

Chapter 1.1 Chemistry Section Review

Objectives:

- Identify 5 traditional areas of study in chemistry
- Relate pure chemistry and applied chemistry
- Identify reasons to study chemistry (as if you need any 😊)

Vocabulary

Matter

Biochemistry

Pure Chemistry

Chemistry

Analytical Chemistry

Applied Chemistry

Organic Chemistry

Physical Chemistry

Technology

Inorganic Chemistry

Part A: Completion

Use this completion exercise to test understanding of the concepts and terms introduced in this section.

_____ is anything that has volume and occupies space. _____ is the study of the interaction of matter and the changes matter undergoes. Chemistry has traditionally been divided into 5 areas of study. The study of processes occurring within living organisms is called _____. _____ is focused on the composition of matter, whereas _____ deals with the mechanism, rate and energy exchange that occurs within chemical reactions. _____ is the study of compounds containing carbon while _____ is primarily the study of chemicals that do not contain carbon. A chemist is likely to be working in more than one area of chemistry at a time.

Part B-True or False

Classify the following statements as always true, **AT**, sometimes true, **ST**, or never true, **NT**.

- _____ 1. Organic chemistry is the study of compounds that do not contain carbon.
- _____ 2. The goal of chemistry is to accumulate knowledge.
- _____ 3. Biochemistry is the study of living organisms.
- _____ 4. An organic chemist uses analytical chemistry.
- _____ 5. Applied chemistry is used to attain specific goals.

