

UNIT 9: FURTHER PRACTICE



9.3.1. Match the terms from the text with their definitions

Terms	Definitions
1. copyright	a. distinctive registered mark used by a business to identify itself and its products or services to customers
2. trademark	b. the practice of registering a trade mark as a domain name with the intention of later selling it to the rightful owner
3. patent	c. official order from a court that stops someone from doing something
4. injunction	d. exclusive right granted by a government to an inventor which prevents others from making, using or selling his or her invention
5. cybersquatting	e. exclusive right granted to authors of creative works to control the use of their original works

9.3.2. Complete the sentences below using the verb forms in the box. Then put the sentences in the order in which the actions are likely to have occurred.

dismissed filed settle was guilty of would be liable for

- On appeal, the Court found that the defendant was guilty of copyright infringement.
- In the first instance, the Lower Court the copyright infringement claim which formed the basis of the suit.
- A song-swapping company, which had created an online database of thousands of albums, was advised by their lawyers that they copyright infringement.
- Major record companies a copyright-infringement lawsuit against the song-swapping company, which threatened to shut down the free song-swapping service.
- Before the case came to trial, the song-swapping company unsuccessfully offered a high sum to the record companies to the copyright-infringement lawsuit.

Order of the actions: 1c 2..... 3..... 4..... 5.....

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9.3.3. Choose the correct answer among A, B, C or D

1. Things which are generally considered are processes, machines, a composition of matter and so on.

A. patent B. patentable C. patented D. patentability

2. The court held that because two former business partners both behaved badly in the course of a trade-mark dispute, it would not the trade-mark rights held by one party.

A. rule B. issue C. proceed D. enforce

3. What is the synonym of “unique Internet addresses”?

A. exclusive Internet B. net name
C. domain names D. cybersquatting

4. The appeals court affirmed that a patent was invalid, and thus could not

A. be infringed B. be determined C. be registered D. all are wrong

5. What is “a person or an organization that interferes with or violates another’s rights” called?

A. infringer B. violation C. vandal D. trespass

