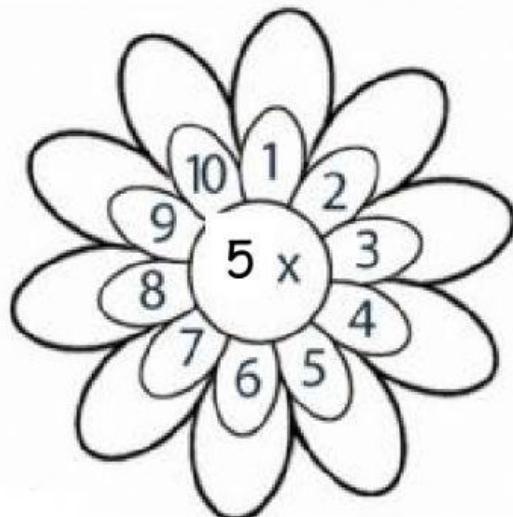
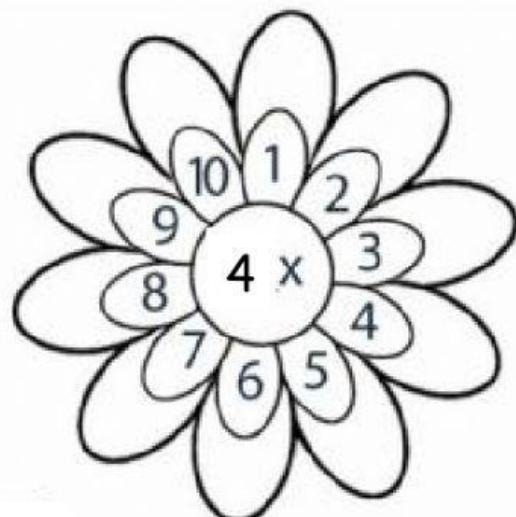
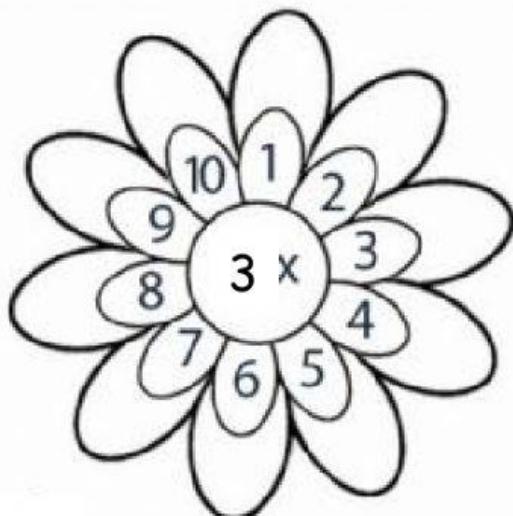


Unit 10 review

Multiplication



$20 \div 5 = \underline{\quad}$

$28 \div 4 = \underline{\quad}$

$18 \div 2 = \underline{\quad}$

$27 \div 3 = \underline{\quad}$

$40 \div 8 = \underline{\quad}$

$36 \div 9 = \underline{\quad}$

Write the missing product in the highlighted squares.

\times	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1										
2										
3										
4										
5										
6									54	
7										
8										
9										
10										

To find the product I
must do 6×9 or $9 \times$
6.

Remember we can
multiply in any order!

Choose one of your answers and write the fact family.

$$\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad} \qquad \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

$$\underline{\quad} \div \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad} \qquad \underline{\quad} \div \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

1 Complete these rows from the multiplication square.
Think about how you can use one row to help you complete another row.

x	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2										
4										
8										

2 Use the multiplication grid in question 1 to help you find the numbers in the fact family for 32. Write the fact family.

$$\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

$$\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

$$\underline{\quad} \div \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

$$\underline{\quad} \div \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

Sequences

To complete a sequence first, we must work out what the term to term rule is.

Example: 18, 27, 36, , , .

If we look at the numbers we can see we need to add 9 each time.

So, the term to term rule is count in 9's.

The missing numbers in the sequence are: 18, 27, 36, **45, 54, 63**.

Try these

8, 12, 16, , ,

Term to term rule is

18, 23, 28, _____, _____, _____

Term to term rule is

83, 91, 99, _____, _____, _____

Term to term rule is

75, 70, 65, _____, _____, _____

Term to term rule is