

\_\_\_\_ 1. The mass of a molecule is found by

- adding the masses of all the atoms in the molecule.
- dividing the total mass of all the atoms in the molecule by  $6.022 \times 10^{23}$ .
- multiplying the total mass of all the atoms in the molecule by  $6.022 \times 10^{23}$ .
- dividing the total mass of all the atoms in the molecule by the total number of atoms.

\_\_\_\_ 2. For any molecule, formula unit, or ion, the sum of the average atomic masses of all the atoms represented in a formula is the

- formula mass.
- ionic mass.
- molecular mass.
- atomic mass.

\_\_\_\_ 3. What is the correct formula mass for zinc hydroxide,  $\text{Zn(OH)}_2$ ?

- 83.41 g
- 99.41 g
- 83.41 amu
- 99.41 amu

\_\_\_\_ 4. One mole of potassium atoms has a mass of

- 1 g.
- 39.10 g.
- 78.20 g.
- $6.022 \times 10^{23}$  g.

\_\_\_\_ 5. A compound's molar mass is numerically equal to

- the total number of atoms in the molecule.
- the total number of moles of the compound.
- its mass number.
- its formula mass.