

CONNECTORS (=LINKERS) and USEFUL EXPRESSIONS

Connectors of result	Used to express consequence or result 1. In consequence, 2. Consequently, 3. As a result, 4. As a result of 5. For this reason, 6. So 7. Thus, 8. Therefore, Complete the sentences using different linkers It was raining. I was tired, He trained a lot. We were hungry,
Not only ... but also...	Used to express two facts of the same kind (either positive or negative) It can be used in formal language. Look at these examples: The war caused not only destruction but also hatred between neighbours The car is not only economical but also feels good to drive He's not only poor but also unemployed He speaks German not only naturally but also fluently She not only dances extraordinarily but also sings beautifully To add emphasis, we use not only + inversion at the beginning of a sentence. Inversion means we use the structure of a question. Not only <u>was it</u> raining at the wedding but also the band was late Not only <u>will I</u> paint the façade of the house but also indoors On a rainy day, not only <u>must I</u> exercise at home, but I also can't walk the dog (=...but also I can't walk the dog) (the former is more common when speaking)  Two negative sentences are considered an error. *Not only did she not have any experience but she also did not have the education We need to rephrase Not only was she lacking in experience but also in education

Not only ... but also...

Practice. Transform using the inversion form.

She not only dances extraordinarily but also sings beautifully

Not only extraordinarily but also sings beautifully

I speak not only German, but also Dutch

Not only German, but also Dutch

Join this sentence into two different ways (emphatic and non-emphatic)

They like to train hard at the gym. They follow a healthy diet

Emphatic: a healthy diet

Non-emphatic: They a healthy diet

REVIEW. CONNECTORS OF CONTRAST

However, ...	Statistics are not really favourable yet. However , we are optimistic
Nevertheless, ...	The movie was predictable. Nevertheless , I found it hilarious.
Despite this, ...	She was really sick. Despite this , she went to work
In spite of this, ...	We had an awful date. In spite of this , I still like him
Still, ...	I know he's rich. Still , he leads a humble life
Yet... (no comma)	She dropped out of school before 16, yet she's successful in business

These connectors are placed after a pause; normally a semi-colon (;) or a stop (.)

Although	Although it was too long, I enjoyed the film (comma)
Even though	I enjoyed the film although it was too long (no comma)

These connectors are placed at the beginning or in mid-sentence.

Though can be placed at the beginning, at mid-sentence, and at the end of a sentence.
The film was too long. I enjoyed it, **though**

Pauses are important, so use them whenever necessary.

Rephrasing. Rewrite these sentences using the word given in a way both sentences mean the same.

Statistics are not really favourable yet. However, we are optimistic (although)

=we are optimistic

She was really sick. Despite this, she went to work. (still)

=she went to work.

The movie was predictable. Nevertheless, I found it hilarious. (although)

=I found it hilarious

Although it was too long, I enjoyed the film (despite this)

= I enjoyed it