

SOCIAL STUDIES**SECTION A****MULTIPLE CHOICE (20 marks)****INSTRUCTIONS:**

Circle the letter which represents the correct answer in this booklet. Each correct answer is worth 1 mark.

1. Which of the following direction points lie halfway between South and West?

- A NE
- B NW
- C SE
- D SW

2. Which compass point has a bearing of 90°?

- A East
- B North
- C South
- D West

3. Which of the following represents a "flowing stream"?

- A ocean
- B river
- C sea
- D strait

4. Which section of the map tells what the map is about?

- A Border
- B Legend / Key
- C Scale
- D Title

5. What do we call a person who studies the weather?

- A Archaeologist
- B Cartographer
- C Geographer
- D Meteorologist

6. Which island in The Bahamas has only **ONE** settlement?

- A Bimini
- B Inagua
- C Mayaguana
- D San Salvador

7. Which of the following best describes a characteristic of Desert Climate Zones?
- A high rainfall and high temperatures
B high rainfall and low temperatures
C low rainfall and high temperatures
D low rainfall and low temperatures
8. What is The Supreme Law of The Bahamas called?
- A Articles
B Constitution
C Green Paper
D White Paper
9. Before 1962, to what was the franchise to vote in The Bahamas limited?
- A birth place
B colour
C education
D property
10. Who is in charge of the proceedings in the House?
- A Governor-General
B President
C Prime Minister
D Speaker
11. What can “National Independence” best be defined as?
- A Being responsible for one’s national affairs.
B Dying for one’s country.
C Performing civic duties for one’s country.
D Voicing one’s opinion on national issues.
12. What can “Party Politics” best be defined as?
- A Being pressured to vote in an election.
B Belonging to several political parties.
C Divorcing oneself from politics.
D Supporting the political party of your choice.
13. By what means does the Government of The Bahamas raise most of its revenue?
- A Customs Duties
B Departure Tax
C Levy on Family Islands
D Real Property Tax

[Turn over

14. Why did Columbus leave 39 men at La Navidad?
- A Columbus was afraid of mutiny.
B The Santa Maria's destruction made adequate accommodations impossible.
C These men had become citizens of Hispaniola.
D These men were to establish coffee plantations.
15. What was the religion of the Eleutheran Adventurers?
- A Anglican
B Catholic
C Puritan
D Royalist
16. For what was Nicholas Trott best remembered?
- A being a dictator
B developing the straw industry
C erecting the first House of Assembly
D laying out the town of Nassau
17. The Proprietary Period was plagued with which of the following problems?
- A Privateers and pirates incited the town's people to riot.
B Settlers could not be controlled.
C The Spaniards often attacked and burned settlements.
D The Lord Proprietors went bankrupt.
18. How did the buccaneers earn a living on Tortuga?
- A catching conch and crawfish
B hunting wild cattle and trading in skins
C mining for gold
D pearl fishing
19. Which three islands were represented in the first House of Assembly?
- A Abaco, Eleuthera and New Providence
B Eleuthera, New Providence and Spanish Wells
C Eleuthera, New Providence and Harbour Island
D Grand Bahama, Harbour Island and New Providence
20. Which hotel was used to make business deals during the alcohol smuggling era?
- A The Colonial Hotel
B The Fort Montagu Hotel
C The Lucerne Hotel
D The Royal Victoria Hotel

MAP OF THE WORLD



SECTION B**MATCHING MAP WORK (5 marks)**

Look at the map of The World and match the correct letter in Column B with the correct number in Column A. Each correct answer is worth 1 mark.

| Column A | Column B |
|----------|---|
| _____ | 1. Continent A. Bering |
| _____ | 2. Peninsula B. Tropic of Cancer |
| _____ | 3. River C. Korean |
| _____ | 4. Sea D. Europe |
| _____ | 5. Line E. Nile |
| | F. North |
| | G. Orinoco |
| | H. Asia |
| | I. Equator |
| | J. Malay |

SECTION E

SOURCE BASED QUESTIONS (20 marks)

There are four questions in this section: E (i) E (ii) E (iii) and E (iv).

Answer TWO questions ONLY. The questions are divided into several parts. The maximum mark for each part is shown in brackets [].

Question E (i)

Study Source C and D. Then answer ALL the questions.

Source C: The Royal Bahamas Police Force

We need law enforcers to make sure that the laws are obeyed. People who break the law are committing a crime. In The Bahamas, one group of law enforcers are the Royal Bahamas Police Force, established in 1840. It is the duty of the police to arrest people who commit a crime and to bring them to court.

From: Primary Social Studies & Tourism Education for The Bahamas, Bk 6, 1996.

Source D: Honour Guards



From: A History of The Royal Bahamas Police Force.

- (a) Who is the present Commissioner of The Royal Bahamas Police Force?

[1]

- (b) List **TWO** qualifications needed for one to become a member of the Police Force.

[2]

- (c) Explain **THREE** ways in which citizens can assist the police.

[3]

- (d) "The policeman is a friend of society". Do you agree or disagree with this statement? Explain your answer fully.

[4]

Question E (ii)

Study Source E and F. Then answer ALL the questions.

Source E: Types of Industries

Industries produce goods and services. They are generally classified as primary secondary and tertiary. They are also sometimes classified as "light" and "heavy". The monetary value of the total goods and services produced by the economy of a country is referred to as the gross domestic product.

From: The Caribbean & the Wider World

Source F: A waiter at an Hotel

From: The Caribbean & the Wider World

- (a) The second largest industry in The Bahamas is

- [1]

- (b) What is meant by the term "primary" industry?

- [2]

- (c) Give an example of the three divisions of industries and identify the type found in The Bahamas.

| INDUSTRY | NAME | TYPE |
|------------------|---------|----------------------------|
| Example: Primary | Fishing | Commercial and Subsistence |
| (i) | | |
| (ii) | | |
| (iii) | | |

[3]

- (d) Should a country have more than one major industry? Justify your answer.

[4]