

GRAMMAR

1. Read about Ronnie Bigs and complete the text with the past simple form of the verbs

Become – catch – go – not have – steal

Ronnie Bigs a) _____ famous in 1963 for his part in the Great Train Robbery. A gang of criminals b) _____ 2,6 million pounds from a train. Bigs c) _____ a big part in the crime, but the police d) _____ him and he e) _____ to prison.

Change – escape – leave – recognise – work

Two years later he f) _____ to Paris and g) _____ his appearance. In 1970 he h) _____ France. Then, in Australia, he i) _____ in a TV studio, but a reporter j) _____ him.



Allow – become – come – die – fly – live



Because of this, Bigs k) _____ to Brazil where he l) _____ with his family for many years. He m) _____ back to prison in England in 2001. He n) _____ very ill in 2009 and they o) _____ him to leave prison. He p) _____ in 2013.

2. Write questions about Ronnie Bigs using the prompts below.

1. When /be born?

When was he born?

2. What crime / commit?

3. How much / steal?

4. police / catch him?

5. Why / fly to Brazil?

VOCABULARY

1. Complete the phrasal verbs dragging these words.

come – find – look – look – turn – work

1. _____ out= discover
2. _____ into= investigate
3. _____ for= try to find
4. _____ up = arrive/appear unexpectedly
5. _____ across= find by accident
6. _____ out= solve a problem by considering the facts

2. Click on the correct alternative

1. When I lost a contact lens, I *looked for* / *looked into* it everywhere.
2. The maths problem was really difficult, but after thinking hard, they *worked out* / *came across* the answer.
3. We called the police, but they didn't *turn up* / *come across* until 9 pm
4. I lost my bag last week and someone *came across* / *looked into* it in the park. Unfortunately, it was empty.
5. When she *looked into* / *found out* that he was lying, it was a terrible shock.
6. They can't make a decision about this question yet. They need to *look for* / *look into* the facts.