and wait until the manager will return.
A B C D
5. Our parents arrived next Wednesday. I'm sure we will receive a lot of presents from them.
A B C D
6. I gave him your message and letter when I see him.
A B C D
7. By the time you arrive, I finish writing an essay.
A B C D
8. We will be going home as soon as we have finished our work .
A B C D
9. Mr Green has taught English this school since he graduates from the university in 1986.
A B C D
10. At 7 yesterday morning when I arrive at his house, he was still sleeping
A B C D

READING

Exercise 1: Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

It can take a long time to become successful in your chosen field, however talented you are. One thing you have to be (1) _____ of is that you will face criticism along the way. The world is (2) _____ of people who would rather say something negative than positive. If you've made up your (3) _____ to achieve a certain goal, such as writing a novel, (4) _____ the negative criticism of others prevent you from reaching your target, and let the constructive criticism have a positive effect on your work. If someone says you're totally in the (5) _____ of talent, ignore them. That's negative criticism. If (6) _____, someone advises you to revise your work and gives you a good reason for doing so, you should consider their suggestions carefully. There are many film stars (7) _____ were once out of work. There are many famous novelists who made a complete mess of their first novel - or who didn't, but had to keep on approaching hundreds of publishers before they could get it (8) _____.

Being successful does depend on luck, to a (9) _____ extent. But things are more likely to (10) _____ well if you persevere and stay positive.

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|---------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1. A. alert | B. aware | C. intelligent | D. clever |
| 2. A. overflowing | B. packed | C. filled | D. full |
| 3. A. mind | B. brain | C. thought | D. idea |
| 4. A. shouldn't let | B. won't let | C. don't let | D. didn't let |
| 5. A. absence | B. lack | C. missing | D. shortage |
| 6. A. hence | B. however | C. otherwise | D. whereas |
| 7. A. which | B. whom | C. they | D. who |

8. A. publish
9. A. plenty
10. A. turn out

B. to publish
B. certain
B. come into

C. published
C. definite
C. deal with

D. publishes
D. numerous
D. sail through