

8 Впиши в пропуски *mustn't* или *don't have to*.

A teacher is speaking to her students before a test:

"You are going to have a test today. Your test papers are

on your desks. You 1) *mustn't* begin until I say

so. You 2) hurry; there is plenty of

time. You 3) speak during the test.

You 4) copy your friends' work and

you 5) open any of your books. You 6)

write in pen; you can write in pencil. You 7) stay when you've finished; you

can leave but you 8) be noisy. When you leave, you 9)

wait for your friends outside the classroom. Wait outside the building. Finally, I wish you all good luck. You can begin now!"



Must употребляется только в настоящем времени. Во всех остальных временах употребляются формы **have to**. В утверждениях **have to** изменяется на **has to** в 3 л. ед.ч. наст.вр. и на **had to** во всех лицах и числах прош.вр. В отрицательных предложениях и вопросах с **have to** используются **do/does/did**.

He **had to** leave early. **Did she have to** leave early, too?

She **doesn't have to** finish it now. She **has to** finish it by Monday.

I'll water the plants tonight, so you **won't have to** do it tomorrow.

9 Впиши в пропуски *has to*, *don't/doesn't have to*, *had to* или *won't have to*.

1 It's Sunday tomorrow, so I *won't have to* get up early.

2 You've got lots of time. You hurry.

3 I broke my tooth, so I go to the dentist's yesterday.

4 Let's clean up now so we clean up tomorrow.

5 Lucy feels better now, so she take the medicine.

6 He shout or else she can't hear him.

10 Используя модальные глаголы, дополни предложения, написав о себе.

1 At the weekend, *I don't have to go to bed early.*

2 At school,

3 When I was five,

4 On weeknights,