

HOMEWORK Unit 9

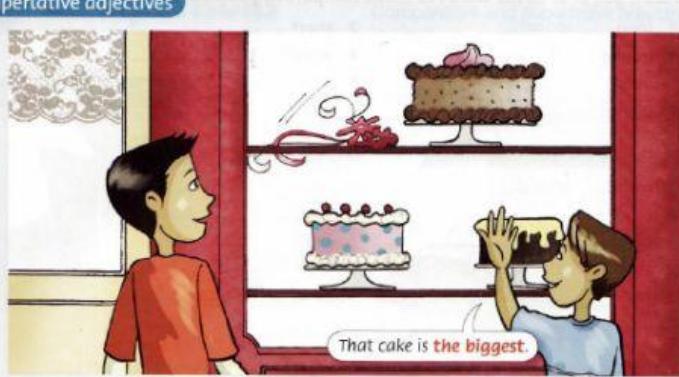
Comparatives & Superlatives

Comparative adjectives



Generally, we add **-er** to the end of short adjectives to form the comparative.

Superlative adjectives



To form the superlative of short adjectives, we add **-est** or **-st**.

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
long	longer	longest
small	smaller	smallest
high	higher	highest
short	shorter	shortest
deep	deeper	deepest
slow	slower	slowest

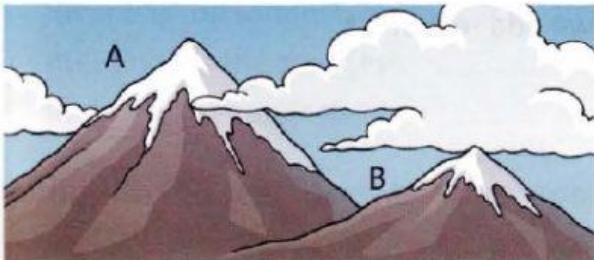
1 Write the comparative adjectives.

1 small	<u>smaller</u>	2 tall	<u></u>
3 loud	<u></u>	4 long	<u></u>
5 quiet	<u></u>	6 big	<u></u>
7 slow	<u></u>	8 high	<u></u>
9 fast	<u></u>	10 short	<u></u>
11 old	<u></u>	12 young	<u></u>

2 Write the superlative adjectives.

1 small	<u>the smallest</u>	2 tall	<u></u>
3 loud	<u></u>	4 long	<u></u>
5 quiet	<u></u>	6 big	<u></u>
7 slow	<u></u>	8 high	<u></u>
9 fast	<u></u>	10 short	<u></u>
11 old	<u></u>	12 young	<u></u>

3 Write sentences, using the comparative adjective of the word in brackets.



1 (high) A is higher than B.



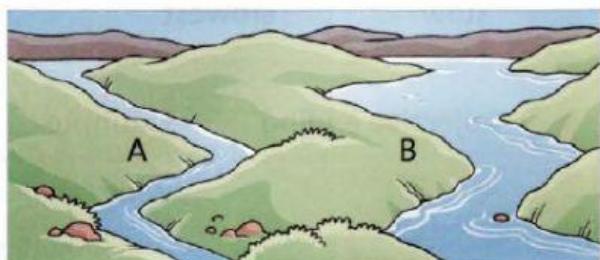
3 (big) _____



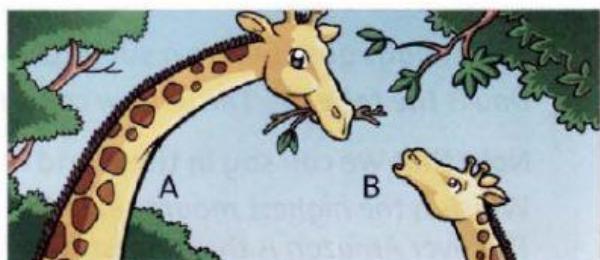
5 (quiet) _____



2 (old) _____



4 (wide) _____



6 (tall) _____

4 Complete the sentences. Use a comparative or superlative form, and add **than** if necessary.

1 Mountain A is higher than Mountain B, but Mountain C is the highest.

2 River D is _____ River E, but River F is _____.

3 Building G is _____ Building H, but Building I is _____.

4 Mountain A is _____ Mountain B, but Mountain C is _____.

5 River D is _____ River F, but River E is _____.